

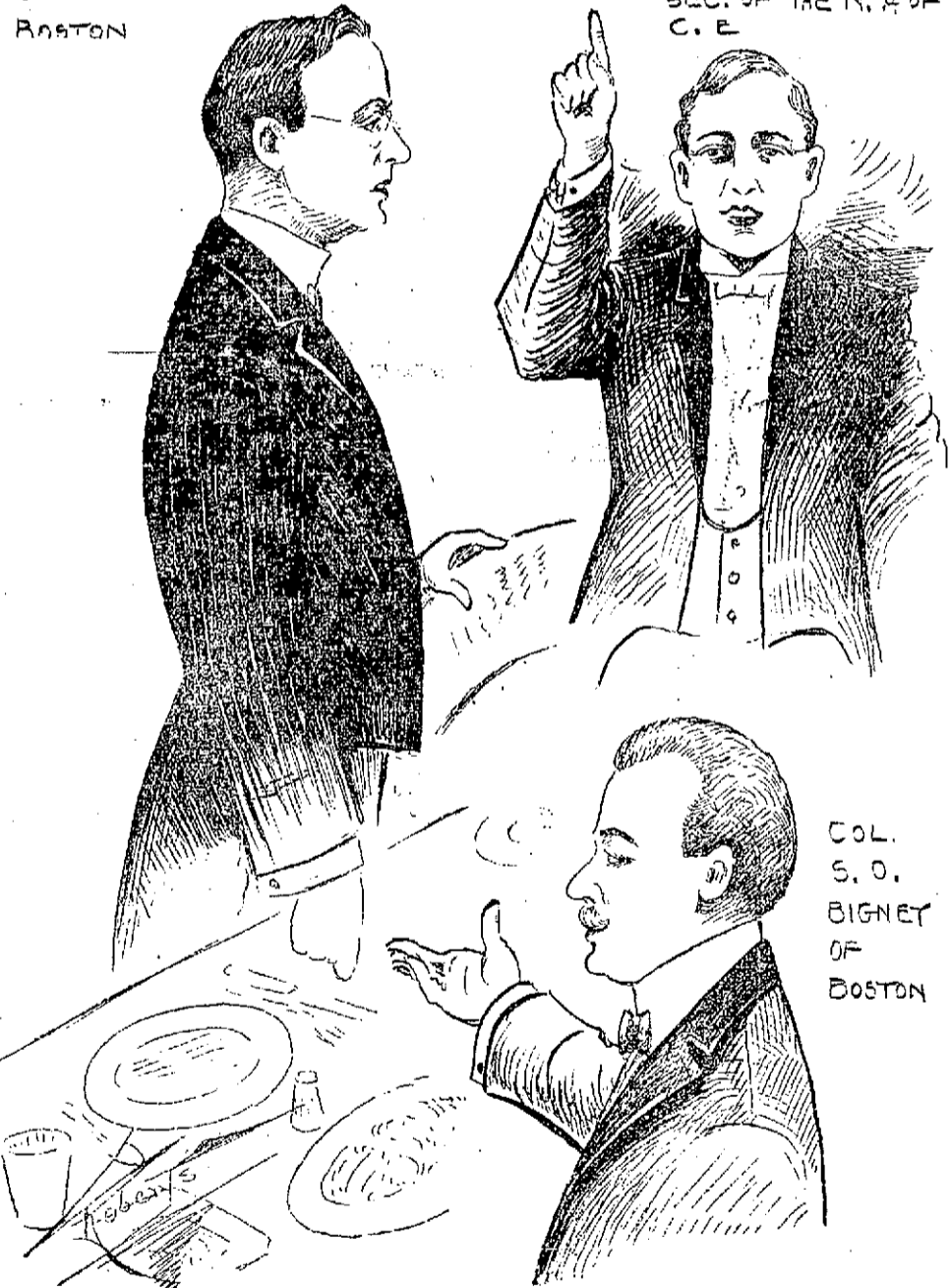
THE BIG STRIKE MAY SPREAD

LOWELL'S WELFARE

Keynote of Addresses at the 23rd Annual Banquet of Board of Trade

JOHN S. SCHUMACKER
OF
BOSTON

WOODWORTH CLUM
OF ROCHESTER, N. Y.
SEC. OF THE N. A. OF
C. E.



SKETCHES OF THE OUT-OF-TOWN SPEAKERS AT THE BOARD OF TRADE BANQUET LAST NIGHT.

Mayor Meehan, Rev. Dr. Keleher, Woodward Clum, of Rochester, N. Y., John S. Schumacker, of Boston, and Col. Bigney, of Attleboro, Made Interesting Addresses, Pointing the Way Toward a Bigger, Better, Busier and More Beautiful Lowell

The 23rd annual banquet of the board of trade, held in Lincoln hall last evening, proved to be anything but a skidoo occasion, for it was the biggest and most successful event of its kind in the history of the organization.

There were 880 members present, including many of Lowell's most prominent citizens. The mill treasurer and merchant prince rubbed elbows with the overcoat and small storekeeper, all joined with a common spirit of enthusiasm for the advancement of Lowell.

Some of the speakers referred to the fact that it was the 23rd annual banquet and Woodward Clum of Rochester, N. Y., sounded the watchword of the occasion when he said: "Let 23 be a symbol; let it be 23 for quality, 23 for alertness, and all get together for the promotion of Lowell."

The members assembled at 6 o'clock, and the guests of the evening stood in receiving line in the balcony. During

the reception and at the banquet Hubbard's orchestra gave a pleasing program. At each plate was a "Board of Trade Song" sheet, containing the words of the latest popular songs, a neatly designed roster of the board and a copy of the Board of Trade magazine. The songs were sung with great gusto by the guests, with John J. Dunton as soloist, and J. A. Hunnewell of the Lowell Electric Light company "leading the choir." Among the selections were

Continued to page three

TOWN OF DRACUT

Elects Jeremiah O'Sullivan as Counsel

Lawyer Jeremiah O'Sullivan of this city was chosen counsel for the town of Dracut at a meeting of the board of selectmen of that town, held last night. Mr. O'Sullivan is a promising young



LAWYER JEREMIAH O'SULLIVAN

lawyer of this city and the special training which he received at Boston university and at the Harvard Law School makes him particularly adapted for the work of town counsel.

Dr. William S. Eaton was re-appointed inspector of meat and cattle.

BUILT BONFIRE

Girl Then Walked Into the Blaze

NEW YORK, March 16.—Esther Kaplan, 17 years old, built a bonfire of newspapers and refuse on the lawn of Tompkins square park on the lower East Side today and deliberately walked into the blazing pile. A moment later she was dragged away and the flames which had communicated to her clothing were beaten out by a policeman before fatal burns had resulted.

The girl's incoherent singing and her cries "I'm purging myself of sin!" led the officers to suspect that she was the victim of religious mania.

STEAMER LOST

Crew and Passengers Numbered 52

AMSTERDAM, March 16.—The first traces of the Dutch liner Prinz Willem II, since she was reported as missing, were picked up at sea near Belle-Ile off the coast of France today and leave no doubt regarding the fate of the vessel. A lifebuoy and a boat's oar bearing the ship's name were first found near Belle-Ile. Subsequently a propeller blade and a name board evidently belonging to the mail steamer were washed ashore at a neighboring island.

The Prinz Willem II of the Royal Dutch West Indian mail line sailed from Amsterdam for West Indian ports and New York on Jan. 21. The crew and passengers numbered 52.

CARD OF THANKS

We desire to thank friends and neighbors for their acts of kindness and sympathy to us in our recent bereavement and those who sent flowers.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Cooney and family.

IMPORTANT MEETING

Celie Associates, tomorrow, St. Patrick's night, at their hall on Market street. All members requested to be present.

(Signed) SECRETARY.

ESTABLISHED 1884

James F. O'Donnell
& SONS
UNDERTAKERS

Special attention given to the care of bodies from hospitals in Boston, Worcester, Danvers and Lowell. A chapel where services may be held, or bodies kept, if desired. Telephone: office 439-3; residence, 439-5.
310-321 Market St., Cor. North

THE LABOR UNIONS

Are to Vote on the Question of General Strike

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.—Disparaging of making further progress toward a settlement of the street car men's strike through conferences with George H. Earle, one of the city's representatives on the board of directors of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit company the committee of ten today renewed its efforts to make the general strike so effective that the transit officials would be forced to come to a satisfactory settlement with the striking motormen and conductors.

Carrying out the action taken by the state federation of labor at its convention at Newcastle last week, State President E. E. Greenawalt has sent out a call for a vote on a strike. The call, after reviewing the strike, says:

"E. E. Greenawalt, president of the state federation of labor, hereby sends forth this call in every local affiliated with the federation in Pennsylvania. That they immediately take a general strike vote and hold themselves in readiness to respond to the general strike call when it is issued."

As president of the state federation, Greenawalt is empowered to call a general strike in Pennsylvania if he deems the move necessary.

The traction officials claim that the strike would have been over by this time if false hopes had not been instilled into the minds of men by conferences, at one of which President Kruger of the traction company welcomed a return of many of his old men. The company has announced that men with good records can still return and although they will be permitted to retain membership in any union they choose they will not be allowed to wear the big buttons which marked the union men before the present strike.

President Mahon has returned to his home in Detroit, but is expected to return to this city on Friday.

The influences which secured the meeting between Mahon and Kruger have not abandoned hope of finding

some solution which will meet with the approval of both the strikers and the company.

There was very little change in the general situation today. Although some of the sympathetic strikers returned to work, other men joined the strike and the affected trades were not relieved to any extent. Very little progress has been made in the attempt to tie up the grocery, milk and bread business as only a small number of employees in these lines of trade obeyed the order to strike.

GENERAL STRIKE VOTE ORDERED TO BE TAKEN

PHILADELPHIA, May 10.—The conferences with George H. Earle have not resulted in any plan or suggestion for the settlement of the car men's strike, and negotiations are therefore to be considered ended, was the official statement issued last night by the general strike committee of 10.

President Greenawalt of the State Federation of Labor last night issued a call to labor unions in all parts of the state to take a general strike vote and hold themselves in readiness to respond to a call for a state-wide sympathetic strike, which was authorized at the recent convention of the State Federation of Labor held in Newcastle, Pa.

There was no change in the general strike situation yesterday. While there were a number of defections in the strikers' ranks, these, it was stated by the labor leaders, were more than counterbalanced by accessions to their ranks.

The Kensington textile district remains practically tied up and the workers in this district were joined last night by 400 grocery clerks, most of whom were employed in the syndicate stores in that locality.

The rapid transit company main-

tains that its service daily is growing better.

An unidentified woman was struck by a car at 6th and Arch streets yesterday and instantly killed. The chauffeur failed to make a general response to the new call for a sympathetic strike and many of the public taxicabs continued in operation. Officials of the transit company expressed their displeasure at Director Earle for placing President Kruger in a position of treating with the striking motormen and conductors. A representative of the company declared:

"If there was any chance—and there really appeared to be a good one yesterday—of clearing this situation and ending this strike by tomorrow night, it has been totally killed by the action of George H. Earle and Edward Lowber Stokes."

William H. Shelmier, a member of the rapid transit directorate, said:

"The members of the board are very much displeased with Mr. Earle's attempting to negotiate a settlement of the strike. Mr. Earle has placed the board in a very embarrassing position. Mr. Kruger attended the conference under a misapprehension. Had he understood the reason for the call to Mr. Earle's office and had he known whom he was to meet there, he would not have gone."

FUNDS FOR STRIKERS SOLICITED IN BOSTON

BOSTON, March 16.—To the merry music of a burly gurdy, representatives of the Philadelphia striking street car men passed through the streets of the North and West Ends last night's soliciting funds for the strikers. They claim to have met with a ready and generous response.

Today the union newboys of the city will bear placards stating that 25 per cent of their day's receipts will be sent to the Philadelphia strikers.

LOWELL REFORM CLUB

There was an unusually large attendance at the business meeting of the Lowell Reform club in the quarters, Central Savings bank building, last night.

There was a class initiation of eighteen members, the result of the good work done at the public meeting addressed by Probation Officer E. F. Shattery, when twenty-two young men signed the pledge last week. Great enthusiasm prevailed among the members at this large increase in membership at one meeting. The success of the public meeting of last week was due largely to the efforts of Vice President McKabb, chairman of the committee, to President Maguire and Ex-President Dodge. E. M. Bowers was treasurer of the committee.

A rising vote of thanks was tendered the merchants and others who so kindly donated the prizes for the prize-drawing and smoke talk last week.

A whilst tournament in which several teams will engage is to begin next Saturday evening. A special committee reported that the summer camp of the L. E. C. would be at Mount Pleasant, near Varnum's Landing, where a cottage recently built and newly furnished has been secured for the club members for the season.

A pleasing feature of last evening's meeting was the presentation to Mr. Chas. Thompson, the club's "musician," of a signed ring. The presentation was

made by Ex-President C. H. Dodge, who spoke of the high esteem in which Mr. Thompson was held by every member of the club and wished him God-speed in his new venture. Mr. Thompson was taken completely by surprise, but in well chosen words, expressed his appreciation and thanks to the Reform club for its kind remembrance.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS

To be Installed in North Chelmsford

North Chelmsford is about to have a great white way for this morning the selectmen signed a contract changing the electric lights in the North village from 25 to 40 candle power and adding eight lights on the Groton road from the junction to the turn-out. The selectmen also signed a contract for electric lights in West Chelmsford.

SECY BALLINGER SPOKE

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 15.—Secretary of the Interior Ballinger was the principal speaker on the program of the afternoon session of the first Minnesota conservation and agricultural congress which began here today.

Necessity of House Wiring

Electric wiring has become a necessity because so many ordinary things can't be done without electricity. You deprive yourself of the simplest comforts when you hesitate to wire your house. This becomes more true each year. Don't delay.

The Lowell
Electric Light
Corporation

50 CENTRAL STREET

Anniversary Sale of NECKWEAR

Tomorrow we shall offer three lots of brand new neckwear ideas at a special price in honor of our first anniversary.

THE "CHANTECLER," the new Parisian scarf.
THE "EMERALD," a fashionable green.
THE "PANELLA," a new tubular scarf, paneled one side, plain the other—including all the good colors. Special price this week.

D. S. O'Brien Co.

222 MERRIMACK STREET

35c

THE POLICE BOARD

Granted a Number of Minor Licenses

The board of police met in regular session last night and transacted nothing but routine business during the regular opening meeting. There was considerable business to be gone through, however, and the session of the board proved to be a long one.

Action was taken on the following licenses:

Licenses granted to sell ice cream, confectionery, soda, etc.—Barth S. V. Hunt, 43 Columbian street; Geo. H. Miller, 205 Bridge street; Chas. H. Smith, 268 Thorneike street.

Common victualler licenses granted—Kyrlees Katsarchis, 599 Market street; Emerson N. Rubarge, 482 Merrimack street.

Hawkers and peddlers' licenses granted—Peter Spanous, 5 Fenwick street; Theodore Pepin, 31 Hanover street; Merens Georgiades, 155 Market street; John P. Quinn (three, H-

enses), 227 Gorham street; Isaac Sen-

nova, Dracut, Mass.

License to operate a job wagon—

Wm. Pringle, 1282 Lawrence street.

Theatre license—Harriot & Topjian

(The Jewel), 488 Merrimack street.

On petition of Dr. Samuel Patermann,

Paul Daignault was appointed special

police officer, without pay from the city.

for Litchfield terrace, Walker street.

Billiards and pool license—Kyriacos

Katsarchis, 599 Market street.

License to operate a fish cart—W. H.

Lacey, 46 Victoria street.

Leave to withdraw was voted in the

cases of the following applicants:

To sell ice cream, etc.—Annie L. Dil-

lon, 125 Andrews street; Coriella Bois-

vert, 34 Adams street; Jos. A. Lemont,

9 Montan street; Chas. T. Snowman,

332 Main street; Adele Tessier, 26

Coolidge street; Lizale Moriarty, 509

Lawrence street; August Pearson, 563

Gorham street; Donibick Savare, 7

Thorneike street; Thos. W. Blair, 51

Floyd street; Kevork Surabian, 31

Bridge street; Pelonika Gaudette, 167

Perkins street; Mrs. M. W. Malloux,

62 Cabot street.

Billiards and pool—John P. Coutakas,

599 Market street.

Surrendered and cancelled:

Common victualler—James T. Wall-

work, 482 Merrimack street; John

O'Donnell, 20 Gorham street; Diakou-

nis Koumoutouras, 599 Market street.

A sixth class liquor license was

granted to Wm. A. Burton, of the firm

of Hall & Lyon company, 67 and 69

Merrimack street.

ROADS COMMITTEE

WILL COME TO LOWELL TOMOR-

ROW MORNING

Senator Joseph H. Hibbard will ex-

pect the committee on roads and

bridges of the legislature to Lowell to-

day, from Lawrence tomorrow, to

look over the proposed highway be-

tween the two cities and some state

highway in North Chelmsford.

The committee went to Lawrence to-

day to look over a bridge proposition

there, and will leave for Lowell at 5:15

o'clock Thursday morning, arriving

here a little after 9 o'clock. The trip

in the electric will give the members

a chance to look over the proposed

river route in good style.

Arriving in Lowell, they will enter

automobiles and go back to First street

to look over the highway there, which

may make trouble for the river route

plans. Then they will go to Dracut to

look at the Black North road, hurrying

from there up the Princeton boulevard

to North Chelmsford to investigate the

uncompleted piece of state highway

which is hoped will be built between

that town and Tyngsboro some day in

the near future.

Coming down on this side of the

river, they will take lunch at the Coun-

try club at 11 o'clock, going from there

back to Lawrence in the early after-

noon by automobile, by way of the

Navy Yard, the "Yellow Meetinghouse"

and the Black North road.

From Lawrence the committee will

return to Boston by train in time to be

on Beacon hill for the afternoon ses-

sion.

O'SULLIVAN TROPHY

FOR MILITARY HIKE FROM BOS-

TON TO LOWELL

Humphrey O'Sullivan has the milita-

ry trophy for the army going over the

offer of a easily and beautiful trophy to

the military company making the best

time on the road from Boston to Low-

ell, in heavy marching order. The con-

test is open to every company in the

state, each company to be represented

by not more than eight men. The con-

testants are not bound down to any

rules, except that they must be in

heavy marching order, and must not

ride at any stage of the journey. Both

running and walking are permitted. A

date has not been set as yet, but the

contest will come off just as soon as

the condition of the roads makes it

possible.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Court Mi-

chael, Foresters of America, was held

Monday night, Chief Ranger James J.

Dunn presiding. The class initiation

was held.

Ladies of the G. A. R.

Betsy Ross circle, 24, Ladies of the

G. A. R. held its regular meeting last

night at 233 Central street. Consider-

able business was disposed of, after

which a supper and entertainment

were given. It is proposed to run a

whist party in the near future.

Knights of Pythias

The regular meeting of S. H. Hines

lodge, No. 26, K. of P., was held last

evening. Brother Carlan of Highland

lodge, Bridgeton, Me., was reported

sick at the Lowell General hospital

and the relief committee of ward 7

was instructed to attend to him. The

rank staff took the floor and gave an

exhibition drill, after which the rank

staff adjourned.

Is Your Life Worth Living?

When the liver refuses to perform its

functions of secreting bile, and the bowels

become inactive and loaded with foul waste

materials, the effect on the mind is most

distressing. Gloomy forebodings drive out

the sunshine. You are nervous and fret-

ful. Life is not worth living. What ails

you? It's your liver on a strike. Con-

gested, torpid, sulky, it refuses to perform

its functions.

What's to be done? Take one or two

Smith's Pineapple and Bitternut Pills after

dinner and again at night. In the morning

you will feel different. The sun will shine.

What's the reason? Your liver has re-

sumed business, that's all. These won-

derful little pills have set it going. With

clear brain, keen appetite, you will enjoy

life again. Take one occasionally for a

week or so and your blood will be purged

of impurities and its bright red flood will

carry health to your finger tips. Physicians

use and recommend. They form no habit.

You should always keep them on hand.

These little Vegetable Pills will ward off

many ills.

To Cure Constipation

Biliousness and Sick

Headache in a Night, use

SMITH'S PINEAPPLE AND BITTERNUT PILLS

60 Pills in Glass Vial Also—All Dealers.

SMITH'S For Sick Kidneys

Biliousness, Rheumatism,

the one best remedy. Reliably

endorsed by leading physicians

and effective. Beware of

imitations. On the market 15 years, there

are over thousands of bottles of

original black packages, 60 cents.

Each box, 10 pills, 25 cents. All

druggists sell and recommend.

C. B. COBURN CO.,

DRAHNAF AUTO OIL

It is thin, pale, smooth running oil that does not solidify, chokes or gums, but keeps your car perfectly lubricated.

Chauffeurs of long experience say, "It is the best Auto Oil I have used."

Gallons 50c
5 Gallons 40c Gal.
Barrels 30c Gal.

GASOLINE

Our Motor Gasoline is thoroughly strained and gives a powerful, clean explosion.

63 Market Street

which comes on the last meeting of April was discussed at considerable length and there is every indication that the event will be a grand success. Officers nominated were: John H. Condon and James J. Martin. John H. Condon and James J. Martin were appointed a committee to look into the matter of holding a series of entertainments with a short time. Mr. Dunn gave an interesting talk on the court's progress and prosperity during the past year. At the close of the meeting a social hour was in order.

Odd Fellows

The regular meeting of Pilgrim Encampment, No. 4, I. O. O. F., was held Monday evening at the Centralville Odd Fellows hall. The regular business was transacted, a proclamation from the grand patriarch relative to the observance of the ninety-first anniversary of the order was read and interesting remarks were made by several visiting patriarchs.

Good Templars

Mr. Zion Lodge, I. O. G. T., observed the 29th anniversary of its organization, last night, at Good Templar hall in Gorham street. Supper was served during the evening and the evening and among the guests present were: Grand Chief Templar H. L. Phinney of Brighton; Grand Councilor James M. Craig of North Adams; Assistant Grand Secretary Mrs. Ida A. Tilton of Lowell; Mr. and Mrs. Albin Buchanan of Norwalk, Conn., who are still members of the lodge; Deputy Grand Chief Templar Robert Johnson of Reading; and several of the chief templars of the local lodges. The program which followed the business meeting later in the evening, was an informal one and consisted of musical numbers and specialties by the visiting officers.

The committee in charge consisted of: Robert W. Mountford, chairman; Mrs. Belle Edwards, Mrs. Elizabeth Brooks, Mrs. Ida Mountford and Mrs. Kate Higginbottom.

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What's to be done? Take one or two Smith's Pineapple and Bitternut Pills after dinner and again at night. In the morning you will feel different. The sun will shine. What's the reason? Your liver has resumed business, that's all. These wonderful little pills have set it going. With clear brain, keen appetite, you will enjoy life again. Take one occasionally for a week or so and your blood will be purged of impurities and its bright red flood will carry health to your finger tips. Physicians use and recommend. They form no habit. You should always keep them on hand. These little Vegetable Pills will ward off many ills.

To Cure Constipation Biliousness and Sick Headache in a Night, use

SMITH'S PINEAPPLE AND BITTERNUT PILLS

60 Pills in Glass Vial Also—All Dealers.

SMITH'S For Sick Kidneys

Biliousness, Rheumatism,

the one best remedy. Reliably

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original black packages, 60 cents.

Each box, 10 pills, 25 cents. All

druggists sell and recommend.

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

The Most Important Bargains From the Lowney Stock

WILL BE READY TOMORROW MORNING

Miss Lowney's infants' and children's wear stock was the largest and best selected in the city of Lawrence. It was the shopping place of particular mothers whose tender thoughts of their little ones' clothing prompted them to go where they were sure of a broad assortment of the best and prettiest things.

We bought this stock at much under 50c on the dollar and have marked it in such a manner that we shall offer you the

Greatest Values Ever Seen in Lowell and Vicinity For Infants' Wear

Every mother who reads the following items will be interested. The whole of our infants' wear section will be given over to the selling with plenty of extra salesladies to attend you.

DRESSES

Made from Lawns, Muslins, Silks, etc. Trimmed with ham-burges, lace insertion and ribbons, etc. Long and short dresses in every style.

FOR 15c We offer the 25c, 29c and 35c grades.
FOR 25c-33c We offer all 50c grades.
FOR 49c We offer \$1.00 and \$1.50 Dresses.
FOR 75c We offer Dresses worth \$1.25 to \$1.50.
FOR 98c We offer Dresses worth \$1.62 to \$2.50.
FOR \$1.25 We offer Dresses worth \$2.25 to \$2.98.
FOR \$1.49 We offer Dresses worth \$2.75 to \$4.00.
FOR \$1.98 We offer Dresses worth \$3.25 to \$5.00.

BONNETS

Several hundred to select from. Made of Silk Muslin, Bear Skin, Corduroy, Bedford Cord, etc. Trimmed and embroidered. At the following ridiculous prices:

FOR 10c We offer Bonnets which sold from 25c to \$1.75.
FOR 15c We offer 25c and 50c Bonnets.
FOR 29c We offer 50c, \$1.37 and \$1.75 Bonnets.
FOR 49c We offer 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50 Bonnets.
FOR 75c We offer \$1.50 Bonnets.
FOR 98c We offer \$1.98 Bonnets.

PETTICOATS

To go with long or short clothes. Lawn, Flannel and Flannel-ettes.

FOR 15c We offer the regular 25c Petticoats.
FOR 37c We offer Petticoats worth 50c, 50c and 60c.
FOR 49c We offer the \$1.00 Petticoats.
FOR 75c We offer the \$1.25 and \$1.50 grades.

Underwear and Knit Goods

Which includes Shirts, Bands, Booties, Sweaters, etc., are offered At About 1-3 of the Regular Prices

Don't Miss This Selling, You Who Buy for Little Folks, and Remember That in a Stock of This Kind Those Who Are First to Buy Get the Best Selection.

MERRIMACK STREET

BRIDGE

We Treat You 30 Days FREE



Blood Poison can never be cured with mercury or potash. You might as well know this fact as fast. Medical authorities say so. The most these drugs can do is to drive the blood poison back into the system and another it for several years. Then when you think you are cured, pitiful mercury symptoms will break out, and you find that

BOARD OF TRADE

Continued

"America." "Put on Your Old Gray Bonnet." "Gee, I Wish I Had a Girl," and "Rings on My Fingers."

At the head table were seated President Harvey B. Greene, Mayor John F. Meehan, Col. Sidney O. Bigney, Rev. C. E. Fisher, John S. Schumaker, A. G. Cumstock, Wm. F. Hills, Alderman Arthur L. Gray, Col. A. M. Chadwick, Woodworth Clum, Rev. D. J. Keleher, D. D. Alonzo G. Walsh, Jesse H. Shepard, Henry A. Smith, Edward B. Carney, Charles H. Conant and Elsieha J. Neale.

The divine blessing was invoked by Rev. Mr. Fisher.

PRESIDENT H. B. GREENE

The post prandial exercises were opened by President Greene, who spoke briefly and in congratulatory vein. President Greene spoke, in part, as follows:

"For many years the board of trade had a membership of about 177. This year we appointed a live membership committee which gathered in 250 names in six weeks. Our ambition is to have a membership roll of 750. Tonight we have 697. There is a growing civic spirit and pride that augurs well for the future."

With an increased membership there is an increased responsibility resting on all of us. We have but one axe to grind and that is the common good of the whole city. While talking with a

resident of Dracut a few days ago, a good republican, I was goodly commiserating with him on the fact that the democrats had won about everything in the town. "But," I added, "you have at least one thing to be proud of, the fact that the town went for no license." "Yes," he replied, "we're proud of that," and you know whom we have to thank for it? The Catholic priest at Collinsville. He did noble work." And there's the spirit of the board of trade. We forget our material positions, our religious and political affiliations, and come together as common citizens for a busier, better and more beautiful city."

The toastmaster in graceful remarks then introduced Mayor Meehan.

MAYOR MEEHAN

His Honor was warmly welcomed and he spoke in part as follows:

"Some time in the future, when men begin to think and appreciate public work tinged with no selfishness but that which home pride exacts, this board of trade will occupy that niche in the affections of the people to which it has long been entitled."

"An organization, purely civic in character, with no benefits, endowments or preferences for its members but what all the people share in, is the best insurance and protection for the home any municipality can have. Nearest and dearest to every man's heart is the health, contentment and prosperity of home. Eliminate any of those elements from the family shelter, and by just so much you rob a man of the power, inclination and ambition to perform his best work."

"What is true of the individual is true of a community, and an organization that is striving to give us better streets, better sewer, summer beautiful breathing spots, clean avenues and ways, efficient fire protection, ample police service, a public hall for public purposes, new and diversified industries, and withal striving to inculcate the wisdom of 'reasonable economy' in forming a work deserving of the thanks of every man, woman and child in our midst, for it is a work designed for the benefit, the betterment of that sacred place called home."

"Now and then questions of great national importance come nearer to that home and affect us more than we imagine, and the proposed amendment to the constitution to permit a federal tax now agitating the different states is of immense importance to all of us and should enlist the close attention and study of our board of trade. With out desiring to express an opinion for or against it on this occasion, it perhaps will not be out of place to say that if the amendment should be adopted it will probably be operative as long as the Union endures."

"About \$78,000,000 represents the real and personal property valuation of the city of Lowell, the product of the bone and sinew, the brain and morality, the industry and economy, the discipline and laudable conduct of all our people. To guard that treasure and add to it, if possible, is your plain duty and

THE STORE FOR FRESH, CLEAN, MERCHANDISE



Harmony in Dress Shows Good Taste

AND never was harmony in men's dress more necessary than now, with the prevailing shades and colors in this season's suits.

You will find in our furnishings department shirts, scarfs and socks in tints and shades to harmonize with your suits.

We Offer NOW

New styles in Coat Cut Shirts, cuffs attached, at\$1.50

Cravats, all shades, at50c
Soft, Silky Lisle Socks, every imaginable color, at per pair, ...25c

The Merrimack CLOTHING CO.

Across From City Hall.

self in a wilderness, the world will beat a pathway to his door. I take issue with Emerson on one point. The world will beat a pathway to his door, provided he advertises. No matter what your advantages may be, unless you go out and preach the gospel of Lowell, you cannot gain your end. Unless you get a publicity fund, you must take the back seat.

"I have not studied the 23 years of this board's history, but let that 23 be a symbol. Let it be 23 for apathy, 23 for disinterestedness and all get together for the promotion of Lowell."

"In the light of some experience let me say just a word about civic pride and dues in an organization. Depersonalize the organization. There is not an organization that meets with success unless it depersonalizes its membership. Adopt the Rochester slogan which would then be 'Lowell for Lowell.' If you don't think enough of your city to put aside personalities, you don't think much of your city. The matter of dues places civic pride on a beggarly basis. You can't do much with your \$5 a year membership. You will consider increasing your fee here."

"The city is a business corporation and it should be right for all taxpayers to pay their share of the cost of advertising the city. It has long been to be rented and merchants to be patronized. But from the members of the city's money to help pay for a promotional campaign. The time may not be ripe now, but soon it should be put before the city council to expend some money in advertising Lowell."

The board of trade is not an organization apart from the members thereof. You men here tonight control absolutely the commercial future of Lowell. Resolutions are fine, but don't let it stop there. If you gentlemen of Lowell will consider the responsibility and will give your president and secretary loyal support you will do that which makes your city prosperous."

The next speaker, an expert on combustion and smoke nuisance, John S. Schumaker of Boston, made an important address of great interest to the business interests of the city. He dealt with fuel economy and told of the uses of peat and how coal, by being combined with a proper amount of air, could be made practically smokeless.

The Fuel Question

Mr. Schumaker spoke as follows: It was with great pleasure that I received the invitation from your committee to speak here tonight, and for two reasons, first, Lowell is a great textile center and the textile industry is the great back bone of New England's manufacturing industries and so, presenting to the Lowell board of trade conclusions or opinions on a subject of general interest such as the fuel question, means presenting them to those men most deeply concerned in the industrial welfare of New England. Second, the Lowell board of trade is not essentially a engineering association, although it must number some able engineers in its membership. When, therefore, such an association submits to a half hour of discourse on a subject distinctly engineering and that too on the occasion of its annual festivity, it bespeaks a more than casual interest in the subject.

You gentlemen are particularly interested in three phases of the fuel question. First, the cost of fuel delivered to your boiler house. This is a phase of the question which must be treated by you in a large measure by acting collectively.

The fuel committee of the Boston chamber of commerce has recently compiled, and is able to furnish data and a map showing freight charges by various routes to points in New England. This is an excellent beginning for this side of the fuel question and further benefit along this line rests rather with the business man than with the engineer in obtaining a reduction in freight rates, if possible. The engineer is frequently called upon to pass judgment as to the relative merits of several different fuels. Trials of samples of these which consist simply of using each kind of coal for a short period and noting the coal used as against the work done are often grossly misleading. Each kind of coal may require a different furnace condition as regards air supply and distribution and it frequently happens that a better coal is rejected because it is not burned properly during the trial. Low grades of buckwheat coal have frequently replaced high grade bituminous coal because, upon such trials, they have shown a saving of fuel costs. In such cases the use of buckwheat coal has caused a radical change in furnace conditions which resulted in a higher furnace efficiency

while the bituminous coal had not been properly burned.

If the bituminous coal had been properly burned, it would probably have made a greater saving than the change to buckwheat and that without any added charge for change in equipment. There are other factors, however, that may affect the value of the various grades of coal, too complex to go into at this time. The safest rule to follow is to try that coal which contains the greatest number of B. T. U. per dollar paid, and, if it falls to give the expected economy in practice, call competent assistance to discover the reason why.

There is another direction in which we may look for a lower fuel cost in New England than the average New Englander is not at all familiar with. I refer here to the vast deposits of peat very uniformly distributed throughout New England. With the constantly increasing cost of coal, New England will find it more and more difficult to compete with other manufacturing centers more fortunately provided with a nearby fuel supply and it will find its salvation in these convenient deposits of peat. The United States Geological Survey has begun to investigate the peat deposits not only in New England, but throughout the country, as a possible future source of fuel. In New England, its greater need will bring its use the more quickly. It is not generally known that a vast extent peat is present in large deposits in New England, nor is it generally known what high fuel value it represents.

Proper Burning of Fuel

The second phase of the question which is, interesting to you is the proper burning of the fuel so that the maximum benefit may be derived from its use. And third, to burn the fuel smokelessly to the end that we may have a City Beautiful. Even this last deserves the attention of our distinctively commercial natures, for it cannot be denied that a beautiful city helps in some measure to pay dividends. These two phases of the subject I will speak of to some extent collectively.

In starting out to apply in a large commercial way the knowledge developed by two years of experimenting with fuel, it was found that the average fuel user was as reluctant to consider the reduction of his fuel bill, when this was to be accomplished without the use of some special device, as he would be to consider an offer of five dollar gold pieces for one dollar. This was due to the vast amount of misinformation that was and is extant both in print and from the lecture platform.

"It has been the general contention that the economic use of fuel is a question of firemen and that smokeless combustion is a question of special furnace design. How deeply the conviction is fixed, with the firemen resists the solution of the economic use of fuel, is evidenced by the recent report of the fuel committee of the Boston chamber of commerce. This committee recommended the establishment of some form of training school for firemen, so that they might become 'skilled firemen,' and advocated some form of agreement among employers whereby they would give the preference to these specially trained men. This idea is not undesirable, but it falls far short of meeting the needs of the situation."

The economic use and smokeless combustion of fuel rest entirely upon the conditions under which the combustion is carried on, and the average fireman's lack of "skill," so-called, does not affect these conditions in any measurable degree. His wild neglect may defeat the attempt at economic use and smokeless combustion of fuel, but his lack of so-called "skill as a fireman," never!

Smokeless combustion is dependent only upon a sufficient supply of properly distributed air and a certain relative thickness of fuel bed. This definition of the requirements for smokeless combustion, you will please note, makes it unnecessary to have any special or novel form of furnace. It may or may not consist of a fire brick structure. It may or may not consist of boiler heating surface, as in the locomotive type of boilers. Nor does this definition make it necessary to practice any so-called skillful method of introducing the fuel into the furnace. It follows, therefore, that any furnace may burn coal smokeless, but as the nature of its construction is concerned, and it is only necessary to provide a sufficient supply of properly distributed air to a proportioned thickness of fuel bed.

Economic Use of Fuel

Economic use of fuel is another matter, and does not necessarily follow when smokeless combustion is established. It is dependent upon the boiler as well as the furnace and either the boiler or the furnace may be the cause of the fuel waste, even though the fuel is being burned smokelessly. The maximum boiler and furnace economy is obtained when the fuel is completely oxidized with the minimum amount of air and the boiler is delivering the gases to the uptake at a minimum temperature. It will be evident then that both the economic use and smokeless combustion of fuel is dependent upon certain fixed conditions in the boiler plant relative to the supply and distribution of air to the furnace and upon a certain thickness of fuel bed. The burning of fuel is essentially a chemical process and must be treated as such whether it is carried on in a

OUR GREAT Style Exhibit

Is Now Going On

UNEXCELLED DISPLAY OF THIS SEASON'S AUTHORITATIVE STYLES IN

Tailored Suits, Coats, Gowns, Costumes, Waists Traveling Coats, Etc.

ALL ARE INVITED

Come for the first glimpse of the new fashions. Try them on. Look them over. See what is most becoming. Souvenirs.

New York Cloak and Suit Co.

12-18 JOHN STREET.

Do You Realize?

That despondency in women is a mental condition often traceable to some distinctly female ill!

Women who are well do not have the blues, neither are they irritable and restless. Derangement of the female organism breeds all kinds of miserable feelings such as backache, headache, and bearing-down feelings. Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. There is no doubt that it has made many remarkable cures of female ills after all other means had failed. There is hardly a day that some woman does not write us that this simple old medicine, made only of roots and herbs, has cured her of a severe illness.

Here are two such letters — read them — they are genuine and reliable.



Plateau, Pa.—"When I wrote to you first I was troubled with backache and was so nervous that I would cry at the least noise, it would startle me so. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies, and I don't have any more crying spells. I sleep sound and my catarrh is better, thanks to your advice. I will recommend your medicines to all sufferers."—Mrs. Mary Halstead, Plateau, Pa., Box 98.

Walcott, N. Dakota.—"I had inflammation which caused pains in my sides, and my back ached all the time. I was so blue that I felt like crying if any one even said 'How poorly you look to-day.' I wrote to you for advice and got it at once. I started to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Blood Purifier and Liver Pills, and I began to feel better and looked better before I finished the fourth bottle of medicine."—Mrs. Amelia Dahl, Walcott, N. Dakota.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.



HARNNESS

FOR ANYTHING

That can wear it is to be found here. Our line of

Single and Double Buggy Harness
Single and Double Delivery Harness
Single and Double Work Harness

Is the most complete in town. Every article is made of excellent material and the workmanship is of superior order.

Robes, Blankets and Stable Supplies

OUR PRICES ARE FIXED RIGHT FOR ECONOMICAL BUYERS

Donovan Harness Company

91 MARKET STREET

THE LOWELL NEST OF OWLS

Is the Largest in New England

Outside of Boston, and is still growing. Our members know that we have a good thing, and are hustling all the time. Another big initiation tomorrow (Thursday) evening in ELKS HALL, at 7.45 o'clock. Come early to this big meeting. Our quarters are cramped already. Every chair occupied. Must have a bigger hall if we keep on like this.

The Owls say "That no person is good and no one is bad. We are all GOOD and BAD."

The Owls teach the tenets of no faith. They interfere with no church. They advocate no creed. The Owls are bound to help each other in every way possible. Are you in trouble? Does danger threaten you? An Owl must be your friend, not your JUDGE.

THE BENEFITS

\$7.00 per week for thirteen weeks.

\$3.50 a week for thirteen weeks.

A death claim of \$100.

Free doctor. Free medicine.

Charter Fee \$5.00.

ELKS HALL, TOMORROW NIGHT

HECTOR TURNBULL, Rec. Sec.

ED. M. BOWERS, Pres.

HAVE YOU HEARD ABOUT THIS?
Dough rises best when made from

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

A trial will prove it
WASHBURN-CROSBY CO.

HALF OF ENTIRE NATION MAY BE TIED UP BY STRIKE OF WESTERN FIREMEN

BRYAN COLEMAN AN OLD RESIDENT

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Made a New Bowling Record | Funeral of Mrs. Hannah Sullivan Today |
|------------------------------|--|

men voted to go out are the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, E. P. Ripley president; the Chicago & Northwestern, the president of which is Marvin Hughtit, and the Great Northern, headed by Louis W. Hill, son of James J. Hill. Others on the long list are the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, the Chicago & Alton, the Illinois Central, the Northern Pacific, the Southern Pacific, the Union Pacific, the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, and the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific. At the head of the disaffected workers is W. S. Carter, president of the brotherhood, who is assisted by most of the country's organizers of railroad men. The points in dispute are increase in wages, the right of the union in questions of representation when a fireman has been promoted to an engine man or to another position over which another union claims jurisdiction and questions of seniority, or the promotion of new men over old time employees.

THE DELEGATES

THE DELEGATES

Of Division 8, A. O. H.
Chosen Last Night

At the meeting of Div. S. A. O. H., Monday night the hall was crowded and Pres. John C. Rourke occupied the chair. The principal business was the election of delegates and alternates to the coming county convention to be held in Cambridge one week from Sunday. The five officers of the division, John C. Rourke, Daniel F. Reilly, Nicholas Soraghan, Charles P. McGowan, and Thomas Dorsey will be the delegates and the alternates will be Michael Ryan, John F. Meehan, Michael Rogers, James O'Rourke and Patrick J. Mahoney. The hazing committee submitted a most encouraging report and stated that the members of Div. S. are leaving nothing undone to make the affair a great success. Six candidates were initiated and eighteen propositions were received. The following were elected: Officers—Remarks by John Barrett, Bro. Welch, P. J. Mahoney, Michael Ryan and President John C. Rourke.

FELL 15 FEET

FRANK CLARK DISLOCATED HIS
SHOULDER

The ambulance was called to the wood yard of John P. Quinn, yesterday afternoon, where Frank Clark of 141 Chapel street fell a distance of 15 feet dislocating his shoulder. He was taken to St. John's hospital.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

HAS. W. FAIRBANKS AND WIFE RETURNING FROM WORLD TOUR



NEW YORK, March 16.—Equaling in warmth if not in size the welcome to be extended to Colonel Roosevelt in June is the reception arranged to mark the return to America of his former associate in office, ex-Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks. Among the bodies which prepared to extend a hearty greeting to the returning Indiana and his wife was the Daughters of Indiana, a New York society, which included as a banquet at the Hotel Astor in its program. Since leaving the United States, shortly after the close of his term of office in March, 1908, Mr. Fairbanks has circled the globe, receiving in every country which he visited the most distinguished honora.

MONEY SENT ON

To Bring Players From California to Lowell

That the Lowell baseball association is not afraid to spend money to get a team here is evidenced by the fact that already it has paid out nearly \$400 just for transportation for the trio of ball players coming here from California. Campbell, the outfielder who is coming from Santa Cruz, wrote on that he must have transportation for himself and his wife and it was sent him and the receipt for the money has been received back by Manager Gray. W. S. Mosher also of Santa Cruz and Sherkey Conrad of San Francisco have also received their transportation.

Buckles, the 19-year-old California pitcher states that he cannot come east as his mother will not allow him and the mother wrote to Manager Gray to that effect but he has signed a contract and if he does not play with Lowell he cannot play in organized baseball at all.

New England league baseball will be much faster this season as the salary limit is higher and the managers have been enabled to book better players.

JUGULAR VEIN

Surgeons to Remove It From Boy

NEW YORK, March 16.—With only a small part of his jugular vein left after a recent operation, Harold Erickson, a 19-year-old boy, apparently is recovering at the Long Island college hospital, and surgeons intend to remove the remainder of the vein in a few days.

As the jugular is the main drainage vein from the head, so to speak, it had been thought that the operation could not be done, but the physicians are sanguine of success, believing that the smaller blood vessels can do the work. Medical men are watching the case with interest.

Erickson's trouble began four weeks ago with an acute earache. An operation on the ear disclosed a blood clot, which spread and necessitated the operation.

When the final operation is completed it is estimated that Erickson will have been under the influence of ether for 24 hours and actually under the knife for six hours. The boy realizes the dangerous nature of the operations, and has helped the physicians with a fine display of nerve and a cheery good nature.

POLICE OFFICERS SAFE IS LOOTED

Testify at Haverhill
Hotel Hearings

HAVERHILL, March 18.—The evidence against Pratt's How street hotel procured by the police was presented to the license commission last night, and the hearing was concluded, only to be followed by a second one on the charges against the new Gordon hotel, owned by Edward D. Heslton and A. C. Gordon.

In the Pratt case the evidence of Special Officer Harvey L. Tuck was to the effect that he had bought liquor at the hostelry on a Sunday without being served food. Patrolman Broderick testified that he had seen large crowds about the place, among them minors. Patrolman Blanchard also testified that his attention had frequently been called to the hotel because of boisterous times.

Attorney W. J. MacDonald in rebutting the case asked the license commission not to believe the testimony of the officers, uncorroborated, Owner Pratt and his bartender, Williams, both swore they had never sold liquor to Tuck.

The evidence against the new Gordon hotel was given by Deputy Marshal Hiram Pearson, Patrolman Richard Gridin and Special Officer Tuck. The two former testified that they had seen liquor served on a holiday and Sunday without food being served with it. Mr. Tuck said he bought a half pint without any trouble.

LOSS IS \$1800
FIRE IN TENEMENT HOUSE IN
MILTON

MILTON, N. H., March 16.--The double tenement house on Main street, owned by Charles Dyer, was totally destroyed by fire early yesterday afternoon. The blaze originated, it is thought, from a defective chimney. The household goods of the occupants were saved. The loss is \$1800, partly insured.

The dwelling of Frank Kenney, across the street, caught fire from flying sparks. At one time it was thought that the Milton hotel and other houses near would go, but the effective work of the firemen, aided by a large bucket brigade from the village, stopped the spread. This was the fourth fire that has caused damage to buildings within 20 rods of the Dyer tenement in the past nine months.

LOSS OF \$24,000,000

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The financial loss in the United States produced by tuberculosis in food-producing animals amounts to \$24,000,000 annually according to an estimate made in his annual report by Dr. A. D. Melvin, chief of the bureau of animal industry of the department of agriculture.

The book contains more than 630 pages and includes many important papers of scientific interest.


Loss of \$2800 Was
Discovered

BOSTON, March 16.--A number of thefts have occurred aboard the U. S. gunboat Castine since that ship arrived at the Charlestown navy yard some weeks ago. In several instances arrests have been made of members of the crew and punishment meted out.

Yesterday it became known that \$2800 was missing from the safe of paymaster Lawrence G. Haughey of the ship. The loss was discovered last week upon his return to the ship after a short absence because of sickness. He went to get some books locked up in the safe and found it had been looted and that \$2800 had been taken.

The loss was immediately reported and an investigation on the ship resulted in no clues. Monday the matter was officially reported to the navy department and yesterday Capt. John C. Fremont, U. S. N., commandant of the local navy yard, was directed to institute a vigorous investigation. He appointed Pay Director Charles S. Williams, Lieut. C. A. Gardiner and Assistant Naval Constructor Robert J. Hubbard of the yard as the investigating board and they are now at work

Paymaster Haughey says he has never given the combination of the safe to anyone. The safe is intact. As the money is Paymaster Haughey's own property any loss falls upon him and not the government.



ARROW COLLAR

with the Ara-Notch in
place of the bothersome

buttonhole 15c. each—2 for 25c.
 Cluett, Peabody & Co., Makers
ARROW CUFFS, 25c. a Pair

Bright, Sears & Co.
 BANKERS AND BROKERS
Wyman's Exchange
 SECOND FLOOR

WILL THESE STAR PLAYERS STAY OUT OF GAME ANOTHER SEASON?



Will another season pass without the fans on the big league circuit being able to witness the star catching of Johnny Kling, the Chicago National League great backstop, or the great batting of Mike Donlin of the New York Nationals? Recently it was thought that Donlin would attach his signature to a contract, but for some un-

known reason he did not and has announced that he will not play during the 1910 season. Killing has asked the national commission to reinstate him, so the chances are that he may wear a Cub uniform this year. As Donlin and Killing are two of the greatest players in the country, the fans are anxious to see them cavort in front of them once more.

SMOKE NUISANCE BOARD OF CHARITY

Alderman Brennen's Resolution Passed by Aldermen **Elected Martin F. Conley as Superintendent**

The clock in the steeple struck ten before Chairman Gray of the board of aldermen rapped that body to order last night. The members, numbering three times three, were all present, some of them in their best bib and tucker and fresh from the banquet hall of the board of trade where philanthropy and estates went hand in hand. The board of trade banquet was responsible for the related meeting of the aldermen, but they were all right and one could tell at a glance that they had been in good company. It was a late hour for the aldermen to get together but none of them shied at the mountain of business piled on the chairman's desk.

Among the important papers in that pile was Alderman Brennen's resolution for the abatement of the smoke nuisance in Lowell and the boys took kindly to it because they knew it was a good thing and that it means a whole lot for the "city beautiful" movement. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

A communication from the water board in which \$75,000 was shyly requested for a new pump for the Centralville pumping station was referred to the committee on appropriations. A new pump is inadequate and a new pump of the Holly pattern, it is stated, will mean a great saving on coal, a fact that has been demonstrated

by the Holly pump at the boulevard.

The appointment by the mayor of John A. Osgood to the board of health was tabled.

A petition asking an increase in pay for city laborers, making it \$2 instead of \$1.75 a day, was referred to the superintendent of streets. The democratic members of the board wanted the matter to go to the superintendent of streets with the board's approval of the increase but the republican members didn't seem inclined to do anything but refer it. The three democrats, Messrs. Brennen, Carmichael and Connors allowed that the aldermen, if they believed in the increase, should go on record and they expressed themselves as being heartily in favor of it.

Chairman Gray called to order at 10 o'clock. A petition for a pole location in Bartlett street was read and a hearing held. There were no remonstrants.

Assessments for sewer construction in Bennett, Bridge, Cornell, E. Hill, Marsh, Moore and State streets and Sixth avenue were approved. Some minor petitions were referred to the proper committees.

An ordinance amending the present ordinance and making the term of the city messenger three years instead of one year, was referred to the committee

Rep. Conley Will Resign From Legislature to Accept Position —Dr. McCarty Declared Mr. Conley as Experienced in This Department and Well Qualified to Fill It Acceptably

At a meeting of the board of charities held yesterday afternoon Rep. Martin F. Conley was elected superintendent of the board of charities department to succeed Solomon S. Mayberry. Mr. Conley will take office within a week or ten days. He will resign his position as representative. The year is so far advanced that a special election to fill Mr. Conley's place at the state house will not, it is said, be held.

Rep. Conley was a former member of the overseers of the poor, serving for two terms of two years each, and because of this fact he is familiar with the work in which he was always interested.

Yesterday's meeting of the board was called to order at 4.30, half an hour behind scheduled time.

The question of a night nurse at the city hospital was laid over to the next meeting, as was the question of ambulance surgeons. The renewal of the ambulance contract with Dr. Sparks was signed.

The bill of \$4286.92 from the Massachusetts home for the feeble minded, a copy of the original bill received since the last meeting of the board, was in evidence and the board voted to send it back to the home and request the authorities there to send it to the mayor and the city council. The board does not feel that the bill should be paid out of the ordinary appropriation.

Election of Superintendent

Mr. Coupe moved that the board proceed to the election of a superintendent of the board of charities department.

Before the motion was put Mr. Howe asked time for a few words. In part he said:

"This is one of the most important departments of the city and the work that may be accomplished depends largely upon the efficiency and competency of its chief officer, who is the superintendent. He should not be hampered politically or otherwise. I think the present superintendent, Mr. Mayberry, has done the best he could under the circumstances. I believe that he did all he was asked to do by any board.

"I am not in favor of a change unless the man to be elected is a thoroughly competent man. If a man qualified cannot be found in Lowell I would not hesitate to go to the state board of charities for such a man.

"I believe the superintendent should be a resident physician; he should live at the farm and be there at all times. I think that is the only way to do justice to the people there."

Dr. McCarty said, speaking in regard to a competent man, "I can say that we have a competent man and

one that I can stand behind. I have known him personally for twelve years and he has had experience even in this department. He is honest, sober and capable and he is blessed with a good wife who will be of great assistance to him; a gentle, charitably inclined woman possessing all the better instincts and they are both well suited to and well equipped for this important position. We will not have



REP. MARTIN F. CONLEY

to go out of Lowell for a competent, capable man."

When a vote was taken, Commissioners McCarty, Curran, Coupe and Ricard favored Representative Conley. Commissioner Howe not voting. When the vote was announced Commissioner Howe offered a motion that the selection be made unanimous and it was so voted.

On vote of the board it was decided to have three appraisers go over the stock on hand in the department, one representing Mr. Mayberry, another Rep. Conley, and the third the board. On the part of the board Chairman McCarty was chosen its representative in the work.

Adjourned.

tee on ordinances and legislation. The ordinance was introduced by Alderman Qua.

A communication from the water board asking for \$75,000 for a new pump for the Centralville pumping station was referred to the committee on appropriations.

A petition of John J. Shaw for permission to move building from Seventh to Read streets, was read and a



That bad morning taste comes from too heavy cigars.

The flavor of a cigar comes from the filler—the body. If the filler is good Havana tobacco, that is all that is needed for the real Havana "taste." That's what you get in

Blackstone Cigar (10c)
Quality Counts

An all-Havana cigar must be heavy because filler, binder and wrapper are all of strong Havana leaf. Smoke "Blackstone"—and you can smoke more, and feel less.

They are hand-made by union labor—all good cigar-makers belong to the union.

If your dealer can't supply you, write to us. WAIT & BOND, Inc., Boston, Mass.

Spring 1910 MILLINERY OPENING

Friday, March 18

Saturday, March 19

Soliciting the favor of a call from you, and assuring you of a hearty welcome. We are very truly yours

Head and Shaw

THE MILLINERS

169 MERRIMACK STREET

ers, according to a list he had received, were working many more hours per day. He believed the law is there to be obeyed, and couldn't see the necessity of its violation by any head of a department.

The Donnelly petition was then referred to the superintendent of streets without recommendation.

Alderman Brennen believed the laborers should receive \$2 a day regardless of how it should be brought about.

Alderman Dexter believed in a \$2 wage, providing it could be given without violating the city charter.

Adjourned.

The committee on printing, Ald. Gray, chairman; Ald. Wainwright and Councilmen Chapman, W. T. Davis and Gargan, met in the public reception room at city hall last night and voted to recommend the printing of 500 copies of the red books, so-called; 500 copies with leather and 100 with paper binding. The committee recommends bond paper and uniform type, and that the books be lettered as usual.

Holland shades laundered at Serhure's laundry, 25c. Tel. 1510.

MISS WHITTIER

Delivered Address at Whistler House

Miss Helen A. Whittier, formerly of this city, but now of Boston, spoke on "The Educational Work of the Boston Museum of Fine Arts" at the Whistler House last night. The lecture was illustrated and those who were fortunate enough to be present were given a rare treat. The affair was under the auspices of the Lowell Art association.

Miss Whittier said what was both significant and true, that people within reach of Boston do not yet seem to fully realize that the new museum is unique of its kind, and destined to become one of the famous buildings of its kind in the world. It represents an outlay of three million dollars up to date, and it has for years carried on a work that, while being of the greatest educational value, has received grants of money neither from city, state, but has maintained itself through private gifts and endowments. It is now rich in a magnificent new building and priceless art treasures, but as half a million dollars of its invested funds have been expended, it is poor in visible financial resources, and looks to a generous public support in the future to carry on its program of development.

In her talk, which was illustrated by slides loaned by the museum, Miss Whittier gave a general idea of the plan that has been followed in creating what is virtually a series of museums under one roof, and spoke particularly of the manner in which the ornamentation of the interior had been subordinated to creating a restful background for a proper setting of the many exhibits. The suggestions given were just what were needed to prepare one for a profitable visit to the museum.

R&G CORSETS

Faultless in every detail.

MISS OCKINGTON

Tendered a Reception to Her Pupils

Miss Ockington tendered a reception to her pupils at Associate hall last night. The affair was well attended and proved to be one of the social events of the year.

Fancy dancing was the feature of the affair and the costumes worn were in keeping with the graceful dancing of the participants.

Those who took part in the fancy dancing, were as follows: "Skirt Dance," Colla Crowe; "Will o' the Wisp," Mildred Tinker; "Polish Dance," Hazel Chamberlain; "Maid of the Mist," Esther Mulgrave; and, in the Swiss dance, Alexander Cruikshank and Miss Mildred Tinker; Master Daniel Potter and Miss Dorothy Pratt; Master Frederick Mulgrave and Miss Dorothy Coburn; Master Donald Adams and Miss Beryl Blair.

The grand march was led by Master Ronald Stevens and Miss Margaret Stevens, with Master Allan Adams and Miss Doris Wilson following.

The music was by the American orchestra.

At the close of the dancing for the little people, refreshments were served upstairs. Then followed general dancing. Mr. Clifford Bronson Carey was

COLD CAUSE HEADACHE
LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature E. W. GROVE, 25c.

McMANMON'S ANNUAL EASTER SHOW

is now on and anyone interested in flowering plants will not have to go to Boston for we have thousands of lilacs, roses, azaleas and lily-of-the-valleys in all varieties of colors. Call and see them this week or the first of next. Transfer on Lawrence car. We grow them.

Mary Dunlap-Leighton

DISPLAY OF

MILLINERY

Friday and Saturday, Mar. 18-19

CENTRAL BLOCK, TAKE ELEVATOR

Grand Exhibition of SPRING MILLINERY

Imported and Original Models

Thursday and Friday, Mar. 17-18

Ella M. Burke 20 PALMER STREET.

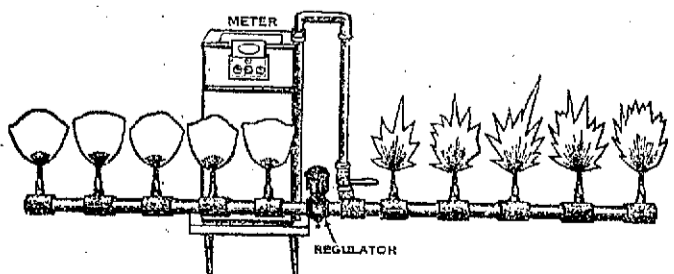
Carroll Bros.

PLUMBERS, STEAM FITTERS AND SHEET METAL WORKERS
38 Middle Street Telephone 1850

Materials for All Kinds of
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ALICE H. SMITH

CENTRAL BLOCK 53 CENTRAL ST.



MORE LIGHT, LESS COST

That's what the LABELLE PATENT means to you. It's simple and cannot get out of order. The moment that it's adjusted you begin to save 25 to 50 per cent. on your gas bill and at the same time your lights are brighter all over the house. The cost is only \$2. See the demonstration at

Labelle Gas Regulator Co.

FROM 10 A.M. TO 9 P.M.

4 MERRIMACK SQ., WITH WILSON COAL OFFICE

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1909 was

16,828

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1910. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

SPEAKER CANNON AGAIN.

Speaker Cannon is again to attack the insurgents in congress, and it is quite likely that he will not squelch them so easily as he supposes, although he has or else assumes the power to do a great many things. There will be no peace in congress until Cannon shall have been superseded by some honest and fair-minded man.

CHICAGO SPECULATOR MOBBED IN ENGLAND.

The fact that James A. Patten, the Chicago wheat and cotton operator, was mobbed and driven from the cotton exchange at Manchester, indicates the feeling that exists in England in regard to such speculators. In this country it is considered a legitimate business to corner cotton, wheat and the general necessities of life, but it would not be tolerated in England or Germany. Neither would the monopolistic trusts be tolerated, but here under the constitution that exists to protect the people in their rights it is quite allowable. It is a striking contrast between the laws of European monarchies and those of the great American republic.

THE REFORM OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

Lord Rosebery has brought to the attention of the British public a scheme for the self-reform of the house of lords of which he is a member. His plan will fall far short of what the people of England want, and while his views may receive careful consideration by his colleagues in the upper house, they will not be taken seriously by the commons when the test comes upon curtailing the powers of the lords over legislation demanded by the people and enacted by the lower chamber. The lords will veto any bill intended to deprive them of the veto power, and in that case the only means of carrying the measure over their veto is to have the king create a sufficient number of liberal peers to carry the measure.

Formerly under such circumstances a money bill was attached to the bill rejected by the peers, but this method is regarded as an irregular ruse to enable the commons to overrule the upper chamber. Hence if the king refuses to come to the aid of the ministry in case of a deadlock on the veto then a general election would follow and both sides would again appeal to the people for a decision.

CHANCE FOR DEMOCRATIC VICTORY.

In view of the discontent prevailing all over this country on account of the high cost of living, the unrestrained operation of the oppressive trusts, despite the attempts at prosecution, it seems that the time is ripe for a change in the political power that controls the country.

The people, it seems, are tired of the republican party; tired of its alliance with predatory wealth; tired of its disregard of the rights and interests of the plain people; tired of its arbitrary sway and its trust breeding tariff policy; tired of its manipulation of the government machinery for party ascendancy; tired of its defective currency, its panics, and the far reaching labor trouble resulting from its policies.

There is now an opportunity for the democratic party to assert its strength and to advance its policies by scoring victories in the elections to congress next fall.

The special election to be held to fill the vacancy in the Fourteenth district will be a test of political sentiment, and in the candidacy of Eugene N. Foss the democrats have a splendid opportunity to win a signal victory, one that will be as a beacon light to other districts that have their elections later.

The republican party, through the standpat element, is still firmly wedded to the worst features of the high tariff. Indeed the higher the tariff and the worse it is for the people, the more pleasing will it be for the standpaters. But there is a revolt in the republican ranks and the insurgents have already emphasized the serious character of the opposition to the policies now in force.

It is already conceded by republicans that the democrats are likely to win enough seats in the fall elections to give them control of the next national house. That would be an important step towards the election of a president in 1912. The democratic leaders of this country are in a state of confusion at the present time in regard to a presidential candidate. Many of them feel that it is absolutely useless to take up Bryan again; they would like to side-track him but they have nobody at all approaching him either in ability or popularity to substitute. This, then, is one of the great problems before the leaders during the next year. They must find a man whose ability, democracy and general standing will commend him to the people. He must be a man who can command a wide following from the start. Had Governor Johnson lived nothing could stop him. As yet the right kind of candidate has not appeared. It is quite likely, however, that the emergency will produce a man whose reputation surpassing state honors will command party unity and win such support as will enable him to defeat his republican opponent. The same old republican tactics will be employed of course, the trusts will precipitate a temporary panic to scare the people into supporting their party and will threaten the shutdown of their vast line of industries. It is thus they have on former occasions bulldozed and coerced the people into believing that a democratic victory meant starvation. But the people have had ample proof of the hollowness of republican promises and the falsity of republican statements at election time. They have heard the republicans pledge a revision of the tariff downward and saw them revise it upward. That and many other things of a similar kind have convinced the masses of the deceit and dishonesty of the republican party and prepared the way for republican defeat. All that is necessary to accomplish it is, that the democratic party shall prove itself able to make the most of the opportunity.

When Roosevelt returns he will find that the republican party has fallen into the hands of Aldrich and Cannon, and that the president is only their tool. He will find that his long line of policies have been relegated to the rear, that the trusts are again in the saddle and the republican party is well pleased to carry what it considers the precious burden.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

Among recent engagements is that of Miss Ernestine F. Atwood and Charles Bartlett, both of Lowell. Miss Atwood is the recipient of \$500 of the Carnegie hero fund money for the daring rescue of a drowning man. She is an artist and is active in athletics.

Word has been received by the officials of the Germanistic Society of America that Professor Wilhelm Passow, of the University of Berlin, is to visit this country in the spring of 1911. He has been granted leave of absence from his duties in Berlin and is arranging his plans for coming to America. During a stay here of some months he will lecture on "The Spirit of German Institutions."

Mrs. Anna Sturges Duryea has been appointed by the International School of Peace as its official representative on the platform.

William M. McCrane has had forty-two years' service as trustee of the Essex Institute in Salem, and is now tire from active service. He has been the guide of thousands of strangers who have visited that interesting place in the old "Witch City." The trustees of the institute have regretfully accepted his resignation and have taken formal action to show their appreciation of Mr. McCrane's long service. He is now 66 years of age.

Mrs. Maud Ballington Booth has insisted at New Orleans a movement which may end in the establishment of a Hope hall for the convicts of Louisiana. One year ago, Mrs. Booth offered to furnish the proposed hall if 12 members of the Louisiana Prison Reform association subscribed \$200 apiece. At a lecture which she gave recently in the Tabernacle Memorial church, she renewed this offer. In a few moments, five persons had subscribed, the sum she asked and 150 members of the Reform association pledged themselves to raise the rest.

Chicago clergymen swept, dusted, made beds and cooked the other day, that their wives might devote the day to the fight against saloons. The agreement of the clergymen to do the housework for one day was the result of an appeal made by Miss Lucy Page Gaston of the Anti-Cigarette league, and Mrs. Emily Hill, president of Cook County Women's Christian Temperance union. These women formed a committee, which attended meetings of all the Protestant denominations, and asked the clergymen to enlist the aid of their wives against the liquor traffic.

Wallace C. Boyden, head master of the girls' Normal school of Boston, believes that the teaching of the future should be perfect physically. He advocates the establishment of rules requiring physical examinations before young women are admitted as students. "A student," says Mr. Boyden, "should be a model of good health, of grace and freedom of bearing, such as can result only from regular exercise. Here at the Normal school I have observed cases of anæmia, weak heart, defective eyesight and hearing, and nervous prostration. I know that such afflictions necessarily unfit the sufferers for appointment to the teachers' schools of the public schools, since the strain of teaching is certain to aggravate the trouble. Of course the pupils in this

condition are excused from the physical exercises we carry on here, although it is necessary for them to present a physician's certificate as to their unfitness."

Smith college students have organized a branch of the Consumers' league and will refuse to buy shirt-waists or other goods made under sweatshop conditions.

SUPREME COURT

Has Three Big Cases Under Consideration

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Three cases of far-reaching importance—those affecting the rights of the Standard Oil company and the American Tobacco company to do business and the third, questioning the right of the



CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER

government to impose the corporation income tax—have been engaging the attention of the United States supreme court. The court has heard much argument on these matters. It is understood that on March 21, after handing down what decisions are then ready, the court will take a recess for two weeks until April 4. It is possible that when it convenes again the decision in the government suit for the dissolution of the American Tobacco company, the "tobacco trust," will be ready for delivery.

MAYOR BROOKS WAS RE-ELECTED CHIEF EXECUTIVE OF CAMBRIDGE

CAMBRIDGE, March 16.—Mayor Brooks was re-elected mayor of Cambridge yesterday, by a largely increased plurality, defeating former Rep. George W. Long (non-partisan) by 1658 votes. The vote was: Brooks 6905; Long 5217. The vote on license was strongly in the majority being 3232.

The board of aldermen is democratic, 7 to 4; standing last year, 3 to 5. The non-partisans continue to control the council, 12 to 10, as last year.

CANADIAN RUNNER WON

NEW YORK, March 16.—John Tait, the crack middle distance runner of Toronto, Canada, romped away from George Bonhag of the Irish-American Athletic club in a special one and a half mile match race at the annual games of the New York A. C. at Madison Square Garden last night. Tait won by 30 yards in the record time of 6.32. The former American indoor amateur record for the distance was 6.57, held by Bonhag.

Bonhag seemed to give up toward the latter part of the race and the Canadian sped ahead to his record breaking finish.

All druggists, grocers and dealers, or direct, \$1.00 a large bottle. Refuse substitutes and imitations, they are injurious. Send for medical booklet, containing testimonials and rare common sense rules for health, and doctor's advice, both sent free.

Dwyer & Co.

PAINTERS, DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS

Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small, at 47 Andover street.

PAT KEEGAN
Boot and Shoe Repairing
MODERATE PRICES FOR BEST WORK
Latest and best improved machines. Work done while you wait. Best leather used. Give us a trial. Joseph Therian, repair man.
232 to 235 No. 4th Street

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

FOR Piles, Old Sores and Skin Diseases
FOR SALE—At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores
THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

Fresh Clams Every Day

At the Lowell Inn. Fresh fish direct from the Boston wharves. Lobsters fresh from the traps. Meats fresh and wholesome. Call and see us. LOWELL INN, busiest place in Central street.

FURNITURE MOVING

You may be thinking about moving. If so, just call or telephone to the honest and reliable WILLIAM RIGG, at 10 Tremont st. All orders promptly attended to, and handled with the greatest care. The best in the cheapest and there is none better than RIGG's packers. Our specialty is piano moving.

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

THE STORE FOR QUALITY AND STYLE

A NEW CORSET

WE DESIRE TO INTRODUCE

Will Be Offered As a Special Thursday Bargain

The M and P Abdominal Reducing Corset

An every day \$2.00 model. For a Special Introductory Thursday Bargain Sale

\$1.00 a Pair

Made from a good quality coutil—boned throughout with steel—medium bust, long over abdomen, hips and back, 6 hose supporters, abdominal reducing strap, lace and ribbon trimmed. Sizes 10 to 36. Price special for Thursday \$1.00 a Pair

The Semi-Annual Style Show

Displaying the Spring and Summer Fashions in Women's and Children's Wear is scheduled to occur at our store

Friday Afternoon and Evening

A rare musical treat will be provided by

The Hallet & Davis Concert Company OF BOSTON

FULL PROGRAM PUBLISHED IN TOMORROW'S PAPERS

Everybody Will Be Welcome to the Style Show Friday

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

MEN BREAK JAIL

Two of Them Made Their Escape

BRATTLEBORO, Vt., March 16.—Another daring attempt at escape from the county jail in Newfane came to light yesterday when it was learned that two of the prisoners awaiting trial for the April term of the Windham county court were taken to Windsor for safe keeping, as the result of the attempt made last Friday night.

The police and the authorities have been trying to keep it secret, on account of the numerous breakings which have been made from the jail during the past two years. Archie St. Peters, one of the men concerned in Friday's

affair, had been a previous inmate of the jail. He had been implicated in several horse stealing escapades, and a short time ago he was brought to Newfane from Dover, N. H., where he was arrested and held on warrants from the Vermont police. The other prisoner was Edgar Haskins of Bellows Falls, recently committed.

St. Peters and Haskins occupied the same cell, and Friday night about 12 o'clock, after they had been locked in, they took a chain from the under side of their cot and made a tourniquet with a chair rung and twisted the locks from the door of their cell, where they were detected by the watchman, Morton Emson.

It was thought advisable to remove the men to a safer locality, and an order was obtained for their removal to the state prison at Windsor, where they were taken yesterday by Sheriff A. H. Thompson of Bellows Falls.

CRAZED PATIENT

LEAPED FROM WINDOW OF HOSPITAL IN PORTLAND

PORTLAND, Me., March 16.—Partially blind and fearful that an operation which was about to be performed would not result in saving his sight, Michael Pelletier, a 19-year-old patient at the Maine eye and ear infirmary, last night jumped from a window of the hospital to the brick sidewalk, four stories below, sustaining injuries which are expected to cause his death.

Young Pelletier had been sent here from Madanaska, Aroostook county, as a charity patient. When preparations were made to operate on his eyes from which he barely could see, he became violent. He was then removed to the insane ward, but becoming quiet was again taken to the hospital. The nurse in charge left him for a few moments and he made his probably fatal jump.

The WALK-OVER Man

Announces that on March 18th, 1910, he will open at 54 Central and 53 Prescott streets an exclusive WALK-OVER store carrying a complete selection of WALK-OVER shoes for men and women at \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.50.

You are cordially invited to visit this, Lowell's newest retail store, between 2 and 10 p. m. Friday, March 18th, 1910.

No goods sold on opening day.

MUSIC

SOUVENIRS



HAVERHILL'S CHARTER

Hearing in Legislature on Bill to Amend It

BOSTON, March 16.—City Solicitor Nichols and Mayor Moulton of Haverhill appeared before the committee on cities yesterday morning in favor of a bill which virtually amends the new city charter of Haverhill by providing that the school committee of that city in its annual appropriation shall not appropriate or expend in any one year a sum in excess of \$5 on each thousand of taxable property. This is the mayor's bill and he had ex-Mayor Roswell C. Wood of Haverhill, his immediate predecessor, but foot after him opposed to any change in the city charter for five years. Mr. Wood told some strange things that are happening in Denmark and warned the committee.

City Solicitor Nichols opened for the bill, explaining that the city council has now no restriction upon the expenditures of the school committee since it has the power to decide what is necessary and to spend money for it even in excess of its appropriation.

Under the old charter there were 21 members; now the number is reduced to four. The school committee makes its layout for appropriations in July, while the city council makes its annual appropriations in January. The school year begins Sept. 1, after the long vacation, and the school committee has four months before the city council comes in to make its expenditures.

Ex-Mayor Roswell C. Wood of Haverhill said he was a believer in trusting the people, "but I believe that there is such a thing as carrying that thing too far. They come here and tell you that they have saved some money on the schools, but they don't tell you that under this new form of government they have eliminated the vacation schools that we used to have; they don't tell you that they have reduced the number of night schools; that they have eliminated six out of nine of the kindergartens under this new form of government, although the mothers have come pleading with them to receive their little children. But we must live under this new form of government and must make a showing. They are not getting in the city of Haverhill what they got before. The school board has shown the most business at their end of affairs. What has the city council done? It has cut out 21 highway districts, gentlemen, from the appropriation for streets. All the money that they have saved under this new form of government has been taken from the street department.

Now we have got our new charter. The mayor wanted it; now he wants to change it. I was opposed to it. The city solicitor gets \$1000 more when he only asked for \$800. But they said, 'You're a good fellow,' and they gave him \$200 more. The only fair thing is to say to the mayor and to say to the city solicitor, 'You have got your charter; keep it in vogue for at least five years and see what it will do; make no amendment to it. We have got what the best class of our citizens in Haverhill wanted; what I didn't want, gentlemen, but let it stand.'

Representative Priest of Haverhill also opposed the bill. His objection was in the form of the measure, and he stated that he would submit a new draft of the bill to the committee. He thought the bill should be perfected. The hearing closed.

POLICE CHIEF

HAS BEEN SUSPENDED FROM DUTY

ST. LOUIS, March 16.—Chief Creney was suspended by the police commissioners yesterday on charges of divulging to John M. Healy secrets of the investigation into an alleged shortage in the police relief fund. Healy was indicted last week on the charge of embezzlement.

Lieut. Thomas J. McCormack, president of the relief association, was also suspended. The charges against him were not made public.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

AUTO WRECKED

Machine Collided With a Pole

J. Munn Andrews, secretary of the O'Sullivan Rubber Hool Co., had a narrow escape from being killed in Rogers street about 6.30 o'clock last night, when his automobile collided with a pole near the corner of Boylston street. The machine was wrecked, but fortunately Mr. Andrews and the other occupant of the car escaped serious injury.

Mr. Andrews was driving the car at the time, and was accompanied by a friend of the family. Neither of the occupants was thrown from the car, and Mr. Andrews was removed to his home, 256 Andover street, where a physician was called. It was said late last night that he was resting comfortably and that he would probably be out within a few days. His companion was said to have sustained only flesh wounds which, while painful, were considered trivial in character.

MISS MABEL HILL

ADDRESSED MOLLY VARNUM CHAPTER, D. A. R.

Miss Mabel Hill gave a delightful talk at a social meeting of the Molly Varnum chapter, D. A. R., yesterday. Her subject was "Current Ideas and Topics of Conversation in the Home of Our Colonial Ancestors."

As indicating how far we have advanced scientifically, she cited the fact that a gunnet is no longer regarded as a messenger from God—a harbinger of disaster, as Cotton Mather believed and taught. Speaking of the advance in the science of medicine, Miss Hill quoted from an old book of recipes kept by Governor Winthrop, proving conclusively that that distinguished Colonial aristocrat believed in such nonsense as hard boiled eggs on the back of your neck to cure insomnia, and dried and powdered toads for smallpox; also cod-livers for people who have "melted their grease."

Miss Hill also said that our Colonial ancestors were not, as we so frequently hear, democratic, but that they brought with them into New England the idea of aristocracy, which they manifested even in the assignment of the pews in the church.

An idea of the religious thought of the Colonial days was given by quoting some of the favorite hymns of

TALBOT'S CHEMICAL STORE

Sulphur 5c lb.
Epsom Salts 5c lb.
Syrup Hypophosphites 50c
Sanitary Fluid 15c pt.
Chloride Lime 10c lb.
Hydrogen Peroxide
4 oz. 12c; 8 oz. 18c; lb. 30c
Glycerine 35c pt.
Borax (Pure) 10c lb.
Saleratus 5c lb.
Creosote 10c pt.

40 Middle Street

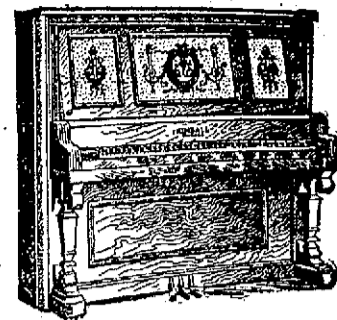
DO YOU WANT A FINE NEW \$375 PIANO FREE

1st PRIZE

Consolidated Manufacturers'

2nd Prize — \$150 Credit Certificate.

3rd Prize — \$125 Credit Certificate.



Limerick Contest

And Over \$12,500 Worth of Additional Prizes

Do You Want a Fine, New \$375 Kimball Piano? Just think of a good line to complete the Limerick (verse) shown on the coupon below. You have the same opportunity as anyone to win the piano or one of the other prizes. It costs nothing to try, and is the greatest offer ever made to those desiring a piano.

All you have to do is to write the line. There is no catch. Prominent men will act as judges. This great contest is put on through the co-operation with the W. W. Kimball Co., the largest piano manufacturers in the world, to advertise the Kimball piano and to acquaint everyone in New England with the fact that the Hallet & Davis Piano Co. are the sole factory distributors for the Kimball in New England. Instead of spending this large sum in expensive magazine advertising, the company intends to put it where it will do piano buyers the most good, believing that a Kimball piano in the home is the best advertisement, and it is for piano buyers that this contest is run. We also intend to use the good Limericks for advertising cards, etc.

THE PRIZES First prize—A fine new Kimball piano, valued at \$375. Second prize—A credit certificate for \$150. Third prize—A credit certificate for \$125. The next 5 best answers will be given a credit certificate for \$1 less than those previous—that is, six at \$89, next six at \$88, etc.—until the \$12,500 has been awarded.

Special Advertising Appropriation—In addition to the above prizes the Company will voluntarily issue to each of the remaining contestants a special certificate of credit, of \$25, as an award for their effort in this contest.

These certificates are good on the purchase of any New Kimball, Hallet & Davis or Conway piano or player-piano in our warehouses at regular retail price. Time of certificate is limited.

SIMPLE CONDITIONS The Limerick shown on coupon below needs one more line. Fill this out. This last line should rhyme with the first two. Free to everyone except employees of the company. Only one answer from one family. Write plainly, and send in coupon filled out, or exact written copy, as no answer will be accepted unless this is done, and address all answers to managers of contest. The best answer will be awarded first prize; others in accordance to their value. All answers must be in this office on or before 5.30 p. m. March 24, 1910.

Here is a partial list of words that rhyme for the verse below: Flown, prone, thrown, tone, loan, sown, grown, alone, cone, lone, alone, bone, dethrone, own, disown, etc.

COUPON

Fill out last line of Verse below, answer questions, sign Name and Address.

Low, O.
The Kimball name is well known,
True worth it always has shown,
A better to buy,
The useless to try,

Write Your Line Here
I submit herewith by Limerick and agree to abide by the decision of the judges.

Name.....City.....
Street.....State.....
Have you an upright or square piano or organ? State which.....

Certificates cannot be applied on any purchase made previous to March 24, 1910. Only one certificate may be applied on the purchase of one piano.

THE JUDGING Disinterested judges will be chosen at the close, and their names will be announced later. The decision of the judges will be final. All prize winners will be notified. Here is a sample of another Limerick, showing one complete:

Said a musician of fame far and near,
Hallet & Davis is without any peer,
Its tone is, I find
Just the right kind,
And what's more, it grows better each year.

CONTEST CLOSING MARCH 24, 1910

Mail or Bring Answers to Manager of Contest,

Hallet & Davis Piano Co.

146 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON

Established 1839.

New England's Foremost Piano House

BEEF PACKERS

ARE ACCUSED BY THE GRAND JURY

CLEVELAND, O., March 16.—The beef packers are charged directly with the high cost of meat in the report of the special grand jury which was called here to investigate the high cost of living and which announced its findings yesterday. The grand jury declares that it has found that the butchers are under the thumb of the packers and cannot obtain a reasonable return on their business without charging excessive prices. An attack also is made upon the local system of meat inspection, which it is charged is incompetent and practically useless.

The inquirers also find that there exists in this city conditions which foster the placing of almost the entire milk business into the hands of one firm and that cold storage eggs a year old are being sold as fresh. It recommends the enactment of an ordinance compelling all cold storage eggs to be marked with the date on which they

that day; and the advance in civilized thought was indicated by reference to some of the favorite forms of punishment for offenders against the law.

Mrs. Warner E. L. Ward, a former member of the chapter, was present and sang exquisitely "The Land of Nod," by Gilbert; "The Year at the Spring," Mrs. Beach and "Carissima," by Arthur A. Penn. Miss Helen Savage accompanied.

Following the entertainment, tea was served by the hospitality committee. Mrs. C. C. Brock and Mrs. H. A. Lambert poured.

MORSE SEEKS PARDON

BALTIMORE, Md., March 16.—Benjamin W. Morse, son of Charles W. Morse, the New York banker, who is undergoing sentence in the federal prison in Atlanta, is in this city, securing signatures to a petition for a pardon of his father by President Taft. He announced last night that 4000 residents of this city, including many prominent bankers, brokers and professional men, had signed the petition.

are entered and providing a penalty of fine and imprisonment for any person selling cold storage eggs as fresh.

THE GOVERNOR HAS REFUSED TO INTRODUCE COMMANDER PEARY

ATLANTA, Ga., March 16.—Governor Brown and Mayor Maddox of Atlanta yesterday declined an invitation to introduce Commander Peary when he lectures here tonight. Governor Brown said he did not believe that Peary discovered the North pole.

Mayor Maddox, in declining, gave as his reason that Peary was coming as a private citizen to lecture for money and was in no sense a guest of Atlanta.

THE KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 16.—The 60 day session of the Kentucky legislature ended last night. Few important measures were passed during the session. Among those which failed the most important was the federal income tax amendment which lapsed through non-action by the senate.

DEMOCRATIC CONFERENCE

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 16.—

Chairman Norman E. Mack of the national democratic committee last night denied reports that the councils of democratic party leaders held here are to "freeze some fellows out of party affairs."

Mr. Mack explained that Mr. Bryan had made it so plain that he would not again attempt party leadership that any attempt to throttle Mr. Bryan's influence would be unnecessary.

Mr. Mack said he believed that the democrats were a unit in wanting only the strongest man for leadership and that when it became apparent who was the best man, the democrats would unite in his support.

JORDAN DEFEATED

CLEVELAND, O., March 16.—Henry Gehring of Cleveland won the middleweight wrestling championship of the world here last night from Chris Jordan of Boston, in two straight falls. The first was obtained in one hour and 44 minutes, and the second in five minutes. In each case he obtained a hammerlock hold over the Greek.

CHALIFOUX'S BARGAINLAND BASEMENT

Gingham or Chambray Shirt Waists, assorted stripes and colors, 49c
Black and White Perrale Waists, in stripes only..... 49c
Ladies' Medium Weight Lisle Hose, in black or tan, high spliced heel and toe 24c
Ladies' Medium Weight Hose, in black only, lisle thread, full fashioned, double heel and toe, 25c value..... 15c Pair
Children's Ribbed Wool or Heavy Cotton Black Hose, in fine or coarse rib 19c Pair
Children's Mercerized Lisle Hose, in tan..... 15c Pair
Child's Fine Rib Cotton Hose, 6 to 9 1-2..... 15c Pair
Ladies' Medium Weight Vests and Pants..... 19c
Ladies' Heavy Weight Vests and Pants, short sleeves, knee pants, 39c
Ladies' Linen Embroidered Stocks, assorted patterns..... 10c Each
Ladies' Linen Stock with Jabots attached, in white or colors..... 10c
Swiss Embroidered Collars, in eyelet work, pretty design, all new, 24c Each
Dutch Collars, in lace, large or medium sizes, extra heavy lace 49c
Ruching, in boxes, 3 neck lengths, blue, pink, black, white or lavender 10c Box
Elastic Belts, all colors. Gilt Buckles..... 10c
Fancy Belts, in regular belting, fancy end buckles, assorted colors, 50c value 24c

"Extra Specials" for Thursday

Sash Curtains

In assorted striped muslin, 36 inches wide, 27 inches long. Regular value 15c

Thursday Only

10c PAIR

Dutch Collars

Trimmed with heavy lace insertions and lace edge. Regular value 50c.

Thursday Only

24 CENTS

Children's Dresses

In black and white check, with red trimmings, 6 to 12 years. Regular value 75c.

Thursday Only

39 CENTS

Ladies' Handkerchiefs

Hemstitched, in plain muslin, lace edge, fancy corners. Regular value 10c.

Thursday Only

3 CENTS

P. N. Corsets 69c and 99c
Long Waist Corset, 4 hose supporters attached, good quality batiste 49c Pair
Persiana, in colors 2 Spools 5c
Embroidery Silk 2 Skeins 5c
D. M. C. and No. 2 Skeins 5c
"Brainard & Armstrong's" Embroidery Silks, a full line of colors. 5c Skein
Jet Buttons 15c to 45c Dozen
Gilt Buttons 15c Dozen
Pearl Buttons 5c to 35c Dozen
Ono Dress Shields 24c Pair
Dress Shields 8c and 10c Pair
Broom Brushes 10c
Barrettes "the latest" 10c Each
Turban Pins 10c Pair
O. N. T. Crochet Cotton 5c Ball
Hooks and Eyes 2c Card
Peet's Hooks and Eyes 8c Package
Peet's Hooks or Eyes 5c Package
Pins 1c Paper
Needles 1c and 5c Paper
Sampson Thread 3c Spool
Dragon Thread, any number, black or white 2c Spool

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

| SOUTHERN DIV. | | | | WESTERN DIV. | | | |
|---------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| To Boston | From Boston | To Boston | From Boston | To Boston | From Boston | To Boston | From Boston |
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| 6:49 | 7:46 | 6:19 | 7:16 | 6:51 | 7:48 | 6:21 | 7:18 |
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THE STRIKE SITUATION

NIGHT EDITION

DR. COWLES ARRESTED Is Charged With Illegally Practic- ing Medicine

BOSTON, March 16.—Dr. Edward Cowles of 234 Dartmouth street, who was the complainant in the recent court-martial of Paymaster George A. Auld and Past Assistant Surgeon Ansey Hamilton Robnett at the Charles-town Navy Yard, was arrested yesterday on an indictment charging him in one count with holding himself out as a physician without having been registered by the board of registration of medicine in the commonwealth, and in another count with practicing medicine for three months prior to the indictment without being registered.

The complaint in the case is Mrs. Maude B. Wilbur, wife of Frank L. Wilbur, who is alleged to have been treated by Dr. Cowles.

Patrolman Farrell made the arrest. Dr. Cowles was arraigned in the superior criminal court before Judge Wait and pleaded not guilty. He gave \$500 cash bail for his appearance in court for trial at a later date.

The indictment was returned secretly by the grand jury. It charges the illegal practicing of medicine at 104 Humboldt avenue on Nov. 25, 1905, and on Jan. 14, 1910.

The arrest of Dr. Cowles is the direct result of the "tempest in the teapot" court-martial case at the Navy Yard. At this trial A. L. Wilbur, manager of the Globe theatre, testified that Dr. Cowles and his brother, Dr. W. L. Cowles, had treated Frank L. Wilbur, a brother of the witness, for paresis, and collected \$1750 at the rate of \$25 a day; also that Dr. Edward S. Cowles bought an automobile for the patient, which, according to the witness, Cowles used most himself.

Dr. Harvey of the state board of registration considered that treatment of paresis was "practicing medicine," and that practicing medicine without a license was a penal offense, he explained.

THE "COUNTY RINGS" Are Opposed to the Direct Nomination Bill

BOSTON, March 15.—A cry of alarm has gone out from the "county rings" against the Walker direct nomination bill. It is declared the "rings" fear the next step after giving the people the right to choose their own legislators may be to allow them to name their own county officers.

The committee on election laws was prevented yesterday from taking up the Walker bill because Mayor Fitzgerald talked so long about the evils of spending money in campaigns. County officials believe the bill will be reported soon in spite of the work of Senator Evans of Middlesex and others to turn it down.

The "county rings" have drafted a circular letter, which has been sent to every county commissioner in the state, and to members of the election laws committee. It is signed by Levi S. Gould, chairman of the powerful Middlesex county board of county commissioners, and reads as follows:

"To the Political Kite"

"Dear Sir:—The political atmosphere surrounding Beacon hill indicates that unless the shuffling forces opposed thereto give up their jobs at once, a bill for the direct nomination of all senators and representatives may pass at this season with a referendum attached. It (the referendum) being the offering of some sort of an illegitimate compromise.

"It is quite generally understood that this bill was prepared by certain well known, influential and ambitious public officials, as a supposedly popular bill to a political kite, which may fly in his behalf a little later on. At all events, it is being sharply pressed with all the influence, personal and otherwise, connected with his powerful position, and a gentleman who expects to be his running mate (when the kite arises) is authenticity for this portion of the statement.

"The sincerity and ability of the honorable gentleman is conceded, but it is not plain from developments, thus far, that the only real demand for such legislation as he proposes emanates as a whole from the democratic party, which expects to be benefited at the expense of the dominant party in this commonwealth."

Calls it a Joker

"The proposed referendum is a sugar-coated little joker. It will work out this way: Being a democratic measure, which can only get through the legislature by the help of republican votes (cramped by this same little joker). It will, in most cases, perhaps in all, have the solid vote of that party when submitted to the voters of each district which, plus the votes of their allies and the ever-present condition of general apathy on such occasions, is shrewdly expected to insure its adoption.

"Why should the party organization

ONE MAN KILLED

In a Double Collision on Railroad at Rochester

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 16.—A double collision causing a wreck in which one man was killed, three were injured and a Pullman passenger coach was practically demolished, took place here today on the New York Central elevated tracks at the Hudson avenue bridge in this city when West Shore passenger train number 1023, the Buffalonian, ran into New York Central passenger train number 29, the Buffalo and Toronto special, from the rear after the latter had encountered, head-on, two light engines coming from the roundhouse. The wreck occurred at about six o'clock this morning. The dead:

William Caldwell, trainman, Buffalo.

The injured: P. Pyke, Syracuse; S. B. Jamison, Marathon.

The Buffalo special from New York had run into two light engines when train 1023 came along and ploughed into the rear car. The car was crumpled, thrown over a bridge and immediately caught fire. The two injured men and A. S. Squires of Buffalo were the only occupants of the burning coach. They were taken out through a window by a local fireman. Squires escaped injury. Jamison was badly bruised and Pyke was severely burned.

Trainman Caldwell of the Buffalo special was crushed to death between two cars. The coach telescoped was the Pullman Cipango, which had been attached to the Buffalo special at Syracuse. The wreckage delayed traffic for three hours.

The Buffalo and Toronto special, known as number 29, leaves New York at 11.34 p. m. Train number 1023 is known as the Buffalonian, leaving Utica at 2.11 a. m.

A SERIOUS CONFLICT

LISBON, March 16.—The Diario announces that a serious conflict between Portuguese and the British officials engaged in delimiting the frontier has occurred at Tete, a town on the southern bank of the Zambezi river in Portuguese East Africa, and that as a result lively notes are now being exchanged between the government of Portugal and Great Britain.

SNELL'S CONFESSION

Ex-Attorney General Parker Says He Knew of it

BOSTON, March 16.—Ex-Attorney General Herbert Parker was the prosecuting officer responsible for the sending of Angles Snell of Westport, who died Monday of heart disease, to state prison for life, following the conviction of the man for the murder of Tilling-hast Kirby, seven years ago.

In the face of the open opposition of nearly every minister in New England, the attorney general was insistent that Snell be executed. At the time it was remarked as strange that the attorney general, known to be an eminently just man and one with generous ideas concerning the limitations of circumstantial evidence, should, in spite of a wave of reproach through an inordinate use of money, so that no man may prevail who happens to be poor in the goods of this world. Does the old Bay State desire to lower her ancient standards to such a grade? Adopt the legislation now pending and it will open the door to all the rest. An ad interim committee of the Empire State has studied the problem for a whole year, and after a most exhaustive study of its effects as applied in other states utterly condemns the system. This ought to be a danger signal to the legislature of Massachusetts.

THE HIBERNIANS
HAVE PLANNED TO OBSERVE ST. PATRICK'S DAY

The five divisions of Hibernians will unite tomorrow night in observing St. Patrick's day. A great social and dance will be enjoyed in Hibernian hall and it is expected that every Hibernian who is able to attend will be present.

DEATHS

GLEASON.—The many friends of Mrs. Eliza Gleason will be deeply grieved to hear of her death, which occurred this morning at her late home, 10 Abbott street. Deceased was a resident of Lowell and a most devout attendant of St. Peter's parish for 25 years. She was well known and highly respected by the older residents of this city and being of an amiable, kind-hearted and loving disposition, made a host of friends. Her death will come as a shock to her many friends and acquaintances. She is survived by one son, Mr. John F. Gleason, a widely known and popular young man, who has the sympathy of his many friends during the hours of his sad bereavement, and one sister, Miss Margaret McCarty.

Miss Mary L. Roark, formerly at 423 Bridge street, will be pleased to meet her friends at Rose Jordan Hartford's, 153 Merrimack street.

to find this clew which is always in existence.

"I will undertake to show you the hand of nature, by which I mean Providence, and the share it had in bringing this murder of old man Kirby to light and pointing out his murderer.

How Murder Came Out

"Kirby was knocked on the head and murdered by Snell in the open water off Gooseberry Neck, near Westport. Snell tied his pig from anchor to Kirby's neck and intended to tow the body to deep water and sink it there.

"A man on a high point of land on Gooseberry Neck saw Snell's boat in that vicinity. As he started to tow the body to the deep part of the bay, Snell saw a motor boat, and, frightened, dropped the body in shallow water. Afterward the tide washed it around to the sand bar connecting Gooseberry Neck with the main land, and comparing the rope on the murdered man's neck with the broken painter on Snell's boat sent Snell to prison for life and, in consideration of the things I knew about him when he was on trial, ought to have resulted in his death.

"The jail turnkey at New Bedford, whom Snell made his confidant and to whom he made his boasts of having killed different people, came to me and told me all under bond of secrecy not to divulge it until Snell was dead."

The Hand of Providence

In discussing the Snell case Mr. Parker said:

"In my experience as a prosecuting officer in capital cases the most astounding thing which has disclosed itself is this: By virtue of a Divine Providence, I do not believe there ever was a murder committed but what God made the murderer leave behind some holds true. I believe, of any case I have ever heard of. If the commonwealth at any time should be uncertain that it had taken the right person into custody in connection with that case, it is only necessary to find a man clever enough to start on a direct straight line of investigation and pay attention to its branches for him

THE LABOR UNIONS

Are to Vote on the Question of General Strike

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.—De-spairing of making further progress toward a settlement of the street car men's strike through conferences with George H. Earle, one of the city's representatives on the board of directors of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit company, the committee of ten today renewed its efforts to make the general strike so effective that the transit officials would be forced to come to a satisfactory settlement with the striking motormen and conductors.

Carrying out the action taken by the state federation of labor at its convention at Newcastle last week, State President E. E. Greenwalt has sent out a call for a vote on a strike. The call, after reviewing the strike, says:

"I, E. E. Greenwalt, president of the state federation of labor, hereby send forth this call to every local affiliate with the federation in Pennsylvania. That they immediately take a general strike vote and hold themselves in readiness to respond to the general strike call when it is issued.

"As the time is short and immediate action is necessary, unions are asked to notify me by wire at headquarters in Lancaster.

"As president of the state federation, Greenwalt is empowered to call a general strike in Pennsylvania if he deems the move necessary.

"There has been no disorder for several days and more cars are running today than at any time since the strike began. Numerous accidents, however, caused by inexperienced motormen have occurred, and the company would welcome a return of many of its old men. The company has announced that men with good records can still return and although they will be permitted to retain membership in any union they choose they will not be allowed to wear the big buttons which marked the union men before the present strike.

President Mahon has returned to his home in Detroit, but is expected to return to this city on Friday.

The influences which secured the meeting between Mahon and Kruger have not abandoned hope of finding some solution which will meet with the approval of both the strikers and the company.

There was very little change in the general situation today. Although some of the sympathetic strikers returned to work, other men joined the strike and the affected trades were not relieved to any extent. Very little progress has been made in the attempt to tie up the grocery, milk and bread business as only a small number of employees in these lines of trade obeyed the order to strike.

GENERAL STRIKE VOTE
ORDERED TO BE TAKEN

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—The conferences with George H. Earle have not resulted in any plan or suggestion for the settlement of the car men's strike, and negotiations are therefore to be considered ended, was the official statement issued last night by the general strike committee of 10.

President Greenwalt of the State Federation of Labor last night issued a call to labor unions in all parts of the state to take a general strike vote and hold themselves in readiness to respond to a call for a state-wide sympathetic strike, which was authorized at the recent convention of the State Federation of Labor held in Newcastle, Pa. There was no change in the general strike situation yesterday. While a number of defections in the strikers' ranks, those were stated by the labor leaders, were more than counterbalanced by accession to their ranks.

The Kensington textile district remains practically tied up and the workers in this district were joined last night by 400 grocery clerks, most of whom were employed in the syndicate stores in that locality.

The rapid transit company maintains that its service daily is growing better.

An unidentified woman was struck by a car at 6th and Arch streets yesterday and instantly killed. The chauffeurs failed to make a general response to the new call for a sympathetic strike and many of the public taxicabs continued in operation. Officials of the transit company expressed their displeasure at Director Earle for placing President Kruger in a position of treating with the striking motormen and conductors. A representative of the company declared:

"If there was any chance—and there really appeared to be a good one yesterday—of clearing this situation and ending this strike by tomorrow night, it has been totally killed by the action of George H. Earle and Edward Lower Stokes.

William H. Sheldermine, a member of the rapid transit directorate, said:

"The members of the board are very much displeased with Mr. Earle's attempting to negotiate a settlement of the strike. Mr. Earle has placed the board in a very embarrassing position. Mr. Kruger attended the conference under a misapprehension. Had he understood the reason for the call to Mr. Earle's office and had he known whom he was to meet there, he would not have gone."

FUNDS FOR STRIKERS
SOLICITED IN BOSTON

BOSTON, March 16.—To the merry music of a hurdy gurdy, representatives of the Philadelphia striking street car men passed through the streets of the North and West Ends last night soliciting funds for the strikers. They claim to have met with a ready and generous response.

Today the union newsboys of the city will bear placards stating that 25 per cent of their day's receipts will be sent to the Philadelphia strikers.

FIREMEN STIFLED

But They Continued to Fight Blaze in Boston

BOSTON, March 16.—Two alarms were sounded late yesterday afternoon for a fire which destroyed the buildings 74-76 Canal street, occupied by John S. Meserve & Co., Maurice Horan, J. M. Mann and the Boston Curtain company. Doctors in house furnishings. The smoke was so dense that the fire was fought with difficulty and every few moments firemen were carried to clear air to be revived.

When several of the lines had been withdrawn and one or two engines had ceased pumping, it was discovered that the flames had worked up between the partitions and were pouring in the upper part of the building. It was necessary to run in additional lines of hose and fight the fire for at least an hour after it was thought under control. The loss is estimated at \$25,000.

Miss Agnes Sweeney of West Eagle street, East Boston, and Miss Anna Donovan of Dorchester, Roxbury, were led to the street over the fire escape in front of the building by George Graves of Charlestown, a fellow employee.

Miss Bertha Stewart and Miss Jane Kelly were forced to leave through a window on the first floor without their hats and wraps as the flames, which had started in the basement, quickly filled the forward part of the store and prevented an exit that way.

Melvin Carlson, a young man employed about the building, discovered the fire as he was about to go to the basement and ran through the building, warning all in the street. The fire was estimated at \$25,000.

John Fleming of engine 25, Charles Fleming of ladder 1, Joseph Bateman, George West, B. J. Dowd and Henry Bros. all of engine 26, Lieut. Hickey of engine 10 and Deputy Chief Grady were all overcome by the smoke in the rear of the building and were treated by their comrades.

ESTABLISHED 1884
James F. O'Donnell
& SONS
UNDERTAKERS

Special attention given to the care of bodies from hospitals in Boston, Worcester, Danvers and Lowell. A chapel where services may be held or bodies kept, if desired. Telephone: 439-5. 439-3; residence, 439-8. 810-324 Market st., Cor. North.

Necessity
of
House
Wiring

Electric wiring has become a necessity because so many ordinary things can't be done without electricity. You deprive yourself of the simplest comforts when you hesitate to wire your house. This becomes more true each year. Don't delay.

The Lowell
Electric Light
Corporation
50 CENTRAL STREET

IMPORTANT MEETING
Celtic Associates, tomorrow, St. Patrick's night, at their hall on Market street. All members requested to be present.
(Signed) SECRETARY.

6 O'CLOCK "BAR AND BOTTLE"

Bill Will Come Up in the House Tomorrow

BOSTON, March 16.—No attempt was made in the senate yesterday to reconsider the "bar and bottle bill," which, if it becomes a law, will prohibit saloons and other places having first-class licenses to sell bottled liquors to be taken away from the premises.

In the ordinary course of procedure the bill, which was passed by the house in the senate Monday without a roll call, should make its appearance in the house calendar tomorrow. It could be fought on its enactment stage in the senate. Should the opponents of the measure fail in that effort it will then go to the governor.

In the popular branch of the legislature opinion is divided as to whether the bill will go through or not. At any rate the chances are that the liquor men will get right after their friends in the house and bear down heavily on them to kill the measure. It is one of those bills that many of the members of the legislature do not believe in personally, but will vote for in order to please the temperance element in their districts.

Railroad Commissioner Safe

Debate was resumed in the house yesterday on the motion made Monday to substitute for an adverse committee report a bill providing that the railroad commissioner shall be elected by the people. After several had spoken for and against the motion, substitution was lost, 32 to 23.

A motion by Mr. Conway of Boston to substitute for an adverse committee report a bill providing for the laying out of Forest Hills square in Boston at the expense of the Boston Elevated Railway company in return for the 14,000 feet of the public square for a station, was lost, 24 to 44.

Mr. Donovan of Boston moved to substitute for an adverse committee report a bill to restrict the admission of women to Chinese restaurants. Adjournment, 10:00 a. m.

Mr. Moore of Duxbury offered a new draft of the resolve providing for the election of a military monument at Petersburg, Va. It was substituted and passed to be engrossed.

STANDARD OIL CASE

Arguments Heard in the Supreme Court Today

NEW YORK, March 16.—The closing arguments in the case over the dissolution of the Standard Oil Co. were made this afternoon in the supreme court of the United States. By 1:30 o'clock the last word will have been said by contending counsel, according to arrangements Monday, and the entire case will be before the high tribunal for final decision. Many persons believe that the decision will not be announced earlier than the first or the middle of May.

D. T. Watson of Pittsburg and John G. Johnson from Philadelphia have

been plying for the Standard Oil's battle in the final day, while Attorney General Wickersham has been preparing to make the final argument for the government. The little court room again was crowded.

Mr. Watson had begun his argument late yesterday. He argued that the only act of alleged conspiracy or monopoly before the court was the combining of corporations in 1899.

Mr. Wickersham's first great contest before the court since he became attorney general was in the tobacco case. Today's was his second.

BANKERS OBJECT COL. ROOSEVELT

To Postal Savings Bank Bill To be Guest of King of Italy

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Hearings on the postal savings bank bill which recently passed the senate and is now in the house began in the house committee on post offices and post roads today. Representatives of the American Bankers association which organization embodies the principal opposition to the bill stated their objections to the postal savings banks.

The hearings, it is expected, will occupy some time. Chairman Weeks of the committee said that the committee desired to hear anybody who could throw light upon this legislation.

Asked if anyone was to appear before the committee in support of postal savings banks Mr. Weeks replied that he believed not. He added that at the hearing held a year ago the "affirmative" side was very fully represented.

ROME, March 16.—King Victor Emmanuel will give a dinner in honor of former President Roosevelt when the latter visits this city. The guests will include Mrs. Roosevelt, Kermit and Miss Ethel, American Ambassador Leischman, Mrs. Leischman, other members of the American embassy and Count Guicciardini, minister of foreign affairs.

TO SEE REGIMENT PARADE

KHARTUM, March 16.—The Roosevelt party paid a second visit to Omdurman today. The town is on the left bank of the river Nile just below the junction of the White Nile and Blue Nile and almost opposite Khartum. It contains much of interest to the traveler. The start was made after an early breakfast. Col. Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt, Kermit and Miss Ethel being accompanied by Baron Shatin, the inspector-general of Egypt and other officers and friends. The party made the trip on the steamer yacht Ethel. One object of the excursion was to witness the 12th Sudanese regiment on parade.

SUTTON-HOPPE MATCH

CHICAGO, March 16.—George Sutton of Chicago, holder of the 181 balk-line championship, and Willie Hoppe of New York, challenger, will meet tonight at Orchestra hall in a 200 point match to decide possession of the title.

Hoppe on the strength of the speed he showed last week against Morning Star is a slight favorite.

Anniversary Sale of NECKWEAR

Tomorrow we shall offer three lots of brand new neckwear ideas at a special price in honor of our first anniversary.

THE "CHANTECLER," the new Parisian scarf.

THE "EMERALD," a fashionable green.

THE "PANELLA," a new tubular scarf, paneled one side, plain the other—including all the good colors. Special price this week.

D. S. O'Brien Co. 35c

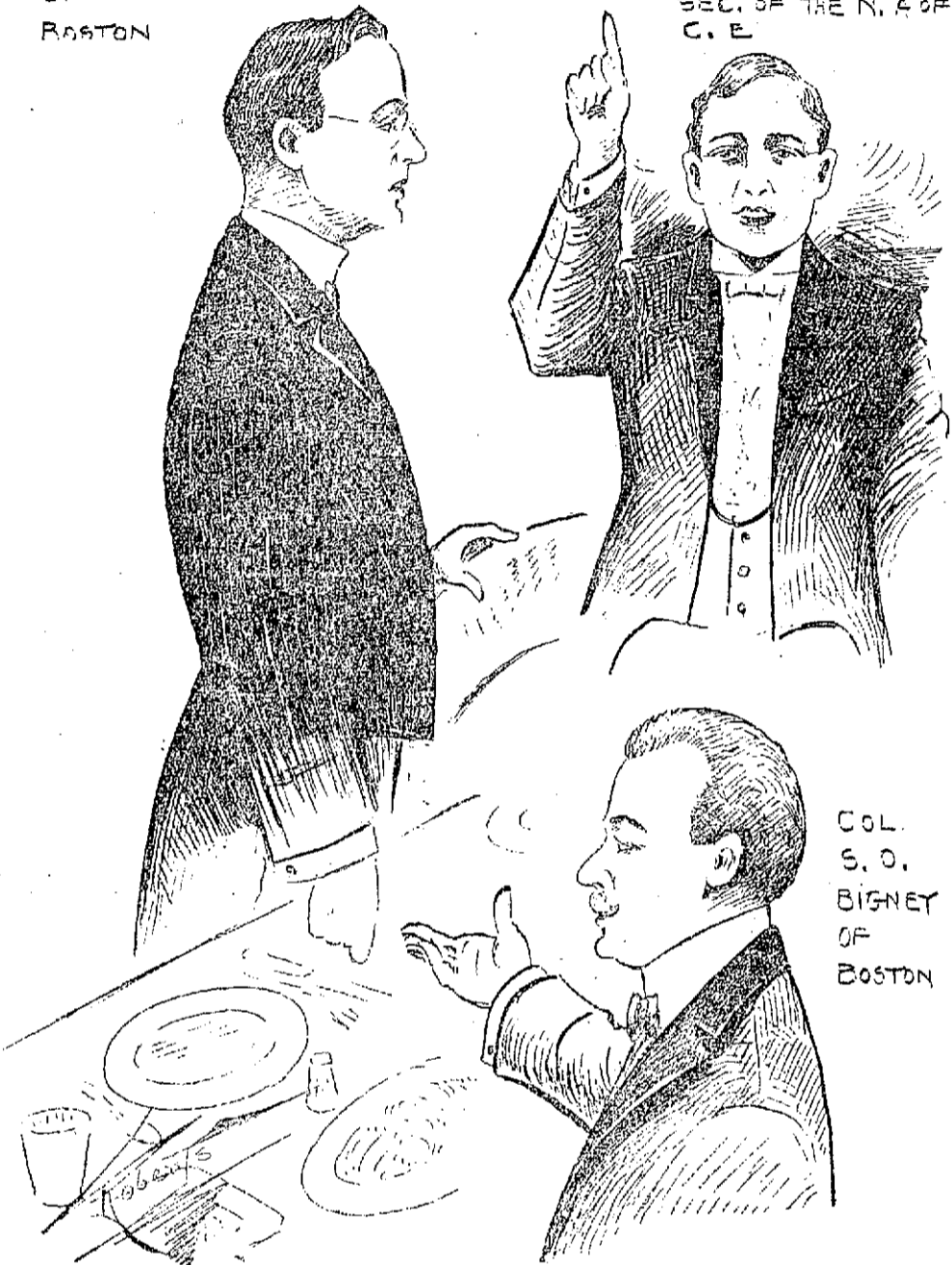
222 MERRIMACK STREET

LOWELL'S WELFARE

Keynote of Addresses at the 23rd Annual Banquet of Board of Trade

JOHN S. SCHUMACKER
OF
BOSTON

WOODWORTH CLUM
OF ROCHESTER N. Y.
SEC. OF THE N. A. OF
C. E.



SKETCHES OF THE OUT-OF-TOWN SPEAKERS AT THE BOARD OF TRADE BANQUET LAST NIGHT.

Mayor Meehan, Rev. Dr. Keleher, Woodworth Clum, of Rochester, N. Y., John S. Schumacker, of Boston, and Col. Bigney, of Attleboro, Made Interesting Addresses, Pointing the Way Toward a Bigger, Better, Busier and More Beautiful Lowell

The 23rd annual banquet of the board of trade, held in Lincoln hall last evening, proved to be anything but a skidoo occasion, for it was the biggest and most successful event of its kind in the history of the organization.

There were 350 members present, including many of Lowell's most prominent citizens. The mill treasurer and merchant prince rubbed chins with the overseer and small storekeeper, all imbued with a common spirit of enthusiasm for the advancement of Lowell.

Some of the speakers referred to the fact that it was the 23rd annual banquet and Woodworth Clum of Rochester, N. Y., sounded the watchword of the occasion when he said: "Let 23 be a symbol, let it be 23 for apathy; 23 for disinterestedness, and all get together for the promotion of Lowell."

The members assembled at 6 o'clock and the guests of the evening stood in receiving line in the balcony. During the reception and at the banquet Hibbard's orchestra gave a pleasing program. At each plate was a "Board of Trade Song" sheet, containing the words of the latest popular songs, a recently designed roster of the board and a copy of the Board of Trade magazine. The songs were sung with great gusto by the guests, with John J. Dalton as soloist, and J. A. Hunnewell of the Lowell Electric Light company "leading the choir." Among the selections were

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Continued on page three

THE PEACE COURT

Japan Will Not Object to It

TOKIO, Wednesday, Feb. 23.—Japan will not object to the permanent peace court proposed by Secretary Knox though the foreign office has kept a discreet silence on the subject. However, developments that while there are undoubtedly some difficulties in the way these are not insurmountable. Japan, while giving consent to the plan, will point out that a compulsory court of arbitration must be most carefully organized. In this case fifteen countries are involved, but only a few of the powers are to have permanent judges of the courts. Some difficulty is anticipated in securing harmony among the minor powers in the

matter of their representation. Again there is the difficulty of securing justice pledges that the decisions of the courts will be accepted by all the powers concerned. For instance, it is pointed out that while the United States might go into the arrangement in all good faith, nevertheless, a convention based upon the decision of the court would have to be submitted to congress and might be rejected.

BAPTIST FOREIGN MISSIONS

BOSTON, March 16.—A commission sent by the American Baptist Foreign Mission society is to start early next month to investigate conditions in the Sudan and the Congo free state with reference to the opportunities for mission work in those two countries. The commission is to be composed of Rev. Johnston Myers, D. D., of Chicago, Rev. J. Franklin of Colorado Springs and Rev. W. L. Ferguson, D. D., of Madison, South India. They will be accompanied by Rev. Joseph Clark, a missionary of the society in Africa.

The commission will first visit the western part of the Sudan to investi-

gate the advisability of establishing a mission there. Then a visit will be paid to the present missions of the society along the Congo river. The whole trip will take about five months and great interest attaches to the report which they will bring back.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS

To be Installed in North Chelmsford

North Chelmsford is about to have a great white way for this morning the selectmen signed a contract changing the electric lights in the North village from 28 to 10 candle power and adding eight lights on the Groton road from the junction to the turn-out. The selectmen also signed a contract for electric lights in West Chelmsford.

TOWN OF DRACUT BUILT BONFIRE

Elects Jeremiah O'Sullivan as Counsel

Girl Then Walked Into the Blaze

Lawyer Jeremiah O'Sullivan of this city was chosen counsel for the town of Dracut at a meeting of the board of selectmen of that town, held last night. Mr. O'Sullivan is a promising young

NEW YORK, March 16.—Esther Kaplan, 17 years old, built a bonfire of newspapers and refuse on the lawn of Tompkins square park on the lower East Side today, and deliberately walked into the blazing pile. A moment later she was dragged away and the flames which had communicated to her clothing were beaten out by a policeman before fatal burns had resulted.

The girl's incoherent singing and her cries "I'm purging myself of sin" led the officers to suspect that she was the victim of religious mania.



LAWYER JEREMIAH O'SULLIVAN

lawyer of this city and the special training which he received at Boston university and at the Harvard law school makes him particularly adapted for the work of town counsel.

Dr. William S. Eaton was re-appointed inspector of meat and cattle.

LOWELL REFORM CLUB

There was an unusually large attendance at the business meeting of the Lowell Reform club in the quarters, Central Savings bank building, last night.

There was a class initiation of eighteen members, the result of the good work done at the public meeting addressed by Probation Officer E. F. Slatery, when twenty-two young men signed the pledge last week. Great enthusiasm prevailed among the members at this large increase in membership at one meeting. The success of the public meeting of last week was due largely to the efforts of Vice President McNabb, chairman of the committee, to President Maguire and Executive Director, E. M. Bowers, who were treasurer of the committee.

A rising vote of thanks was tendered the merchants and others who so kindly donated the prizes for the prize-drawing and smoke talk last week.

A whist tournament in which several teams will engage is to begin next Saturday evening. A special committee reported that the summer camp of the L. R. C. would be at Mount Pleasant, near Varnum's Landing, where a cottage recently built and newly furnished has been secured for the club members for the season.

A pleasing feature of last evening's meeting was the presentation to Mr. Chas. Thompson, the club's "musician," of a signal ring. The presentation was made by Executive Director C. H. Dodge, who spoke of the high esteem in which Mr. Thompson was held by every member of the club and wished him God-speed for his new venture. Mr. Thompson was taken completely by surprise, but in well chosen words, expressed his appreciation and thanks to the Reform club for its kind remembrance.

UNIQUE SITUATION

DEVELOPS IN NEWSPAPER DISPUTE IN ST. JOHN

ST. JOHN, N. B., March 16.—A situation unique in the records of Canadian journalism has developed here, recently the St. John Evening Star was purchased by the Evening Times, a rival newspaper, and the members of the Star staff were notified that beginning this week their services would not be required the purchaser deciding to publish but one evening paper under the name of the Times-Star.

The staff of the Evening Times, however, declined to be abolished and is continuing the publication of a newspaper at another office under the name of the New Star.

Litigation is probable.

BAN JOHNSON

PLEASED WITH PROSPECTS OF CHICAGO CLUB

CHICAGO, March 16.—President Ban Johnson of the American League, who has been by the Chicago American league team in San Francisco, has returned to this city enthusiastic over the prospects of the Chicago club.

"The report of the national commission shows that President Comiskey spent more money than any other club owner in the major leagues," said Johnson in telling of the youngsters and their training work at San Francisco.

"Any one who sees that team at work on the diamond can readily see where the money is."

ATCH FOR KETCHELL

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 16.—Stacy Ketchell, who arrived last night from Hot Springs on his way to Pittsburg, signed to meet Jimmy Howard, undefeated southern middleweight, before the Memphis A. C. April 6.

MITCHELL A CANDIDATE

MARLBORO, March 16.—John J. Mitchell of this city, announced today that he would be a candidate for democratic congressional nomination from the fourth district. Mr. Mitchell has served in the house of representatives four years and for two years has been a state senator.

MORSE PARDON PETITION

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 16.—Petitions for the pardon of Charles W. Morse, the New York lawyer, now in the federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., were circulated throughout Kansas City yesterday.

CARD OF THANKS

We desire to thank friends and neighbors for their acts of kindness and sympathy to us in our recent bereavement and those who sent flowers.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Conney and family.

STEAMER LOST

Crew and Passengers Numbered 52

AMSTERDAM, March 16.—The first traces of the Dutch liner Prinz Willem II. since she was reported as missing were picked up at sea near Belle-Isle off the coast of France today and leave no doubt regarding the fate of the vessel. A lifebuoy and a boat's out hoisting the ship's name were first found near Belle-Isle. Subsequently a propeller blade and a name board evidently belonging to the mail steamer were washed ashore at a neighboring island.

The Prinz Willem II. of the Royal Dutch West Indian mail line sailed from Amsterdam for West Indian ports and New York on Jan. 21. The crew and passengers numbered 52.

ASKS \$500,000

Suit Entered by Young Mrs. Wells

NEW YORK, March 16.—Learning for the first time on landing today from the Crown Princess Cecile that his wife had brought suit for \$500,000 against his parents for alleged alienation of his affections, James Raynor Wells, son of a corporation president, angrily refused to discuss the case or to discuss a cable report that he would soon institute separation proceedings. Asked point blank if he was not interested in the suit for half a million dollars which his young wife has instituted, young Wells cried: "I don't care to hear about it."

His mother, Mrs. W. S. Wells, wife of the president of the Fairbanks company, who accompanied him from Europe, was even less communicative as mother and son entered a carriage and were driven rapidly to the Wells home on East 57th street. The younger Mrs. Wells, formerly Irene Bishop, a chorus girl, in her complaint in the suit says that she married Wells here on August 8, 1908. To get Wells away from her she claims, he was induced by his parents to enlist in the navy and has since been kept out of her society. The trial of the suit is expected to be set for an early date.

AMBASSADOR'S BODY

IS NOW ON ITS WAY TO BRAZIL

WASHINGTON, March 16.—With military and naval honors the casket containing the body of the late Brazilian ambassador Nabuco was removed today from the vault in Oak Hill cemetery in this city where it has reposed since his death, and placed aboard the president's yacht Mayflower to be taken to Brazil. Shortly after 1 o'clock the casket, which is of bronze, weighing 160 pounds, was lifted from the vault by eight body bearers, all non-commissioned officers of the army, and placed upon an artillery caisson, draped with the Brazilian and American colors and escorted by a squadron of cavalry from Fort Myer under command of Captain Garrard, started for the navy yard. There were no religious ceremonies in view of the fact that elaborate services had been held at the time of the funeral. The state department was represented by Chandler Hale, third assistant secretary of state, while the diplomatic body was presented in the persons of a special committee appointed by the directors of the services. The casket was placed aboard the Mayflower which sailed directly for Hampton Roads, where it will be transhipped tomorrow to the armored cruiser North Carolina and conveyed to Rio Janeiro escorted by the Brazilian battleship Minas Geraes.

BILLY SULLIVAN

VETERAN CATCHER IS THREATENED WITH LOCKJAW

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 16.—Billy Sullivan, veteran catcher of the Chicago Americans, is undergoing treatment today to prevent lockjaw. Sullivan stepped on a rusty nail Saturday and was stricken with blood poisoning. An operation overcame this, but there is still danger of tetanus developing. The player's physicians say they hope to have him in condition to don a uniform in ten days or two weeks.

SECY BALLINGER SPOKE

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 16.—Secretary of the Interior Ballinger was the principal speaker on the program of the afternoon session of the great agricultural congress which began here today.

HOW TO CURE ECZEMA

A New Idea That Upsets the Old Method

The old method of treating eczema, and similar skin diseases as blood disorders is being rapidly superseded by the new compound called Cadum. This remedy is applied direct to the affected parts, thus excluding the air, and starting the healing process at once. The healing comes the moment Cadum is applied, and the most stubborn cases yield to its wonderful curative powers in a remarkably short time. Other skin troubles, such as, salt rheum, psoriasis, acne, herpes, tetter, ichthya piles, blackheads, pimples, eruptions, etc., are also cured quickly by Cadum, which is sold by all druggists at 10c and 25c a box.

BOARD OF TRADE

Continued

"America," "Put on Your Old Gray Bonnet," "Gee, I Wish I Had a Girl," and "Rings on My Fingers."

At the head table were seated President Harvey B. Greene, Mayor John F. Mehan, Col. Sidney O. Rigney, Rev. C. B. Fisher, John S. Schumaker, A. G. Cummock, Wm. F. Hills, Alderman Arthur L. Gray, Col. A. M. Chadwick, Woodworth Clum, Rev. D. J. Keleher, D. D. Alonzo G. Walsh, Jesse H. Shepard, Henry A. Smith, Edward B. Carey, Charles H. Conant and Eliza J. Neale.

The divine blessing was invoked by Rev. Mr. Fisher.

PRESIDENT H. B. GREENE
The post prandial exercises were opened by President Greene, who spoke briefly and in congratulatory vein. President Greene spoke, in part, as follows:

"For many years the board of trade had a membership of about 177. This year we appointed a live membership committee which gathered in 259 names in six weeks. Our ambition is to have a membership roll of 750. Tonight we have 697. There is a growing civic spirit and pride that augurs well for the future."

With an increased membership there is an increased responsibility resting on all of us. We have but one axe to grind and that is the common good of the whole city. While talking with a

resident of Dracut a few days ago, a good republican, I was good naturedly commiserating with him on the fact that the democrats had won about everything in the town. "But," I added, "you have at least one thing to be proud of, the fact that the town went for no license." "Yes," he replied, "we're proud of that and do you know whom we have to thank for it? The Catholic priest at Collinsville. He did noble work." And there's the spirit of the board of trade. We forget our material positions, our religious and political affiliations and come together as common citizens for "a busier, better and more beautiful city."

The toastmaster in graceful remarks then introduced Mayor Mehan.

MAYOR MEEHAN

His Honor was warmly welcomed and he spoke in part as follows:

"Some time in the future, when men begin to think and appreciate public work tinged with no selfishness but that which home pride exacts, this board of trade will occupy that niche in the affections of the people to which it has long been entitled."

"An organization, purely civic in character, with no benefits, endowments or preferences for its members but what all the people share in, is the best insurance and protection for the home any municipality can have. Nearest and dearest to every man's heart is the health, contentment and prosperity of home. Eliminate any of those elements from the family shelter, and by just so much you rob a man of the power, inclination and ambition to perform his best work."

"What is true of the individual is true of a community, and an organiza-

tion that is striving to give us better streets, better sewers, numerous and beautiful breathing spots, clean avenues and ways, efficient fire protection, ample police service, a public hall for public purposes, new and diversified industries, and withal striving to inculcate the wisdom of reasonable economy in the administration of city affairs, is performing a work deserving of the thanks of every man, woman and child in our midst, for it is a work designed for the benefit, the betterment of that sacred place called home."

"Now and then questions of great national importance come nearer to that home and affect us more than we imagine, and the proposed amendment to the constitution to permit a federal tax now agitating the different states is of immense importance to all of us and should enlist the close attention and study of our board of trade. Without desiring to express an opinion for or against it on this occasion, it perhaps will not be out of place to say that if the amendment should be adopted it will probably be operative as long as the Union endures."

"About \$75,000,000 represents the real and personal property valuation of the city of Lowell, the product of the bone and sinew, the brain and morality, the industry and economy, the discipline and laudable conduct of all our people. To guard that treasure and add to it, if possible, is your plain duty and

THE STORE FOR FRESH, CLEAN, MERCHANDISE



Harmony in Dress Shows Good Taste

AND never was harmony in men's dress more necessary than now, with the prevailing shades and colors in this season's suits.

You will find in our furnishings department shirts, scarfs and socks in tints and shades to harmonize with your suits.

We Offer NOW

New styles in Coat Cut Shirts, cuffs attached, at\$1.50

Cravats, all shades, at50c

Soft, Silky Lisle Socks, every imaginable color, at per pair25c

The Merrimack CLOTHING CO.

Across From City Hall.

self in a wilderness, the world will beat a pathway to his door. I take issue with Emerson on one point. The world will beat a pathway to his door, provided he advertises. No matter what your advantages may be, unless you go out and preach the gospel of Lowell, you cannot gain your end. Unless you get a publicity fund you must take the back seat.

"I have not studied the 23 years of this board's history, but let that 23 be a symbol. Let it be 23 for months, 33 for disinterestedness and all get together for the promotion of Lowell."

"In the light of some experience let me just say a word about civic pride and civic duty. The organization, Desper-soulize the organization. There is not an organization that meets with success unless it depersonalizes its membership. Adopt the Rochester slogan which would then be 'do it for Lowell.' If you don't think enough of your city to make it a personal thing, you don't think enough of your city. The matter of dues places civic pride on a beggarly basis. You can't do much with your \$5 a year membership. You can well consider increasing your fee here."

"The city is a business corporation and it should be right for all its citizens to pay their share of the cost of advertising the city. It has tenements to be rented and merchants to be patronized. St. Paul and Norfolk are using the city's money to help pay for their promotional campaigns. The time may not be ripe now, but soon should be not before the city council to expend some money in advertising Lowell."

"The board of trade is not an organization apart from the members thereof. You men here tonight cannot absolutely fix the commercial future of Lowell. Resolutions are fine, but don't let it stop there. If you gentlemen of Lowell will consider the responsibility and will give your president and secretary loyal support you will do that which makes your city prosperous."

The next speaker was Woodworth Clum, secretary of the Rochester (N. Y.) chamber of commerce, whose remarks aroused the enthusiasm of the gathering. Mr. Clum spoke, in part, as follows:

"In riding through the streets of Lowell this afternoon, one might think it a time of peace, but as a fact we are on the threshold of the greatest conflict of the world. The competition between cities is keen. Chicago is engaged in a rivalry with New York and Boston, and Lowell can find a foe worthy of her best in this country. There is an opportunity for Lowell to make itself a greater city. The American cities spent \$8,000,000 in city promotion last year. How much did Lowell spend? Rochester spent 35 or 40 cents per capita. If Lowell could subscribe to a fund of 50 or 75 cents per capita for promotional work, how much it could do. Emerson once said that if a man preaches a better sermon or builds a better mousetrap than his fellowman, though he may establish him-

while the bituminous coal had not been properly burned.

If the bituminous coal had been properly burned, it would probably have made a greater saving than that change to buckwheat and that without any added charge for change in equipment. There are other factors, however, that may affect the value of the various grades of coal, too complex to go into at this time. The safest rule to follow is to try that coal which contains the greatest number of B. T. U. per dollar paid, and if it fails to get the expected economy in practice, call competent assistance to discover the reason why.

There is another direction in which we may look for a lower fuel cost in New England than the average New Englander is not at all familiar with. I refer here to the vast deposits of peat very uniformly distributed throughout New England. With the constantly increasing cost of coal, New England will find it more and more difficult to compete with other manufacturing centers more fortunately provided with a nearby fuel supply and it will find its salvation in these convenient deposits of peat. The United States Geological Survey has begun to investigate these peat deposits not only in New England, but throughout the country, as a possible future source of fuel in New England. Its greater need will bring its use the more quickly. It is not generally known to what a vast extent peat is present in large deposits in New England, nor is it generally known what high fuel value it represents.

Proper Burning of Fuel

The second phase of the question which is interesting to you is the proper burning of the fuel so that the maximum benefit may be derived from its use. And third, to burn the fuel smokelessly to the end that we may have a City Beautiful. Even this last deserves the attention of our distinctively commercial natures, for it cannot be denied that a beautiful city helps in some measure to pay dividends. These two phases of the subject I will speak of to some extent collectively.

In starting out to apply in a large commercial way the knowledge developed by two years of experimenting with fuel, it was found that the average fuel user was as reluctant to consider the reduction of his fuel bill, when this was to be accomplished without the use of some special device, as he would be to consider an offer of five dollar gold pieces for one dollar. This was due to the vast amount of misinformation that was and is extant both in print and from the lecture platform.

It has been the general contention that the economic use of fuel is a question of firemen and that smokeless combustion is a question of special furnace design. How deeply the conviction is fixed, that with the fireman rests the solution of the economic use of fuel, is evidenced by the recent report of the fuel committee of the Boston chamber of commerce. This committee recommended the establishment of some form of training school for firemen, so that they might become "skilled firemen," and advocated some form of agreement among employers whereby they would give the preference to these specially trained men. This idea is not undesirable, but it falls far short of meeting the needs of the situation.

The economic use and smokeless combustion of fuel rest entirely upon the conditions under which the combustion is carried on, and the average fireman's lack of "skill," so-called, does not affect these conditions in any measurable degree. His wilful neglect may defeat the attempt at economic use and his loss of economy of fuel, but his lack of so-called "skill as a fireman," never!

Smokeless combustion is dependent only upon a sufficient supply of properly distributed air and a certain relative thickness of fuel bed. This definition of the requirements for smokeless combustion, you will please note, makes it unnecessary to have any special or novel form of furnace. It may or may not consist of a fire brick structure. It may or may not consist of boiler heating surface, as in the locomotive type of boiler. Now, does this definition make it necessary to practice any so-called skillful method of introducing the fuel into the furnace. It follows, therefore, that any furnace may burn coal smokelessly insofar as the nature of its construction is concerned, and it is only necessary to provide a sufficient supply of properly distributed air to a proportioned thickness of fuel bed.

Economic Use of Fuel

Economic use of fuel is another matter, and does not necessarily follow when smokeless combustion is established. It is dependent upon the boiler as well as the furnace and either the boiler or the furnace may be the cause of the fuel waste, even though the fuel is being burned smokelessly. The maximum boiler and furnace economy is obtained when the fuel is completely oxidized with the minimum amount of air and the boiler is delivering the gases to the uptake at a minimum temperature. It will be evident then that both the economic use and smokeless combustion of fuel is dependent upon certain fixed conditions in the boiler plant relative to the supply and distribution of air to the furnace and upon a certain thickness of fuel bed.

The burning of fuel is essentially a chemical process and must be treated as such whether it is carried on in a

OUR GREAT Style Exhibit

Is Now Going On

UNEXCELLED DISPLAY OF THIS SEASON'S AUTHORITATIVE STYLES IN

Tailored Suits, Coats, Gowns, Costumes, Waists, Traveling Coats, Etc.

ALL ARE INVITED

Come for the first glimpse of the new fashions. Try them on. Look them over. See what is most becoming. Souvenirs.

New York Cloak and Suit Co.

12-18 JOHN STREET.

furnace requiring that the fuel be supplied from time to time by hand, or in a furnace to which the fuel is being automatically supplied in constant small quantities. It follows, therefore, that a stoking device or a hand fired furnace will fail to burn fuel properly unless the proper supply and distribution of air is effected.

Imperfect Combustion

"The loss due to imperfect combustion of fuel is variously stated as being from 10 to 50 per cent. I find, however, Continued to page seven

THE LOWELL NEST OF OWLS

Is the Largest in New England

Outside of Boston, and is still growing. Our members know that we have a good thing, and are hustling all the time. Another big initiation tomorrow (Thursday) evening in ELKS HALL at 7:45 o'clock. Come early to this big meeting. Our quarters are cramped already. Every chair occupied. Must have a bigger hall if we keep on like this.

The Owls say "That no person is good and no one is bad. We are all GOOD and BAD."

The Owls teach the tenets of no faith. They interfere with no church. They advocate no creed. The Owls are bound to help each other in every way possible. Are you in trouble? Does danger threaten you? An Owl must be your friend, not your JUDGE.

THE BENEFITS

\$7.00 per week for thirteen weeks.

\$3.50 a week for thirteen weeks.

A death claim of \$100.

Free doctor. Free medicine.

Charter Fee \$5.00.

ELKS HALL, TOMORROW NIGHT

HECTOR TURNBULL, Rec. Sec.

ED. M. BOWERS, Pres.

Do You Realize?

That despondency in women is a mental condition often traceable to some distinctly female ill!

Women who are well do not have the blues, neither are they irritable and restless. Derangement of the female organism breeds all kinds of miserable feelings such as backache, headache, and bearing-down feelings. Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. There is no doubt that it has made many remarkable cures of female ills after all other means had failed. There is hardly a day that some woman does not write us that this simple old medicine, made only of roots and herbs, has cured her of a severe illness.

Here are two such letters — read them — they are genuine and reliable.



Plateau, Pa.—"When I wrote to you first I was troubled with backache and was so nervous that I would cry at the least noise, it would startle me so. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies, and I don't have any more crying spells. I sleep sound and my catarrh is better, thanks to your advice. I will recommend your medicines to all sufferers."—Mrs. Mary Halstead, Plateau, Pa., Box 98.

Walcott, N. Dakota.—"I had inflammation which caused pains in my sides, and my back ached all the time. I was so blue that I felt like crying if any one even said 'How poorly you look to-day.' I wrote to you for advice and got it at once. I started to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Blood Purifier and Liver Pills, and I began to feel better and looked better before I finished the fourth bottle of medicine."—Mrs. Amella Dahl, Walcott, N. Dakota.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.



HARNESS

FOR ANYTHING

That can wear it is to be found here. Our line of

Single and Double Buggy Harness
Single and Double Delivery Harness
Single and Double Work Harness

Is the most complete in town. Every article is made of excellent material and the workmanship is of superior order.

Robes, Blankets and Stable Supplies

OUR PRICES ARE FIXED RIGHT FOR ECONOMICAL BUYERS

Donovan Harness Company

91 MARKET STREET

HAVE YOU HEARD ABOUT THIS?

Dough rises best when made from

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

A trial will prove it
WASHBURN-CROSBY CO.



"BIG BILL" KELIHER

Returns to Boston to Face Coleman's Charges

BOSTON, March 16.—William J. Kelher, alias "Big Bill," who has been reputed to be the leader of the "faro bank gang," returned to Boston last night to face an accusation that may be made against him in the Coleman case.

Mr. Kelher put his case in the hands of Daniel W. Coakley, who induced him to return to Boston and face the allegations which have been made against him.

Joseph A. Dennison, a brother-in-law of Mr. Coakley, is credited with having induced Kelher to return to Boston.

Kelher, who has been living in New York since his name was mentioned in connection with the looting of the National City bank of Cambridge, has desired to repudiate the charges which have been made against him, and he would have long ago returned to Boston had he been permitted to do so by his associates.

Mr. Kelher went to New York to meet Kelher and returned with him to Boston, arriving at the Back Bay station at 10.30 last night.

Met by Friends Only

In the station were Daniel W. Sughrue and relatives and friends of Mr. Kelher. When the train stopped the representatives of Mr. Kelher's attorneys and the members of his family split up in the effort to elude the reporter, whom they had recognized.

Just before the train started for the South station Kelher, wearing a black derby hat, a gray raincoat, somewhat wrinkled, and carrying a suit-case, alighted from the seventh parlor car. He looked worried, pale and disconcerted.

As he alighted from the train, his right arm was grabbed by a devoted relative, who simultaneously took his suit-case. They hurried across the platform to the stairs, and to the Dartmouth street exit of the station.

At the head of the stairs were several women and as many men, who seemed deeply interested in the return of Kelher.

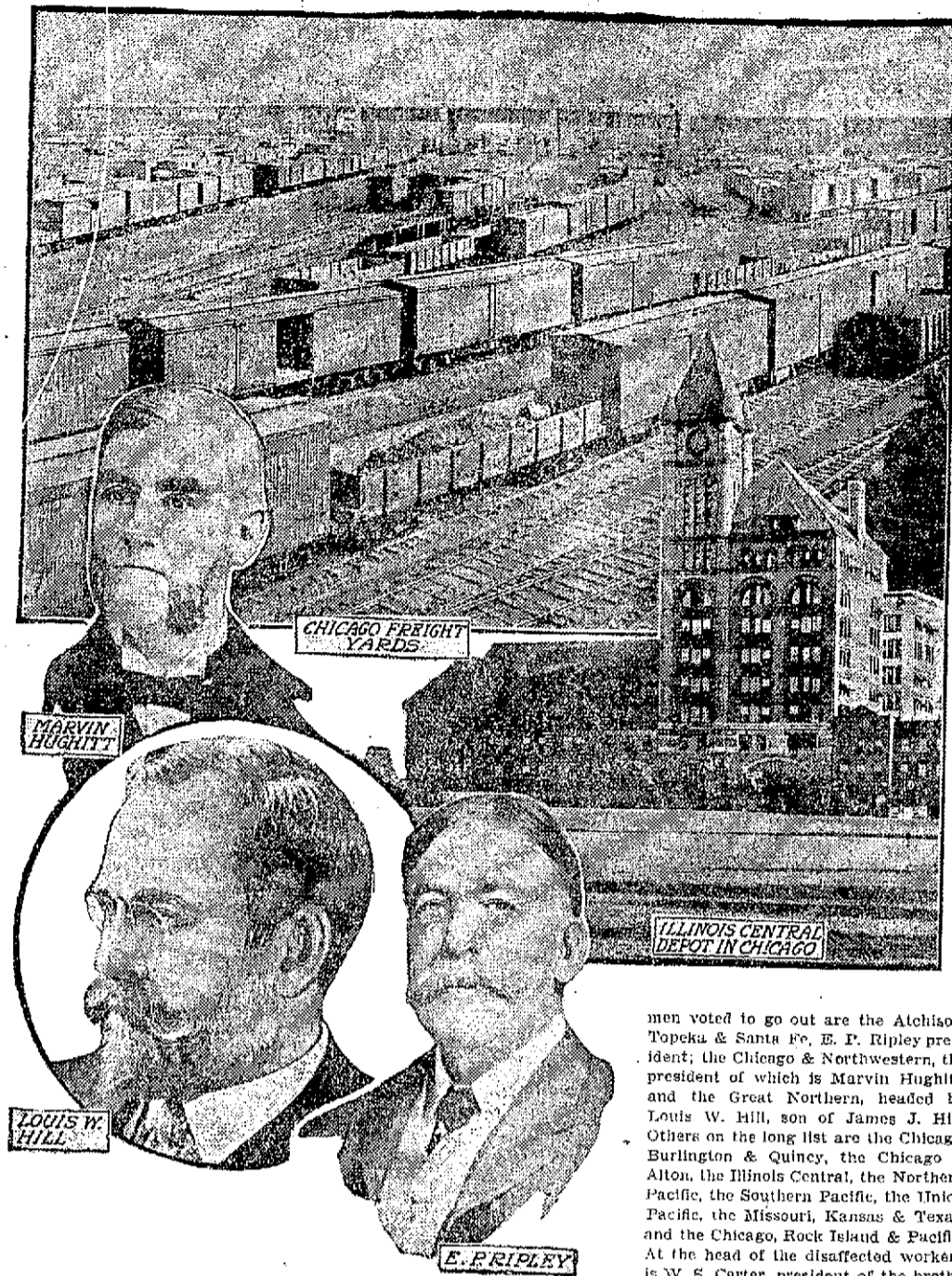
Carried Away in Touring Car

Speed laws were not considered. "Here he is," the woman in expensive furs called, and "Big Bill," under the guidance of his friends, hurried up the stairs, along the walk and into a touring car.

He was hugged and kissed, and told that he "is a brave boy," but "Big Bill" did not appear to appreciate the encomiums of his "fast" friends.

Before the chauffeur was able to get away two women heavily wrapped in furs hurried along the walk calling "Here he is," joined the company, got into the automobile and rode away.

HALF OF ENTIRE NATION MAY BE TIED UP BY STRIKE OF WESTERN FIREMEN



CHICAGO, March 16.—The complete tying up of every railroad in the west between 25,000 and 28,000. Forty-nine railroads, with a total length of about 120,000 miles, are affected by the difference between the roads and their men. The total mileage of the country is membership of which is estimated to be 234,600. Among the big roads whose

BRYAN COLEMAN AN OLD RESIDENT

Made a New Bowling Record Funeral of Mrs. Hannah Sullivan Today

Bryan Coleman, of the Y. M. C. I. bowling team, did a stunt Monday night which comes near being a breaker, that of making a single string of 98 without a strike or a spare. It was made by Fairbanks who secured a single of 97.

In the game in which Coleman rolled the Y. M. C. I. won two points from the St. Peter's team.

Last night the Y. M. C. I. rolled again and defeated the C. Y. M. I. taking all three strings.

The game between the Office and Station team of the Lowell Electric Light league resulted in a victory for the former team. The scores:

CATHOLIC LEAGUE
Y. M. C. I.

| | | | | |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| McCort | 76 | 84 | 87 | 247 |
| A. Doyle | 89 | 103 | 112 | 304 |
| McLaughlin | 81 | 93 | 90 | 264 |
| Bill King | 88 | 83 | 113 | 284 |
| Coleman | 103 | 98 | 106 | 307 |
| Totals | 447 | 461 | 513 | 1421 |

C. Y. M. I.

| | | | | |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Murphy | 74 | 84 | 75 | 233 |
| Royce | 105 | 101 | 79 | 285 |
| A. Grant | 74 | 83 | 85 | 242 |
| Shugrue | 91 | 83 | 81 | 255 |
| G. Grant | 90 | 87 | 86 | 263 |
| Totals | 444 | 448 | 420 | 1311 |

Y. M. C. I.

| | | | | |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| McCort | 96 | 105 | 97 | 298 |
| Martin | 74 | 88 | 94 | 256 |
| Long | 112 | 90 | 100 | 302 |
| McLaughlin | 86 | 87 | 89 | 262 |
| Coleman | 98 | 94 | 93 | 285 |
| Totals | 467 | 511 | 477 | 1455 |

St. Peter's

| | | | | |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| McCarthy | 83 | 94 | 90 | 267 |
| J. E. Donohoe | 103 | 109 | 83 | 295 |
| Riley | 97 | 87 | 80 | 264 |
| C. Donohoe | 94 | 91 | 79 | 264 |
| Ed. Donohoe | 94 | 104 | 70 | 268 |
| Totals | 469 | 458 | 402 | 1329 |

Belvidere

| | | | | |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Curry | 85 | 105 | 87 | 277 |
| Murphy | 102 | 90 | 105 | 297 |
| Vice | 84 | 101 | 82 | 267 |
| Gilligan | 82 | 87 | 103 | 272 |
| Clark | 104 | 101 | 92 | 297 |
| Totals | 447 | 457 | 470 | 1413 |

C. M. A. C.

| | | | | |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Lebrun | 88 | 104 | 80 | 272 |
| Levesque | 83 | 85 | 88 | 256 |
| Bernard | 89 | 81 | 80 | 250 |
| Maitloux | 83 | 111 | 83 | 277 |
| Boucher | 108 | 86 | 87 | 281 |
| Totals | 456 | 467 | 418 | 1341 |

ELECTRIC LIGHT LEAGUE
Office

| | | | | |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Gunston | 82 | 99 | 83 | 264 |
| Geor | 89 | 89 | 81 | 259 |
| Stickney | 72 | 73 | 83 | 228 |
| Farley | 30 | 96 | 80 | 206 |
| Halstead | 82 | 106 | 96 | 284 |
| Totals | 413 | 463 | 437 | 1313 |

Station

| | | | | |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Wood | 71 | 105 | 90 | 266 |
| P. Downing | 70 | 80 | 72 | 222 |
| Downing | 71 | 77 | 82 | 230 |
| Prescott | 85 | 84 | 82 | 251 |
| Callahan | 104 | 77 | 106 | 287 |
| Totals | 491 | 422 | 432 | 1345 |

ARMORY BOUTS

KID SHEA WON OVER TOMMY LANGDON

BOSTON, March 16.—The four eight round bouts at the armory went the limit. In the first preliminary Kid Shea of Augusta, Me., won the decision over Tommy Langdon of Philadelphia. Kyle Whitney of California gained the decision over the Daey Kid. In the semi-final Tommy O'Keefe of Philadelphia gave away a lot of weight to Frank Perron of Pawtucket, who was too clever for him and won the decision. Jimmy Walsh and Al Delmont of this city furnished a fast final. Referee Flaherty calling it a draw. Walsh had somewhat the better of the early rounds, according to severe punishment in the second, but in the seventh Delmont scored most in the later periods.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Hannah Sullivan, the last of the pioneer Catholic residents of the old "Acre Hill," took place yesterday from her home of a host of years, 1 Sullivan's, a court off Fenwick street, within the shadow of the church at which she had been a constant and devout attendant all her life. The funeral was largely attended, many of the older families of St. Mary's and St. Patrick's parishes being represented at the church service in St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock.

High mass of requiem was sung by Rev. James W. Hickey of Beaumont, Mass., assisted by Rev. Timothy Callahan, deacon, and Rev. Joseph Curtin, sub-deacon. The choir directed by Mr. Michael J. Johnson sang the usual funeral mass. Mr. Andrew McCarthy and Miss Murphy, sustaining the solos. The family requested that no flowers be sent, yet there were many beautiful floral tributes sent by relatives and friends.

There were many friends present from out of town, and among them were Mr. and Mrs. John Whaley and Mrs. Catherine Sullivan and Miss Sullivan of Rockland, Mass.; Mrs. Haggerty and the Misses Haggerty of Andover, Mass.; Mr. and Mrs. Lundrean and Miss Lendergan of Rockland, Mass.; Mrs. Ellen Sullivan, Mr. John Sullivan and Miss Theresa Sullivan of Nashua, N. H.; Mr. Wm. Burke and Mrs. Burke of North Brookfield, Mass.; Mrs. Ellen Collins and Mr. Henry Collins, North Brookfield, Mass.; Miss Marie Hickey, Beaumont, Mass.; Mr. Charles Coughlin, North Brookfield, Mass.

The bearers were Messrs. John Crowley, James Sullivan, John McCarthy, Daniel Crowley, Jeremiah Minahan and Joseph Sullivan. Interment was in the family lot in the Catholic cemetery, where Rev. Fr. Hickey gave the final absolution at the grave. Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.

THE DELEGATES

Of Division 8, A. O. H. Chosen Last Night

At the meeting of Div. 8, A. O. H. Monday night the hall was crowded and Pres. John C. Rourke occupied the chair. The principal business was the election of delegates and alternates to the coming county convention to be held in Cambridge one week from Sunday. The five officers of the division, John C. Rourke, Daniel F. Reilly, Nicholas Soraghan, Charles P. McGowan, and Thomas Dorsey will be the delegates and the alternates will be Michael Ryan, John F. Meehan, Michael Rogers, James O'Rourke and Patrick J. Mahoney. The bazaar committee submitted a most encouraging report and stated that the members of Div. 8 are leaving nothing undone to make the affair a great success. Six candidates were initiated and eighteen propositions were received. Under the good of the order there were remarks by John Barrett, Bro. Welch, P. J. Mahoney, Michael Ryan and President John C. Rourke.

FELL 15 FEET

FRANK CLARK DISLOCATED HIS SHOULDER

The ambulance was called to the wood yard of John P. Quinn, yesterday afternoon, where Frank Clark of 141 Chapel street fell a distance of 15 feet dislocating his shoulder. He was taken to St. John's hospital.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

WILL THESE STAR PLAYERS STAY OUT OF GAME ANOTHER SEASON?



Will another season pass without known reason he did not and has announced that he will not play during the 1910 season. Kling has asked the national commission to reinstate him, so the chances are that he may wear a Cub uniform this year. As Domin and Kilbr are two of the greatest players in the country, the fans are anxious to see them exert in front of them once more.

POLICE OFFICERS SAFE IS LOOTED MONEY SENT ON

Testify at Haverhill Hotel Hearings Loss of \$2800 Was Discovered To Bring Players From California to Lowell

HAVERRILL, March 16.—The evidence against Frank's How street hotel procured by the police was presented to the license commission last night, and the hearing was concluded, only to be followed by a second one on the charges against the new Gordon hotel, owned by Edward D. Heselson and A. O. Gordon.

In the Pratt case the evidence of Special Officer Harvey L. Tuck was the effect that he had bought liquor at the hotel on a Sunday without being served food. Patrolman Broderick testified that he had seen large crowds of the place, among them miners. Patrolman Blanchard also testified that his attention had frequently been called to the hotel because of boisterous times.

Attorney W. J. MacDonald in rebutting the case asked the license commission not to believe the testimony of the officers, uncorroborated. Owner Pratt and his bartender, Williams, both swore they had never sold liquor to Tuck.

The evidence against the new Gordon hotel was given by Deputy Marshal Hiram Pearson, Patrolman Richard Griffin and Special Officer Tuck. The two former testified that they had seen liquor served on a holiday and Sunday without food being served with it. Mr. Tuck said he bought a half pint without any trouble.

LOSS IS \$1800

FIRE IN TENEMENT HOUSE IN MILTON

MILTON, N. H., March 16.—The double tenement house on Main street, owned by Charles Dyer, was totally destroyed by fire early yesterday afternoon. The blaze originated in a room on the second floor, and is thought, from a detective chimney. The household goods of the occupants were saved. The loss is \$1800, partly insured.

The dwelling of Frank Kenney, across the street, caught fire from flying sparks, at one time it was thought that the Milton hotel and other houses near would go, but the effective work of the firemen, aided by a large bucket brigade from the village, stopped the spread. This was the fourth fire that has caused damage to buildings within 20 rods of the Dyer tenement in the past nine months.

LOSS OF \$24,000,000

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The financial loss in the United States caused by tuberculosis in food-producing animals amounts to \$24,000,000 annually according to an estimate made in his annual report by Dr. A. T. Melvin, chief of the bureau of animal industry of the department of agriculture.

The book contains more than 530 pages and includes many important papers of scientific interest.

BOSTON, March 16.—A number of thefts have occurred aboard the U. S. gunboat Castine since that ship arrived at the Charlestown navy yard, and the loss was discovered last week. In several instances arrests have been made of members of the crew and punishment meted out.

Yesterday it became known that \$2800 was missing from the safe of paymaster Lawrence G. Haughey of the ship. The loss was discovered last week. In several instances arrests have been made of members of the crew and punishment meted out.

The loss was immediately reported and an investigation on the ship resulted in no clues. Monday the matter was officially reported to the navy department and yesterday Capt. John C. Fremont, U. S. N., commandant of the local navy yard, was directed to institute a vigorous investigation. He appointed Pay Director Charles S. Williams, Lieut. C. A. Gardiner and Assistant Naval Constructor Robert B. Hilliard of the yard as the investigating board and they are now at work on the case.

Paymaster Haughey says he has never given the combination of the safe to anyone. The safe is intact. As money is paymaster Haughey's own property any loss falls upon him and not the government.

JUGULAR VEIN

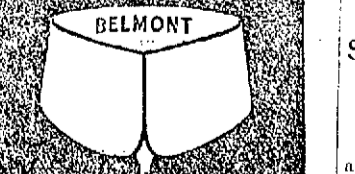
Surgeons to Remove It From Boy

NEW YORK, March 16.—With only a small part of his jugular vein left after a recent operation, Harold Erickson, a 19-year-old boy, apparently is recovering at the Long Island college hospital, and surgeons intend to remove the remainder of the vein in a few days.

As the jugular is the main drainage vein from the head, so to speak, it had been thought that the operation would not be done, but the physicians are sanguine of success, believing that the smaller blood vessels can do the work. Medical men are watching the case with interest.

Erickson's trouble began four weeks ago with an acute carache. An operation on the ear disclosed a blood clot, which spread and necessitated the operation.

When the final operation is completed it is estimated that Erickson will have been under the influence of ether for 24 hours and actually under the knife for six hours. The boy realizes the dangerous nature of the operations, and has helped the physicians with a fine display of nerve and a cheery good nature.



with the Ara-Notch in place of the bothersome buttonhole 15c. each—2 for 25c.

Claret, Peabody & Co., Makers
ARROW CUFFS, 25c. a Pair

Bright, Sears & Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS
Wyman's Exchange
SECOND FLOOR

CHAS. W. FAIRBANKS AND WIFE RETURNING FROM WORLD TOUR



NEW YORK, March 16.—Equating it in warmth if not in size the welcome to be extended to Colonel Roosevelt in June to the reception arranged to mark the return to America of his former associate in office, ex-Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks. Among the bodies which prepared to extend a hearty greeting to the returning luminaries and his wife was the Daughters of Indiana, a New York society, which included a banquet at the Hotel Astor in its program. Since leaving the United States, shortly after the close of his term of office in March, 1909, Mr. Fairbanks has circled the globe, receiving in every country, which he visited the most distinguished honors.

BOARD OF TRADE

Continued

that it is a very rare case in which the loss exceeds 20 per cent, and also that it is a very rare case where the loss does not exceed 7 per cent, unless, indeed, the burning of the fuel has been considered and treated as a chemical process. The degree of economy with which fuel is being used in New England is surprisingly uniform. The possible gain in economy usually lying between 10 and 15 per cent. This, however, is a very considerable item for New England and there is perhaps no section of the country in such urgent need of making the utmost economic use of fuel. The present yearly fuel bill for New England is approximately one hundred million dollars, seventy million of which represents profit and freight. Ten per cent of this is the very considerable sum of ten million dollars yearly. In individual plants 10 per cent of the fuel bill frequently comes a very considerable item. In the first plant to which this broader knowledge of fuel burning was applied, a saving of 17 per cent, or approximately \$175 per day, was made. In one textile mill, a saving of approximately 18 per cent, or \$20,000 per year, was made. These are, however, exceptional plants, both as to size and saving effected.

Usually the saving has been from 10 to 15 per cent, but it will only take a moment's consideration to show that such a 10 per cent saving from the fuel bill of the usual manufacturing plant

would have a measurable effect upon the possible yearly dividend. When it is realized that this saving can be obtained without the necessity of any investment for changes in equipment, only requiring a little time and effort to find and establish the proper conditions for the burning of fuel in each particular plant, with perhaps some little added education of the engineer in the chemistry of the combustion process, it is obvious that the subject is of the utmost importance to the fuel user.

The so-called smoke nuisance is that phase of the question which perhaps is of the most general interest. It has been the subject of many investigations and reports by the health authorities of our cities, the country over. Smoke laws have been enacted which, while intended to abolish smoke, have perhaps done as much as any other one factor to continue the smoke nuisance. They have continued hardships on the coal users that were unreasonable and have frequently specified stack conditions under which the fuel user could not operate his plant. This has resulted in the fuel user so eloquently defending himself against punishment under such a law that he has not only convinced the court, but himself, as well, that coal could not be burned without making large volumes of heavy smoke, and it is hardly consistent to pass a smoke law if you cannot also make out the way in which the fuel user can live under or within it.

No attempt should be made by any city to pass a law aiming at the immediate abolishment of smoke, for the present state of the art of burning coal would make such a law unjust. Before fuel can be burned smokelessly by all users, a vast amount of educational work must be done. I personally believe that fuel users are very rapidly coming to a general realization of the possible large profit in attending to the better burning of their fuel and that we shall arrive at the smokeless burning of fuel as quickly as may be without any further pressure being brought to bear in the form of smoke laws. However, if it should seem desirable in any city to enact a smoke law, the law should be drawn up with the utmost care and consideration. It should define the amount and degree of smoke, providing also a standard from which these may be measured. It should classify the kinds of stacks, aiming at the outset only to abate smoke and, after a reasonable period of time, gradually raise the standard to afford the fuel user ample time to accomplish the improvement necessary to meet the higher standard. It should also provide a means of showing that the standard set was reasonable and possible of accomplishment.

trust, men of proven character and experience. We should take a deep interest in everything that affects the homes and general welfare of our people.

"Strangers from nearly every clime, and race, and language, and religious belief in the whole world are flocking to our shores. They come hither with high hopes, as to a land of promise. They naturally expect to better their conditions and to find here opportunity and fair treatment. They long to enter into the political life of the great republic of the western world. And it is our duty to aid us far as we may the realization of these

HON. JOHN P. MEEHAN
MayorSUPERFLUOUS
HAIR REMOVERS

The New York World, in Commenting Upon Unscrupulous Manufacturers of Them, Says:

"The fakes put on the market in the last ten years have numbered their victims by the hundreds of thousands. Empty promises have been made by scores of promoters in the wild scramble to get the money. The marvel is that woman has not become so thoroughly disgusted as to reject all treatments for good.

"But her hope for a remedy was not in vain, and the credit of coming to her assistance fell to an American. Only a few years ago the now well known De Miracle treatment was brought forth and it proved to be a revelation in modern science. The representative of the New York World investigated the discovery and the methods by which it was introduced to the public. He and his investigative team have shown it to be the long desired, practical, expeditious and safe way in which to destroy the growth of hair. Those who put it before the public know the fallacy and dishonesty of publishing extravagant claims. They did not resort to any catch schemes, such as making a prospective customer a special offer of personal interest.

"They started in to win the confidence of the public, and in this way they have been eminently successful.

"What is more to the point, it has been endorsed by prominent physicians, representative medical journals and leading magazines devoted to woman's cause. There is too much at stake to risk such indiscretions if they are not true to the letter. Only the result of repeated chemical experiments and a thorough knowledge of the origin of all hair growth could stand against the investigation of such authorities.

"The De Miracle Chemical Company is open and above board in every detail. The inducements are not just claimed. A little probing on the part of the paper disclosed the fact that they are published and sent broadcast, with the identity and address of the writer or publication added.

"This is the stumbling block of all the so-called remedies. A reputable member of the medical profession or a publication in good standing could never afford to be identified with anything that savors of a fake in reference to hair removers. It would be a disgrace to the medical profession or a publication given through these channels is not to be bought with money. It is given on the strength of conviction.

"When so great and reliable a publication as the New York World publishes such facts as the above in reference to hair removers, it is sufficient to convince any one that De Miracle is the only absolutely safe, reliable and trustworthy hair remover ever offered the public. De Miracle is sold by A. G. Pollard Co.

"The complete article of the New York World and Editorials of many other well-known publications, containing testimonials, will be mailed free in plain sealed envelope on request. Address De Miracle Chemical Co., Dept. 3, Park Ave. and 126th St., New York. Write for it today.

REV. DR. KELEHER

Rev. D. J. Keleher, Ph. D., pastor of St. Peter's church, was next introduced and was most cordially greeted.

Dr. Keleher spoke as follows: "Gentlemen, the only excuse I have for taking up your valuable time to-night is that I could not disregard the mandate of your committee to say a few words.

"It gives me great pleasure, however, to be here and I regard it a privilege to be called upon to address this body whose membership embraces so large a number of the active and energetic men of Lowell.

"What I like most about this association is that it represents a violation of the law of nature. It furnishes the opportunity for people who hold divergent views on other subjects, to get together and pull together for the common welfare.

"One of our committees has for its title and object, 'The City Beautiful,' and there can be no doubt that the adornment of our public places, the beauty and staidness of our public buildings, as well as the neatness and comfort of our homes, exert an influence on the local pride and contentment of our people. While I wish to say nothing that would detract from the force of this statement, I believe that the true city beautiful is the city where people love one another; where each man and woman not only respects the rights, but takes a sincere interest in the welfare and happiness of all. Feeling as I do, that in giving utterance to this sentiment I voice the attitude of every man present and the corporate spirit of the organization, I will not attempt to enforce it by argument.

In the city beautiful, courtesy and kindness should be evidenced in all our relations with one another. We should strive by fair and honorable dealing, to deserve the esteem of our fellow citizens. We should cultivate the highest ideals of civic responsibility. We should make our city government a model of honesty and efficiency. We should choose for posts of honor and

trust, men of proven character and experience. We should take a deep interest in everything that affects the homes and general welfare of our people.

hopes. Our manufacturing centers, like Lowell, are receiving a greater proportion than other places, of these newcomers, and therefore the duty devolves upon us in a greater degree to help along the work of their transformation into prosperous and happy, and therefore devoted members of our community.

"Those who are handicapped by a strange environment, and are ignorant of our language, should be the object of especial consideration. It would be a pity if their first experience in this, their new home, should be saddened by unnecessary rudeness or unfair treatment. How better can we contribute to the building of the city beautiful than by cultivating the spirit of fellowship, so that every heart may beat in loyal union for our common home. Even if we would, we could not separate our destiny and our happiness from that of those who dwell among us. Let us, with a little care, strengthen the spirit of united effort for the common weal. Let our

BLOOD
POISON

Cured by the Marvel of the Century, the Obacc System

Drives out blood poison in any stage permanently, without drastic measures, or loss of health, but with positive results, safe, reliable. To prove it we will send you a 30 Day Treatment Free

Simplest, fastest, surest, and most reliable. See for free literature and complete list of our Obacc System. THE OBACC CO., 2561 Rector Bldg., Chicago

FREE! Mary T. Goldman's Gray Hair Restorer restores original color to bald, thinning hair, or hair turned gray from 10 to 15 days. Entirely different from anything else. Does not wash off, does not fade. Has no sediments, so it's neither sticky nor greasy. Does not clog pores, does not irritate. Has no odor, and is entirely safe. See for free literature and complete list of our Obacc System. THE OBACC CO., 2561 Rector Bldg., Chicago

A. W. Dows & Co.

COL. SIDNEY O. BIGNY

Col. Sidney O. Bigny of Attleboro was the concluding speaker, and he certainly made a hit. His subject was Panama, but he digressed in most entertaining manner. He opened up with a talk on the temperance and the cigarette, and among college boys. He also paid his respect to the political bosses, and as the man who fought and defeated the bossism of Henry Cabot Lodge when a candidate for national delegate, the colonel knew whereof he spoke. He told a number of amusing stories, mostly at the expense of ministers. He prefaced his address by an appreciative word concerning Lowell and the board of trade. He said he could not fail to note that the board had served its dinner without any intoxicants. By contrast he declared that there is something wrong with the American college and the college fraternities, because a boy goes to college without ever having tasted intoxicants, but has not been there long before he learns all about it. The professors in colleges should be chastised if they do not banish intoxicants from the tables in colleges. The cigarette habit was another theme he touched upon, and he said he thought someone should go among the boys and talk business along this line. He wished there was some way to combat it.

Having paid his respects to these subjects, which, by the way, brought him unstinted applause, he turned to the canal at Panama, and described the work that is being done there and some of the features of the life there. He showed the difference in the methods adopted by the French and by the United States in starting the work. The French paid no attention to sanitation, while the United States spent \$5,000,000 on that work before starting to dig the canal. He said there is being made not only a canal but a new type of American citizen by means of the careful school training among the natives by American teachers.

Among the men at work he said there was a true American spirit of interest in completing the canal and the work is going on rapidly. He was glad to be there and see the impossible being made possible.

He was at Panama when the national legislators were there and they returned together on the steamer. He said these legislators discussing the canal and shipping and he was moved to call them to account because they were accustomed to vote on partisan lines and not for the best interests of the country, and that it was a burning shame that congress had refused to subsidize the shipping. He objected to bossism and declared that the senators and representatives should be held to stricter accounting of their time and not be permitted to say what should and what should not be, whether they were present at the time or not.

"Our congressmen and senators," said Col. Bigny, "should tell us what we are to do while they're away. That's the only way I don't like. If we showed sufficient good judgment to send them to Washington, we'll have enough left to run our affairs at home while they're away. They told me once that I couldn't go to the national convention, but I went."

Speaking of Cuba, Col. Bigny said: "Conditions indicate that we'll have to go back there again and when we go back again we'll stay there."

The D. L. Page company catered and the service was excellent.

Members present at the banquet of the Lowell Board of Trade:

Louis Alexander, A. J. Alley, H. B. Baehde, F. G. Baldwin, Robert Harris, Chas. E. Bartlett, Sylvester Dean, Amos P. Best, A. G. Behrman, R. J. Bill, P. M. Bill, Herbert D. Bixby, Walter Booth, F. Bowen, W. H. Bolger, Boyle Bros., T. P. Boulger, Ralph E. Brazier, Owen E. Brennan, Wm. E. Brion, Jas. H. Buckley, John C. Burke, Jos. Burkinshaw, Fred. Burr, Arthur Butler, Wallace Butterfield, Orlis C. Calkins, D. G. E. Caisse, Abel R. Campbell, Frank J. Campbell, Edward E. Carney, A. D. Carter, C. O. Leavitt, C. H. Lane, John C. Leggett, Dr. J. H. Lambert, H. M. Lahue, Dr. J. E. Lamoureux, Dr. M. Leary, Lowell Commercial College, Thomas Lees, W. H. Limburg, R. P. Loveloy, Morris Lemkin, Geo. K. Lull, Geo. C. Larabee, Fred G. Lewis, C. O. Leadbetter, N. G. Lamson, D. H. Laporte, Robert E. Marden, Ed. Mercier, J. J. McManmon, H. J. P. Meehan, J. E. Mumford, P. J. Marble, P. T. Mussey, Craven Mideley, C. G. Morrison, C. H. Molloy, Chas. H. McIntire, P. A. Mackenzie, J. C. Maignau, Jas. W. McKenna, Frank P. Moody, Edward E. Carney, C. H. Miller

A Word to Mothers

It is wise and economical to purchase good, durable clothes which have behind them the prestige of over thirty-three years of good clothes-making. That's why the "MERRIMACK" features "SAMPECK" CLOTHES for Boys.

Sampeck Clothes for boys are individually cut and tailored—are made in sanitary tailoring shops in New York under their own supervision. They run full size, are silk sewn throughout—will not rip—and have hand worked collars and fronts. Each pattern and fabric is exclusive and the interior canvas and trimmings of superior quality.

"The Merrimack" is pleased to be able to show the MOTHERS of Lowell a grand assortment of these splendid clothes for spring. We know that for good, honest, durable Boys' Clothes, Sampeck garments never disappoint.

The Merrimack
Clothing Company

Across From City Hall.

Edward Cawley, A. M. Chadwick, C. N. Childs, Harry Clapp, George Nash, Franklin Nourse, Elisha J. Neale, Chas. Nichols, Jas. E. O'Donnell, C. M. Olson, J. A. O'Connor, Henry W. O'Brien, Wm. N. Osgood, Chas. O'Neil, James F. Owens, Jas. O'Sullivan, Thomas O'Day, L. A. Olney, T. O'Hearn, J. Howard Tillman, Dwight M. Pratt, Frank G. Pratt, Joseph Peabody, J. Alfred Parker, John W. Peard, Chas. E. Peard, Wm. C. Percell, Henry N. Peabody, Chas. S. Peck, John H. Preston, Wm. H. Penn, Ned E. Putnam, Truman Parker, F. E. Putnam, K. A. Puffer, Arthur D. Prince, C. G. Pollard, F. H. Pearson, Albert L. Paul, D. L. Page, Francis W. Qua, Stanley E. Qua, H. C. Quibach, W. P. Roche, P. W. Reilly, H. Reynolds, Martin H. Reilly, Dr. G. M. Randall, Samuel Roster, C. E. Ruppel, Henry Runels, H. R. Rice, A. R. Rabour, C. H. Russell, Edward J. Robbins, Royal S. Ripley, Frank Rhodes, Charles A. Rogers, Eugene G. Russell, Jesse H. Shepard, L. Kirk Sprague, F. H. Safford, Bennett Silverblatt, Henry A. Smith, C. E. Stevens, Harry L. Stanley, Frank M. Short, John A. Stevens, E. P. Sparks, R. J. Shaw, A. W. Slocum, R. E. Strow, Melvin B. Smith, John A. Simpson, H. J. Samuels, D. E. Shanahan, C. E. Grover, J. H. Gullitt, Percy Gullitt, Walter E. Guayette, Geo. W. Healey, R. H. Hartley, E. H. Houghton, Geo. M. Harrigan, Chas. R. Hitchcock, Richard H. Hobbins, W. B. Haves, S. C. Holmington, Geo. H. Hutchins, John J. Hogan, F. E. Haines, Frank W. Hurd, Joseph J. Jahn, Geo. H. Jefferson, A. E. Johnston, Victor P. Jewett, James H. Kelley, Rev. D. J. Keleher, Samuel Kershaw, C. T. Kilpatrick, Irving D. Kimball, L. Kimball, J. B. Keyes, Harry Knapp, Thos. H. Lawler

Joseph Mullin, Thomas Murphy, John P. Meehan, Wm. H. Noonan, George Nash, Franklin Nourse, Elisha J. Neale, Chas. Nichols, Jas. E. O'Donnell, C. M. Olson, J. A. O'Connor, Henry W. O'Brien, Wm. N. Osgood, Chas. O'Neil, James F. Owens, Jas. O'Sullivan, Thomas O'Day, L. A. Olney, T. O'Hearn, J. Howard Tillman, Dwight M. Pratt, Frank G. Pratt, Joseph Peabody, J. Alfred Parker, John W. Peard, Chas. E. Peard, Wm. C. Percell, Henry N. Peabody, Chas. S. Peck, John H. Preston, Wm. H. Penn, Ned E. Putnam, Truman Parker, F. E. Putnam, K. A. Puffer, Arthur D. Prince, C. G. Pollard, F. H. Pearson, Albert L. Paul, D. L. Page, Francis W. Qua, Stanley E. Qua, H. C. Quibach, W. P. Roche, P. W. Reilly, H. Reynolds, Martin H. Reilly, Dr. G. M. Randall, Samuel Roster, C. E. Ruppel, Henry Runels, H. R. Rice, A. R. Rabour, C. H. Russell, Edward J. Robbins, Royal S. Ripley, Frank Rhodes, Charles A. Rogers, Eugene G. Russell, Jesse H. Shepard, L. Kirk Sprague, F. H. Safford, Bennett Silverblatt, Henry A. Smith, C. E. Stevens, Harry L. Stanley, Frank M. Short, John A. Stevens, E. P. Sparks, R. J. Shaw, A. W. Slocum, R. E. Strow, Melvin B. Smith, John A. Simpson, H. J. Samuels, D. E. Shanahan, C. E. Grover, J. H. Gullitt, Percy Gullitt, Walter E. Guayette, Geo. W. Healey, R. H. Hartley, E. H. Houghton, Geo. M. Harrigan, Chas. R. Hitchcock, Richard H. Hobbins, W. B. Haves, S. C. Holmington, Geo. H. Hutchins, John J. Hogan, F. E. Haines, Frank W. Hurd, Joseph J. Jahn, Geo. H. Jefferson, A. E. Johnston, Victor P. Jewett, James H. Kelley, Rev. D. J. Keleher, Samuel Kershaw, C. T. Kilpatrick, Irving D. Kimball, L. Kimball, J. B. Keyes, Harry Knapp, Thos. H. Lawler

James Dow, Aro M. Downs, Wm. Drapace, John E. Drury, Ernest G. Dunas, Dr. J. E. Durand, C. W. Durant, John F. Dwyer, C. F. Fawcright, W. K. Fawcright, Wm. M. Fairbanks, Wm. F. Farrell, Dr. J. E. Feinberg, Dr. James B. Field, E. A. Fisher, Ed. Fitzpatrick, A. A. Fletcher, F. J. Flemings, Samuel Fleming, J. H. Flint, C. M. Forrest, G. M. Foster, Russell Fox, Arthur Frazer, A. F. French, Robert Friend, Edward G. Gallagher, F. H. Gambel, Eugene G. Russell, F. C. Garrett, Bernard G. Gately, Joseph A. Garmon, C. E. George, J. E. Gibson, Percy F. Gilbert, J. H. Gilmore, Joseph Goodman, J. B. Goodwin, Thos. Goyette, Alanson Gray, Arthur L. Gray, H. B. Greene, Rev. Jas. E. Gregg, F. Gregoire, Melvin B. Smith, John A. Simpson, H. J. Samuels, D. E. Shanahan, C. E. Grover, J. H. Gullitt, Percy Gullitt, Walter E. Guayette, Geo. W. Healey, R. H. Hartley, E. H. Houghton, Geo. M. Harrigan, Chas. R. Hitchcock, Richard H. Hobbins, W. B. Haves, S. C. Holmington, Geo. H. Hutchins, John J. Hogan, F. E. Haines, Frank W. Hurd, Joseph J. Jahn, Geo. H. Jefferson, A. E. Johnston, Victor P. Jewett, James H. Kelley, Rev. D. J. Keleher, Samuel Kershaw, C. T. Kilpatrick, Irving D. Kimball, L. Kimball, J. B. Keyes, Harry Knapp, Thos. H. Lawler

given at this theatre every Tuesday night. In addition to the regular performance, which is in itself a big show at little prices, there was an unusually long list of amateur talent presented as an extra feature. Amateurs from Lawrence, Nashua, Boston and other nearby towns sang, danced, offered original (?) monologues, gave exhibitions of acrobatic expertise, and in their several ways made earnest effort to win the applause of the large audience present and at the same time earn one of the cash prizes offered by the management. There were many good voices heard among them and a liberal sprinkling of comedy, that kept the audience in roars of laughter. So general was the desire to witness the performance last night that the house was filled at an early hour and the box office closed. The vaudeville and pictures seen on the program for the first three days are excellent and will be seen to-day for the last time as there will be a complete change of both vaudeville and pictures tomorrow.

HATHAWAY THEATRE

"Cupid's Voyage," a spectacular act, in which Kate and Harry Jackson are topknoted at Hathaway's theatre this week is bound to win much applause through the realism of its stage settings and its excellent acting. The story told concerns a widow hunting, middle aged man, who suffers from sea and heart sickness. How he eventually wins the widow by saving her life in a shipwreck finishes the story.

The three vagrants, Italian street singers and instrumentalists, give an act abounding in good music. The folk songs of Italy are given good rendition by the three men. Henry Horton in a first class rural act, with a supporting company of excellence, will meet with approval. Other good things on the bill are: Harry Linton and Anna Lawrence, in "The Piano Store," Granville & Rogers, singers, dancers and talkers; W. H. Gallaway, comic artist of "Puck Van Hoven," the mad magician, and the motion pictures.

Performances will be given every afternoon and evening by the foregoing with special seats at the business for women.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

There certainly is a great bill at the Academy of Music. Danny Simmons is a host in himself, and is a laugh from start to finish; while Doris & De Leon have one of the best musical and singing acts heard here in a long time. Dan McCaffrey is making a big hit with his song "Baltimore Bombshay," and the pictures are all good. On Thursday, Hammond & Forrester and Dorothy Hall will give the feature acts with an entire change of pictures. Dan McCaffrey will sing "The Hat My

Father Wore," in honor of St. Patrick's day. Amateurs tonight. Admission, 5 and 10 cents.

THEATRE VOYONS

Every one of the features of the Theatre Voyons' bill today is an excellent one, new, interesting, and the best in its class. "The Scoop" is a clever newspaper story. "The Arrest of Mrs. Du Barry," a finely acted historical sketch, "The Legend of Daphne," a beautiful production of a familiar story, and "An Interrupted Honeymoon," a very funny comedy. Tomorrow the feature will be "The Fence on the Bar Ranch," a dramatic love story of the west, in which a disputed boundary line nearly wrecks the happiness of two youthful lovers besides causing all sorts of other bother. "The Robber Baron" is an interesting picture, well staged and acted and the comedy is a good one. There will be a special program of music tomorrow in honor of St. Patrick's day.

If you want help-at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

What Parisian Sage will
do or Money Back

Stop falling hair in two weeks.
Cure dandruff in two weeks.
Stop splitting hair.
Stops itching scalp immediately.
Grow more hair.
Make harsh hair soft, silky and luxuriant.
Brightens up the hair and eyebrows.
As a hair dressing it is without a peer—it contains nothing that can possibly harm the hair, it is not sticky, oily or greasy—it is used by thousands to keep the hair healthy.
For women and children it is the most delightful dressing and should be in every home. Druggists everywhere and Carter & Sherburne sell it for 50 cents a large bottle. The girl with the Auburn hair is on every bottle. Mail orders filled by American makers, Giroux Mfg. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.



The WALK-OVER Woman

Cordially invites you to be present at the opening of the new WALK-OVER Boot Shop for men and women at 54 Central and 53 Prescott Streets, between 2 and 10 p. m. Friday, March 18th, 1910.

No goods sold on opening day.

MUSIC

SOUVENIRS



LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

All roads led to the Opera House last night, the occasion being another of the successful amateur nights that are

St. Patrick's Day
Souvenirs

Cards, Booklets, Tally Cards,

Dinner Cards,

Favors and Flags

PRINCE'S

108 Merrimack Street

HAVERHILL'S CHARTER

Hearing in Legislature on Bill to Amend It

BOSTON, March 16.—City Solicitor Nichols and Mayor Moulton of Haverhill appeared before the committee on cities yesterday morning in favor of a bill which virtually amends the new city charter of Haverhill by providing that the school committee of that city in its annual appropriation shall not appropriate or expend in any one year a sum in excess of \$6 on each thousand of taxable property. This is the mayor's bill and he had ex-Mayor Roswell C. Wood of Haverhill, his immediate predecessor, but foot after him opposed to any change in the city charter for five years. Mr. Wood told some strange things that are happening in Denmark and warned the committee.

City Solicitor Nichols opened for the bill, explaining that the city council has no restriction upon the expenditures of the school committee since it has the power to decide what is necessary and to spend money for it even in excess of its appropriation.

Thursday Bargain Day

Corset Covers of good nainsook, deep lace yokes with ribbon, regular 25c styles, but most of them are sizes 36 and 42. Thursday bargain day,

15c

Lawn Skirt Aprons, 38 inches wide and 31 inches long. Thursday bargain day,

3 for 25c

Messaline Waists, in black, wistaria and reseda, yoke of graduated tucks. Thursday bargain day,

\$1.97

A small lot of 68c and 98c lingerie waists. Thursday bargain day,

39c

Discontinued styles of 97c lingerie and tailored waists, Thursday bargain day,

69c

The White Store

116 Merrimack St.

AUTO WRECKED

Machine Collided With a Pole

J. Mann Andrews, secretary of the O'Sullivan Rubber Heel Co., had a narrow escape from being killed in Rogers street about 6:30 o'clock last night, when his automobile collided with a pole near the corner of Boylston street. The machine was wrecked, but fortunately Mr. Andrews and the other occupant of the car escaped serious injury.

Mr. Andrews was driving the car at the time, and was accompanied by a friend of the family. Neither of the occupants was thrown from the car, and Mr. Andrews was removed to his home, 256 Andover street, where a physician was called. It was said last night that he was resting comfortably and that he would probably be out within a few days. His companion was said to have sustained only flesh wounds which, while painful, were considered trivial in character.

MISS MABEL HILL

ADDRESSED MOLLY VARNUM CHAPTER, D. A. R.

Miss Mabel Hill gave a delightful talk at a social meeting of the Molly Varnum chapter, D. A. R., yesterday. Her subject was "Current Ideas and Topics of Conversation in the Home of Our Colonial Ancestors."

As indicating how far we have advanced scientifically, she cited the fact that in a comet is no longer regarded as a messenger from God—a forerunner of disaster, as Cotton Mather believed and taught. Speaking of the advance in the science of medicine, Miss Hill quoted from an old book of recipes kept by Governor Inthrop, proving conclusively that that distinguished Colonial aristocrat believed in such nonsense as hard boiled eggs on the back of your neck to cure insomnia, and dried and powdered beads for smallpox; also cod-livers for people who have "melted their grease."

Miss Hill also said that our Colonial ancestors were not, as we so frequently hear, democratic, but that they brought with them into New England the idea of aristocracy, which they manifested even in the assignment of the pews in the church.

An idea of the religious thought of the Colonial days was given by quoting some of the favorite hymns of

TALBOT'S CHEMICAL STORE

Sulphur 5c lb.
Epsom Salts 5c lb.
Syrup Hypophosphites 50c
Sanitary Fluid 15c pt.
Chloride Lime 10c lb.
Hydrogen Peroxide
4 oz. 12c; 8 oz. 18c; 1b. 30c
Glycerine 35c pt.
Borax (Pure) 10c lb.
Saleratus 5c lb.
Creosote 10c pt.

40 Middle Street

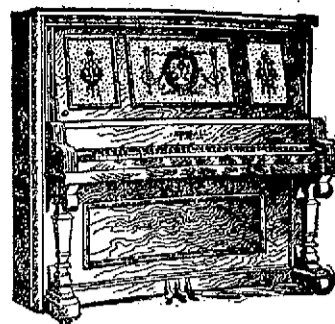
DO YOU WANT A FINE NEW \$375 PIANO FREE

1st PRIZE

Consolidated Manufacturers'

2nd Prize — \$150 Credit Certificate.

3rd Prize — \$125 Credit Certificate.



Limerick Contest

And Over \$12,500 Worth of Additional Prizes

Do You Want a Fine, New \$375 Kimball Piano? Just think of a good line to complete the Limerick (verse) shown on the coupon below. You have the same opportunity as anyone to win the piano or one of the other prizes. It costs nothing to try, and is the greatest offer ever made to those desiring a piano.

All you have to do is to write the line. There is no catch. Prominent men will act as judges. This great contest is put on through the co-operation with the W. W. Kimball Co., the largest piano manufacturers in the world, to advertise the Kimball piano and to acquaint everyone in New England with the fact that the Hallet & Davis Piano Co. are the sole factory distributors for the Kimball in New England. In good, believing that a Kimball piano in the home is the best advertisement, and it is for piano buyers that this contest is run. We also intend to use the good Limericks for advertising cards, etc.

THE PRIZES First prize—A fine new Kimball piano, valued at \$375. Second prize—A credit certificate for \$150. Third prize credit certificate for \$125. The next 8 best answers will be given a certificate for \$1 less than those previous—that is, six at \$89, next six at \$88, etc.—until the \$12,500 has been awarded. Special Advertising Appropriation—In addition to the above prizes the Company will voluntarily issue to each of the remaining contestants a special certificate of credit, of \$25, as an award for their effort in this contest.

These certificates are good on the purchase of any New Kimball, Hallet & Davis or Conway piano or player-piano in our warerooms at regular retail price. Time of certificate is limited.

SIMPLE CONDITIONS The Limerick shown on coupon below needs one more line. Fill this out. This last line should rhyme with the first line in couplet filled out, or exact written copy, as no answer will be accepted unless this is done, and address all answers to managers of contest. The last answer must be in this office on or before 5:30 p. m., March 24, 1910. Here is a partial list of words that rhyme for the verse below: Flown, prone, thrown, lone, loan, sown, grown, alone, cone, lone, atone, bone, dethrone, own, disown, etc.

COUPON

Fill out last line of Verse below, answer questions, sign Name and Address.

Low, 8.

The Kimball name is well known,
True worth it always has shown,
A better to buy,
'Tis useless to try,

Write Your Line Here I submit herewith by Limerick and agree to abide by the decision of the judges.
Name City
Street State
Have you an upright or square piano or organ? State which

Certificates cannot be applied on any purchase made previous to March 24, 1910. Only one certificate may be applied on the purchase of one piano.

THE JUDGING Disinterested judges will be chosen at the close, and their names will be announced later. The decision of the judges will be final. All prize winners will be notified. Here is a sample of another Limerick, showing one complete:

Sold a musician of fame far and near,
Hallet & Davis is without any peer,
Its tone is, I find,
Just the right kind,
And what's more, it grows better each year.

Disinterested judges will be chosen at the close, and their names will be announced later. The decision of the judges will be final. All prize winners will be notified. Here is a sample of another Limerick, showing one complete:

CONTEST CLOSING MARCH 24, 1910

Mail or Bring Answers to Manager of Contest,

Hallet & Davis Piano Co.

146 BOYLSTON ST., BOSTON

Established 1830.

New England's Foremost Piano House

BEEF PACKERS

ARE ACCUSED BY THE GRAND JURY

CLEVELAND, O., March 16.—The beef packers are charged directly with the high cost of meat in the report of the special grand jury which was called here to investigate the high cost of living and which announced its findings yesterday. The grand jury declares that it has found that the butchers are under the thumb of the packers and cannot obtain a reasonable return on their business without charging excessive prices. An attack also is made upon the local system of meat inspection, which it is charged is incompetent and practically useless.

The grand jury also finds that there exists in this city conditions which foster the placing of almost the entire milk business into the hands of one firm and that cold storage eggs a year old are being sold as fresh. It recommends the enactment of an ordinance compelling all cold storage eggs to be marked with the date on which they

that day; and the advances in civilized thought was indicated by reference to some of the favorite forms of punishment for offenders against the law.

Mrs. Warner E. L. Ward, a former member of the chapter, was present and sang exquisitely "The Land of Nod," by Gilbert; "The Year's at the Spring," Mrs. Beach and "Carissima," by Arthur A. Penn. Miss Helen Savage accompanied.

Following the entertainment, tea was served by the hospitality committee. Mrs. G. C. Brock and Mrs. H. A. Lambert poured.

MORSE SEEKS PARDON

BALTIMORE, Md., March 16.—Benjamin W. Morse, son of Charles W. Morse, the New York banker, who is undergoing sentence in the federal prison in Atlanta, is in this city, securing signatures to a petition for a pardon of his father by President Taft. He announced last night that 4000 residents of this city, including many prominent bankers, brokers and professional men, had signed the petition.

are entered and providing a penalty of fine and imprisonment for any person selling cold storage eggs as fresh.

THE GOVERNOR

HAS REFUSED TO INTRODUCE COMMANDER PEARY

ATLANTA, Ga., March 16.—Governor Brown and Mayor Maddox of Atlanta yesterday declined an invitation to introduce Commander Peary when he lectures here tonight. Governor Brown said he did not believe that Peary discovered the North pole.

Mayor Maddox, in declining, gave as his reason that Peary was coming as a private citizen to lecture for money and was in no sense a guest of Atlanta.

THE KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 15.—The 60 day session of the Kentucky legislature ended last night. Few important measures were passed during the session. Among those which failed, the most important was the federal income tax amendment which lapsed through non-action by the senate.

DEMOCRATIC CONFERENCE

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 15.—Chairman Norman E. Mack of the national democratic committee last night denied reports that the councils of democratic party leaders held here are to "freeze" some fellows out of party affairs.

Mr. Mack explained that Mr. Bryan had made it so plain that he would not again attempt party leadership that any attempt to throttle Mr. Bryan's influence would be unnecessary.

Mr. Mack said he believed that the democrats were a unit in wanting only the strongest man for leadership and that when it became apparent who was the best man, the democrats would unite in his support.

JORDAN DEFEATED

CLEVELAND, O., March 16.—Henry Gehring of Cleveland won the middleweight wrestling championship of the world here last night from Chris Jordan of Boston, in two straight falls. The first was obtained in one hour and 43 minutes, and the second in five minutes. In each case he obtained a hammerlock hold over the Greek.

CHALIFOUX'S BARGAINLAND BASEMENT

Gingham or Chambray Shirt Waists, assorted stripes and colors, 49c

Black and White Percale Waists, in stripes only..... 49c

Ladies' Medium Weight Lisle Hose, in black or tan, high spliced heel and toe 24c

Ladies' Medium Weight Hose, in black only, lisle thread, full fashioned, double heel and toe, 25c value..... 15c Pair

Children's Ribbed Wool or Heavy Cotton Black Hose, in fine or coarse rib 19c Pair

Children's Mercerized Lisle Hose, in tan..... 15c Pair

Child's Fine Rib Cotton Hose, 6 to 9 1-2..... 15c Pair

Ladies' Medium Weight Vests and Pants..... 19c

Ladies' Heavy Weight Vests and Pants, short sleeves, knee pants, 39c

Ladies' Linen Embroidered Stocks, assorted patterns..... 10c Each

Ladies' Linen Stock with Jabots attached, in white or colors..... 10c

Swiss Embroidered Collars, in eyelet work, pretty design, all new, 24c Each

Dutch Collars, in lace, large or medium sizes, extra heavy lace..... 49c

Ruching, in boxes, 3 neck lengths, blue, pink, black, white or lavender 10c Box

Elastic Belts, all colors. Gift Belts..... 10c

Fancy Belts, in regular belting, fancy cut buckles, assorted colors, 50c value 24c

Extra Specials for Thursday

Sash Curtains

In assorted striped muslin, 36 inches wide, 27 inches long. Regular value 15c

Thursday Only

10c PAIR

Dutch Collars

Trimmed with heavy lace insertions and lace edge. Regular value 50c.

Thursday Only

24 CENTS

Children's Dresses

In black and white check, with red trimmings, 6 to 12 years. Regular value 75c.

Thursday Only

39 CENTS

Ladies' Handkerchiefs

Hemstitched, in plain muslin, lace edge, fancy corners. Regular value 10c.

Thursday Only

3 CENTS

P. N. Corsets 69c and 98c

Long Waist Corset, 4 hose supporters attached, good quality batiste 49c Pair

Persiana, in colors 2 Spools 5c

Embroidery Silk 2 Skeins 5c

D. M. C. and No..... 2 Skeins 5c

"Brainard & Armstrong's" Embroidery Silks, a full line of colors, 5c Skein

Jet Buttons 15c to 45c Dozen

Gilt Buttons 15c Dozen

Pearl Buttons 5c to 35c Dozen

Onio Dress Shields 24c Pair

Dress Shields 8c and 10c Pair

Broom Brushes 10c

Barrettes "the latest" 10c Each

Turban Pins 10c Pair

O. N. T. Crochet Cotton 5c Ball

Hooks and Eyes 2c Card

Peet's Hooks and Eyes 8c Package

Peet's Hooks or Eyes 5c Package

Pins 1c Paper

Needles 1c and 5c Paper

Sampson Thread 3c Spool

Dragon Thread, any number, black or white..... 2c Spool

THE STAGE AND THOSE WHO BELONG TO IT

By CARLTON HOLT.

SOME one who has a taste for such things has been making up a list of present day stellar attractions in the operatic and musical comedy industries who began their public career in the chorus. The compiler of this interesting collection—a woman, of course—declares that before she had completed her self appointed task she was ready to ask, "Is there a single one among them all who didn't start in the ranks?"

Beginning with grand opera favorites, there's Bessie Abbott. Since 1901 she has been ranked both at home and abroad as one of the most successful of American prima donnas. 'Twas not over thus. Miss Abbott is an alumna of the University of Hard Knocks. Although reared in luxury, she was reduced to a point perilously near poverty, and she and her sister were glad to become members of the chorus in one of the late Augustin Daly's musical comedy productions. It was thus that she earned the money to have her voice cultivated.

Alice Nielson and Gertrude Hoffmann, both salary absorbers of the highest magnitude, were humble little chorus maidens once upon a time. The time defying and still peerless Lillian Russell made her primary venture in the chorus of "Pinafore." It was not long until she was "discovered" and that chorus became the "salient feature" of the fetching little opera. Even Taniguni won't admit that she is a chorus graduate, but she doesn't deny that she made her first appearance on an amateur night and that all the American Beauties incident to that evening went elsewhere. Anna Held, who has been depleting American pocketbooks for more than a decade, admits freely that she did her first turn in a Parisian cafe chantant and for a long time afterward sang in a chorus. Adrienne Augarde, who is one of the superlatives in "The Dollar Princess," was a chorus girl for several years and was so poorly paid that she was glad to add an honest trifle to her income by acting as "dresser" to the principals.

Although the inimitable Fritz Schell never sang and danced in the chorus, her mother—an estimable woman—did that very stunt and managed to educate her charming daughter all at the same time. Sweet Frances Cameron, the brightest of all the Merry Widows, began by being a Maxim girl in one of the early companies of that popular operetta. Billie Burke—yes, charming Billie—now a delineator of legitimate dramatic character of the most up to date and accepted sort, made her beginning in the ranks of musical comedy. Nor did she make the shift from chorus girl to her present eminence with the hop, skip and jump which characterized the metamorphosis of Elizabeth Brice, who plumped into Grace Van Studdiford's role and subsequent prominence in a single night, while the latter lady was "having it out" with her manager. The show went on. Miss Brice literally jumped into the late Grace's shoes and costume and achieved fame in less than thirty minutes.

Near the end of the list? Not at all. Only just beginning. How about Lulu Glaser, who left her home in Pittsburgh one fine day and went to New York in quest of dramatic honors? Did she begin at once to scintillate as a luminary of the first magnitude? What she actually did, and she was exceedingly fortunate to accomplish it in view of the congestion in the prima donna timber market, was to secure a position in the chorus of "The Lion Tamer" at the Broadway, and it was

five long months before she was able to make it clear to the powers that she was entitled to have her name on the program. It is not an easy matter to look at dainty Marguerite Clark, miniature embodiment of all the arts and graces, and remember that she, too, has borne the gilded spear in the fairy queen's bodyguard. Edna May? That bewitching instance of femininity

puted success as a star in "The Mocking Bird," made her first appearance as a member of the chorus in "The Gelsia," an Augustin Daly production, and Edna Goodrich, the wife of Nat C. Goodwin, was a member of the "Floradora" sextet, which was not the original sextet either.

Triste Friganzza, who can make Broadway laugh without twitching a

the Augustin Daly organization, and a school of later date was the Castle Square Opera company of Boston, which fell into the hands of Henry W. Savage, who up to this time had led the simple life of a real estate speculator. Many a successful musical comedian has placed her beginning with the old Castle Square organization, and even after Savage expanded his the-

was a member of the "Pilsen" chorus and created the role of the New York girl in the "Song of the Cities" in that production. Eva Fallon, who made a hit as a soubrette in Raymond Hitchcock's production of "A Yankee Tourist," began as a wee bit of a broiler in the Blossom-Robyn musical comedy, "A Yankee Consul," and Emma Carus, who makes vaudeville audiences howl

for a scene in the drama in which a crowd of youngsters figured. One wide eyed girl, a long braid of blond hair hanging down a shapely back and a pair of very trim black stockings legs peeping from beneath a short skirt, caught Mr. Paulding's eye. She seemed a bit large for his purpose.

"My child," smiled the producer as he approached the youngster, "are you wearing high or low heels?"

The little girl stammered confusedly and stuttered out, "Why, low heels, sir."

"Then I'm sorry, miss, but I fear we can't use you," replied Mr. Paulding.

The little girl's mother, Mrs. J. H. Ring, took the child's hand and said consolingly: "Come along, Blanche. If you still think you can sing and want to act we'll try some other managers."

When Blanche Ring's presence was made, "The Yankee Girl" was being cast last August, Frederick Paulding, then filling an engagement in St. Louis, was engaged by telegraph. When he reported at Low Fields' offices it chanced that the merry star of "The Yankee Girl" was present in consultation with Mr. Fields. Excusing himself to Miss Ring, Mr. Fields proceeded to draw up a contract with Mr. Paulding.

"Just a moment, Mr. Fields," exclaimed Miss Ring from her chair. "Before signing any contract with Mr. Paulding please let me ask him one question." Going toward the astonished actor, Miss Ring said sternly, "Sir, are you wearing high or low heels?"

"Why," stammered Mr. Paulding in surprise, "I'm wearing high heels."

"Then you're engaged," smiled Miss Ring.

It took Mr. Paulding some moments to recognize in the blooming young woman before him the little girl who was so eager to support him in "The Struggle of Life."

A New Mrs. Malaprop.

Miss Alice Fischer, whose delightful role of Mrs. Michael Nolan in "The Fourth Estate" has made her famous, is Mrs. William Harcourt in private life. She made her first appearance in a company headed by the veteran Frank Mayo in 1888. She came originally from Terre Haute, Ind., and in her early years had an ambition to become an elocutionist.

"I was studying elocution," she said the other day, "and a clergyman, a friend of the family, said I should be an actress. I told him my people would never hear of it, but he said that if I was a born actress I should be singing if I did not take up my calling. So, you see, I did."

Being a westerner herself, Miss Fischer is extremely frank about criticizing her present role, that of a Pacific coast parvenu, and she doesn't care whether the authors like it or not.

"You know," she said, "western women aren't like that at all. I have known any number of them, rich and poor, and I have always found them witty and well bred. But the playwrights when they have a westerner who has made a 'strike' seem to insist on making his family loud, angular and awkward. It is a lovely part, though, of course, and I enjoy it thoroughly."

"The time I took tea with Dr. and Mrs. Oliver Wendell Holmes? Why, where did you hear that? Yes, I did, and I had the most delightful time. Mrs. Holmes, you see, invited me to visit her and wanted to invite some friends to meet me. I insisted that I just wanted to have tea with her and the doctor alone, so she let me have my way. And she gave me a piece of glass from a broken window in the

doctor's study. A windstorm, she said, had blown the window in, and she was giving the pieces to the people who visited her as souvenirs. I suppose I have that glass somewhere."

A Many Sided Actor.

There is no use of denying the fact that Francis Wilson has proved himself to be a great surprise even to his friends and probably, if the truth were known, to himself as well. In the good old "Brimble" days he achieved a remarkable publicity by means of a pair of the most versatile and absolutely marvelous legs ever attached to a human anatomy. After the popular interest in "Brimble" began to show signs of collapse—a condition which at one time seemed to be most unlikely ever to arise—Wilson proceeded to make it perfectly plain to the world that his legs did not represent him at his very best; that his resources were not exhausted when "Brimble" ceased to tickle the public fancy.

When the absurdities of musical comedy began to pall, even before the reaction had become too violent, Wilson forsook it and revealed himself as a capable exponent of legitimate comedy. Then, having satisfied himself and mankind in general that he was in possession of the true dramatic instinct, he proceeded to divulge the fact that he had a creative facility of the first class. His triumph with his own play, "The Bachelor's Baby," has made that evident.

Latest of all, Wilson has blossomed forth as an orator. In a recent speech of an hour and a half against the new Massachusetts child labor law he flayed the bungling philanthropists who are behind the measure with such vigorous eloquence as the following:

"Emotional women and inexperienced clergymen (and who are so poorly equipped to face life's problem as the average clergyman?), knowing absolutely nothing of the stage and, for the most part, unreasonably and by church law bitterly opposed to it, feel that the stage child of all others needs the most protection! But how different is the fact! It is unreasonably, stupidly ignorant to make a parallel between the miserable factory child, his pitiable of pay and his long hours of physical drudgery in doing a man's work and the joyous child of the theater, whose pay is royal and whose mental task is counted in minutes."

"What is the reason of this sudden wave of sympathy for the stage child? Why should the law be invoked at this particular time in its behalf? Is it really because it is felt that the child of the stage is being injured mentally and physically, or is it a question of politics? And if it can be shown—as it can be—that the child of the stage is in no way injured and that it is a loss to the child, its profession and the world at large to discriminate against it, why may not the child, within reasonable limitations, be given an opportunity to acquire the thing that it can do best? If these well meaning but unsophisticated people who are using so much fervor and so little discretion in this child labor matter could only know of the people who, turning shamelessly to the services of a gifted child, have been spared or rescued from the martyrdom of icy charity or from becoming charges upon the city or state, they might perhaps hesitate before proceeding to such extremes."

"Most of the men and women who adorn the stage today and are in fine health were the infant saviors of their families. And they are snickering at the heroic philanthropy of those who passed this child labor law."



MARY MANNERLING AND MARK SHORT IN "A MAN'S WORLD."

began her public career in the chorus of Hoyt's "A Contested Woman" and also served a Broadway apprenticeship in "The Belle of New York" before she found her opportunity as a Salvation Army to capture the hearts of all the playgoers of the present generation.

The Way Others Went.

Mabelle Gilman (Mrs. W. E. Corey), who won great success as a lead in "A Runaway Girl" in support of James T. Powers and who further advanced her standing when she made an undis-

nerve or moving a muscle, is rather sensitive about reminiscences, but the official record shows that she was a chorus member in "The Pearl of Pekin" away back in 1889, and Maude Raymond, the wife of Gus Rogers and one of the most talented of present day comedienne, admits that her first season on the stage was in the chorus ranks of a burlesque company and that she had to make about seventeen changes of dress at every performance.

One of the greatest training schools for chorus girls in the early days was

atrical interests he continued to reward minor players who showed merit.

Flora Zabelle, who has achieved a great success in "The Man Who Owns Broadway," was a chorus girl in the Castle Square company, and Helen Hale, who scored in "Pecky From Paris," "The Man From Now," "Woodland" and "The Yankee Consul," made her first appearance in the chorus of "The Prince of Pilsen." Harriet Burt, who played the widow in "The Time, The Place and the Girl," and is an established favorite in musical comedy,

with delight, worked in the chorus before she grew so robust.

Blanche Ring's Little Joke.

When preparations were under way in September, 1891, for the production at the old Standard theater of William Irving Paulding's play, "The Struggle of Life," Frederick Paulding, the author's cousin and producer and star of the production, was giving audience after audience to a group of children who, led by doting parents and guardians, were being considered as eligible

Youth Won Lightweight Championship For Wolgast—Jeffries, Fortune Maker. New Football Plans to Be Proposed

By TOMMY CLARK.

ALL hail the new king of the lightweights, Ad Wolgast of Milwaukee, who defeated that sturdy warrior, But Nelson, in California on Washington's birthday! The recent battle was only another case of the inevitable. It was a battle of youth against age, and youth won. It was a battle of giant reserve power and gameness against more reserve power and gameness; but, above all, one of the gladiators had youth. It won the lightweight championship for Wolgast.

The Dane fought the battle that has always won for him heretofore, always boring in to wear down his opponent, only to have enough reserve power to knock the other man out when he was all in. He fought that way against Wolgast and lost the title.

And all this because Wolgast had youth and all the stamina that goes with it. The Milwaukee boy stood all that the nifty Dane could give. Leading all the time, Nelson bored in only to find that when he was exhausted the young opponent before him was almost as fresh as when he entered the ring.

Wolgast is a fighter like Nelson. He relies on his strength to win for him, not being overburdened with cleverness. The Battler underestimated this asset of his opponent as well as his own reserve power. He was matching his former great physical powers, worn and torn by thirteen years' experience in the ring, against all the vigor of youth and the added stamina of a chance to win a championship.

His reserve power did not respond to the summons. The Dane, weak, battered and torn, was unable to withstand the onslaught of his younger opponent. He was beaten at his own style of fighting, and he lost the lightweight championship of the world.

With the passing of Nelson pugilism loses one of her shining lights. Never in the history of fistiana has a man won for himself so many personal friends as the Dane, and this principally because he was game and had the physical power to stand the gaff.

Never in any battle did the brave old Dane take a backward step until the fight with Wolgast. And then only when both eyes were closed, his face torn to ribbons, his ears swollen so

that they could not hear, all his reserve power gone, did the mighty lion of Denmark stumble blindly backward under the onslaught of the dancing, jabbing championship seeking Wolgast. His face almost unrecognizable after the terrible beating he had taken, as helpless as a baby, carried to his dressing room after Referee Smith had stopped the fight, Nelson pleaded to be allowed to continue fighting, with the plea that "he did not drop me." That was Nelson.

It was this trait, the fact that he never acknowledged defeat and that he was always game to the finish, that made Battling Nelson one of the most wonderful fighters that ever donned the gloves.

The brave old Dane knew no fear. He was unbeatable in his prime. He was always on the level. He personified the manly art of self defense.

Jeff's Big Fortune.

When one stops to consider that Jim Jeffries just picked up \$62,000 for showing the people that he was in condition to fight Johnson and is sure of \$50,000 more even if he loses the big battle and possibly \$500,000 if he wins, one is bound to be envious. That is what one would call making money quick.

But the immense sums of money which both Jeffries and Johnson have already pulled down and are going to receive in the future are good examples of the increasing popularity of sports. Why, there are people who would go to see Jeff in a vaudeville turn one night, take in Johnson's show the next, later on see them fight, then view the moving pictures of the battle and finally pay an exorbitant figure to see the winner go on the stage and bow to a vaudeville audience and gather in \$5,000 a week. Such is life in America today.

The average college professor who spent years in preparing himself for his honorable career is fortunate if he receives as much money salary for one year as Jeffries and Johnson get for a single week. And just think of the many high positions of trust held by citizens who govern this great country of ours which pay less per annum than Johnson and Jeffries will receive for a single night's work next July. Truly, one would say it is a funny world, and one of us will labor on for years while

the Jeffs and the Johnsons will spring up and grab the money which we willingly give out of our hard earned wage.

New Plans For Football.

The three plans upon which the subcommittee of the intercollegiate football rules committee, which meets in New York March 25 and 26, will report

provide in substance for the following changes of alignment and play:

Plan 1.

First.—Seven men on the scrimmage line.

Second.—No pushing or pulling of the man with the ball.

Third.—Prohibition of diving tactics.

Fourth.—Ends going down the field not to be body checked.

Fifth.—Players going down the field under a punt not to approach nearer than five yards to catcher or punter until he has touched the ball and then coming to tackle him or charge forward unless he starts to run with the ball.



MOTOR SLEDGE WHICH HAS ATTAINED A SPEED OF THIRTY MILES AN HOUR.

This is the newly invented motor sledge with which A. L. Hoffman of Moorestown, N. J., has been astonishing residents of that locality. He says he has attained a speed of thirty miles an hour with it. He also claims that it can be used as a means of reaching the antarctic as a substitute for dogs. He has never been to the polar regions and therefore cannot be considered to speak with authority when he makes this claim for his new machine, but it certainly is a winner in the matter of making speed. The device is a sort of the foot steering variety, equipped with a four horsepower single cylinder engine having a speed of 1,500 revolutions a minute. In a steel frame projecting from the rear of the sled Hoffman has rigged the wheel of a motorcycle, over the rubber tire of which he has clamped a steel band about two inches wide, containing eight or ten teeth four inches apart and two inches high. These teeth are cut to a sharp edge and when the machine is in action dig down into the snow,

Sixth.—Eliminate outside kick.

Seventh.—First man receiving the ball to be allowed to carry it anywhere.

Eighth.—Forward pass allowed over any part of the line to men on ends of the line or behind the line when the ball is put in play.

Plan 2.

First.—Divide the halves into two periods, play to be resumed by the side in possession of the ball when the preceding period closed.

Second.—Seven men on the line of offense and three of the backs to be at least four yards in the rear of the line. (This would eliminate the tandem play perfected by Harvard.)

Third.—Forward pass to be made and caught only by players standing behind the line when the ball is put in play.

Fourth.—In offensive plays between the two twenty-five yard lines the team with the ball must advance it ten yards in consecutive downs or forfeit possession. (This article the committee states itself open to further advice.)

Plan 3.

First.—Seven men on the line of scrimmage, with the back field of offense limited to four men, center rush always in the center and no interference of players permitted.

Second.—Eliminate neutral zone and outside kick.

Third.—No runner with the ball to receive any help until he has reached the line of scrimmage. (This would reduce the weight of the attack.)

Fourth.—Distance to be gained, seven yards in four downs.

College Aeronautics.

Intercollegiate aeronautics is far from a mere dream if the promoters of the sport are to be believed. The Aero Club of the University of Pennsylvania is endeavoring to form an intercollegiate aeronautics association. The first convention, including representatives from every college, with an enrollment of more than 500, will be held in Philadelphia during Easter week.

Ban Johnson's Big Salary.

An evidence of the increasing popularity of baseball is the \$25,000 salary the American league magnates recently voted to Ban Johnson for twenty years. While it might be that Johnson's salary is, as Charles Murphy expressed it, "good press agent work," it is pretty certain that the large gentleman who once worked as a newspaper man is getting enough money each year to keep the wolf from the door.

More power to Johnson! He led the American league through wartime

which threatened to end organized baseball. And he has, since the declaration of peace, always worked with

the aim of keeping his league in mind first and always. All things considered, \$25,000 a year is scarcely too much.




HAM FISH, JR., FAMOUS FOOTBALL PLAYER, WHO HAS BEEN DECLARED STRONGEST MAN IN HARVARD.

The tests and examinations of the athletes of Harvard have resulted in Hamilton Fish, Jr., being officially declared the strongest man of the student body of the university. Young Fish made 1,500 points in his examination by Dr. Dudley Sargent in the Hamline gymnasium. Fish, who is now on a leave of absence, is twenty-one years old, is six feet three inches and weighs 265 pounds. He is considered one of the most splendidly developed men physically that have ever matriculated at Harvard. He is a star soccer and basketball player and has been an All American tackle for three years.

View of the remains of the old boarding houses of the Massachusetts corporation, being razed to the ground to make way for a new mill.

Came Near Hitting Woman and a Trolley Car



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MISCELLANEOUS

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PAWN BROWNS shopped up by Mr. Henry Gonzales, the cutter, 123 Main st., Tel. 967-2.

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LOWELL WOMAN SENTENCED

EXTRA

SENT TO SHERBORN

Lowell Woman Was Found Guilty of Arson

CAMBRIDGE, March 16.—Mrs. Margaret Adams of Lowell who was found guilty of arson at the January session of the superior court, today appeared

before Judge Stevens and was sentenced to the women's prison at Sherborn for an indefinite term. Mrs. Adams set fire to her home in Lowell last fall.

\$43,500 VERDICT VOTE ON STRIKE

Counsel Claims it is Excessive

Being Taken by New Haven Employees

BOSTON, March 16.—A motion to set aside each of the verdicts, aggregating \$43,500, against William H. Wood in the suits brought by Marian Orr and her father, Charles Orr, was filed late yesterday in the superior court by Henry V. Cunningham, counsel for Wood.

Miss Orr was awarded \$40,000 for breach of promise, \$1000 for assault, and her father was awarded \$2500 for loss of service.

The grounds on which the defendant asks that the verdict be set aside are because of the law, the evidence and because the damages awarded were excessive.

FIRE IN ROOF

BLAZE IN BUILDING IN FLETCHER STREET

An alarm from box 26 shortly after two o'clock this afternoon summoned a portion of the fire department to a slight blaze on the roof of a building at 555 Fletcher street belonging to Edwin W. Bartlett. The fire was occasioned by a match being thrown from a room on the top floor of the building. There was no damage done.

A NEW LINE

PLANNED BY THE CANADIAN PACIFIC ROAD

ST. JOHN, N. B., March 16.—It was reported here today that the Canadian Pacific Railway company is planning a new line between this city and Montreal by way of Cahoon, Me. It is understood that the Canadian Pacific controls the New Brunswick Southern railroad from St. John to St. Stephen. It is proposed to straighten this road and extend it from Cahoon to Mattawamkeag, Me., to connect with the main line of the Canadian Pacific road. At present the Canadian Pacific's cars run over the Maine Central track from Vanceboro, Me., to Mattawamkeag. The proposed road would greatly shorten the distance between St. John and Montreal and give the Canadian Pacific an unbroken line from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Should such a plan be adopted the road between here and Vanceboro would be used for American and local business.

PROF. MORGAN DEAD

NEWPORT, R. I., March 16.—Prof. Morris Morgan, Ph. D., LL. D., professor of classical philology at Harvard university, died at the residence of Daniel B. Peabody in this city early today. Prof. Morgan had been visiting Mr. Peabody and while there was taken seriously ill with heart trouble. It was realized yesterday that his condition was critical and his relatives were summoned here.

Prof. Morgan was born at Providence, R. I., 1859. In 1881 he was graduated from Harvard university, receiving the degree of A. M. In 1887 the degree of Ph. D. was conferred upon Prof. Morgan by Harvard. He had received the degree of D. D. from the University of Chicago in 1904. He was the author of many classical works, numerous essays and reviews in philological periodicals.

CONCERT AND LECTURE

In the Immaculate Conception school hall tomorrow night, Rev. Fr. Nolan, O. M. I., will deliver a lecture on "Ireland's Past, Present and Future." In connection with the lecture the following concert program will be rendered: Solos, James McNulty, Frank Connor, Edward Shea, Master Harry Randall, John N. Payne; reading, James Coughlin; solos, Master Carr, Mr. and Mrs. McFarland, May Whitley, Margaret McDonough, Miss Delaney, Mrs. Mabel B. Mullen; accompanist, Miss Minnie Davey.

A BRUSH FIRE

The alarm from box 416 at 2 o'clock this afternoon was for a brush fire at Joynton street.

THE STEEL TRUST

Has Increased Wages of Employees

NEW YORK, March 16.—Large increases over 1908 in the number of men employed and in salaries and wages paid by the United States Steel Corporation are shown in the annual report of the corporation issued in printed form today.

The average number of employees in the service of all companies in the corporation is shown by the report to have been 195,500 in 1909, as against 165,211 in 1908. Salaries and wages paid during 1909 aggregate \$151,663,334, as compared with \$120,510,829 in the year previous.

The earnings for the company were announced some time ago.

Chairman E. H. Gary says in the report: "Substantial revival in business activity, which became evident in the spring of 1909, continued with increasing volume throughout the balance of the year."

"The total production of finished products for sale in 1909 equaled about 75 per cent of the normal maximum productive capacity of the properties."

CASHIER EARLE

First Witness in the Coleman Case

BOSTON, March 16.—Frank E. Earle, cashier of the National City bank of Cambridge which George Coleman, the young bookkeeper, is accused of looting of about \$150,000, was the first witness called before the federal grand jury today when the investigation was resumed by United States District Attorney French. Special Bank Examiner Julius D. Bailey, who spent the greater part of yesterday forenoon in the jury room was called again today.

National Bank Examiner Pepper is ill and will not be called to testify.

LABOR LEADERS

Object to Canadian System of Arbitration

BOSTON, March 16.—A number of prominent trade unionists appeared before the legislative committee on labor today and voiced their opposition to the adoption in Massachusetts of the Canadian system of arbitration in labor disputes. Fred J. Kinsland of Boston, representing the Painters' union, said that the bill would prevent strikes absolutely and would defeat the very purpose of labor organization.

The belief that labor disputes should be settled on their merits was expressed by Leon Weiner, president of the Boston Cigar makers' union, who opposed any legislation which would regulate industrial differences by law.

THE RAILROADS

URGED TO TAKE PART IN CONSERVATION MOVEMENT

CHICAGO, March 16.—Further participation by railroads in the conservation movement through the ownership and protection of forests was advocated at the annual convention of the American Railway Engineering and Maintenance of Way association, which is in session here. President McNabb in his annual address stated that there was a question whether during the last year railroad construction had kept pace with the industrial advancement of the continent and he ascribed this condition to the rapid advancement of agricultural development. According to Mr. McNabb 481 miles of railroad were constructed and placed in operation in the United States and Canada during 1909. Of this total Canada was credited with 155 miles of track.

"One of the best methods by which railroads can insure themselves against a shortage of ties and timber in the future," the report stated, "is for them to own and manage their own forests."

500 EMPLOYEES

OF COATS' THREAD FACTORY TO RETURN TO WORK

PAWTUCKET, R. I., March 16.—Five hundred employees of the J. & P. Coats' thread manufactory will return to work Monday after a lockout following a strike among the backboys about two months ago. The decision to return was arrived at this morning by a vote of representatives of all the employees gathered at a local theatre resulting in 221 in favor, against 14 against returning. The employees will concede all points for which they originally held out for. The trouble of the backboys hinged on a ten per cent increase in wages and an additional two hours' pay. They struck and crippled the whole mill.

RECEIVED BY POPE

ROME, March 16.—Monsignor Ambrose Agius, apostolic delegate to the Philippines, was received today in private audience by the pope, who showed keen interest in the progress of the church's work in the islands.

MRS. INGERSOLL

Received a Fee of \$183,323 Today

BOSTON, March 16.—After a ten years legal struggle, Mrs. Eva Ingersoll of Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., received today a fee of \$183,323 due her late husband, Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll, for his efforts in contesting the will of Andrew J. Davis, the millionaire mine owner of Butte, Mont.

The result of this suit is only a phase in the twenty year contest over the Davis estate.

Robert G. Ingersoll was engaged to break the will but instead secured a large settlement for the contesting heirs and the court awarded his estate the fee which was paid today.

THE BRICKLAYERS

To Hold Next Convention in Lowell

HOLYOKE, March 16.—The state convention of the bricklayers, masons and plasterers union elected the following officers here today:

President, R. A. Hennessy of Springfield; first vice president, P. J. Welsh of Boston; second vice president, J. H. McCarthy of New Bedford; secretary, Michael O'Brien of Lawrence; treasurer, Michael J. Shea of Roxbury.

It was voted to hold the next state convention at Lowell a year from this spring.

RUSSELL CASE

Mysterious Letter Figures in it

BOSTON, March 16.—A mysterious letter received by Acting Chief of Police Brown of Melrose from San Francisco is the latest development in the contest which a Dickinson, N. D., man, claiming to be Daniel Blake Russell, is asking for a large share of the \$700,000 estate of Daniel Russell. The letter which was addressed to "the chief of police, Melrose, Mass." follows:

"I am writing for and at the request of Daniel Blake Russell who is living here. He has been a resident here for a number of years. His father was Daniel Russell, who served in the state senate of Massachusetts and who resided in the southwestern part of Melrose."

"Mr. Russell says that he does not care anything about the money that was left him by his father, but that he does not want to see an impostor get it. A registered letter for William C. Russell is on its way and I would suggest that you ascertain if he receives it and notify me accordingly."

The police refuse to divulge the address of the sender of the letter. The San Francisco police have been asked to investigate. Senator Simpson of North Dakota, attorney for the claimant in the Russell will case, has taken steps to conduct this own investigation.

FUNERAL NOTICE

GLEASON—The funeral of Mrs. Eliza Gleason will take place Friday morning at 8 o'clock from her late home, 10 Abbott street, solemn high mass of requiem at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Higgins Bros., undertakers.

THE HIBERNIANS

HAVE PLANNED TO OBSERVE ST. PATRICK'S DAY

The five divisions of Hibernians will unite tomorrow night in observing St. Patrick's day. A great social and dance will be enjoyed in Hibernian hall and it is expected that every Hibernian who is able to attend will be present.

DEATHS

GLEASON—The many friends of Mrs. Eliza Gleason will be deeply grieved to hear of her death, which occurred this morning at her late home, 10 Abbott street. Deceased was a resident of Lowell and a most devoted attendant of St. Peter's parish for 25 years. She was well known and highly respected by the older residents of this city and being of an amiable, kind-hearted and loving disposition, made a host of friends. Her death will come as a shock to her many friends and acquaintances. She is survived by one son, Mr. John P. Gleason, a widely known and popular young man, who has the sympathy of his many friends during the hours of his sad bereavement, and one sister, Miss Margaret McCarty.

IMPORTANT MEETING

Celtic Associates, tomorrow, St. Patrick's night, at their hall on Market street. All members requested to be present.

(Signed) SECRETARY.

THE LABOR UNIONS

Are to Vote on the Question of General Strike

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.—Disparaging of making further progress toward a settlement of the street car men's strike through conferences with George H. Earle, one of the city's representatives on the board of directors of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit company, the committee of ten today renewed its efforts to make the general strike so effective that the transit officials would be forced to come to a satisfactory settlement with the striking motormen and conductors.

Carrying out the action taken by the state federation of labor at its convention at Newcastle last week, State President E. E. Greenwalt has sent out a call for a vote on a strike. The call, after reviewing the strike, says:

"As the time is short and immediate action is necessary, unions are asked to notify me by wire at headquarters in Lancaster."

As president of the state federation, Greenwalt is empowered to call a general strike in Pennsylvania if he deems the move necessary.

The traction officials claim that the strike would have been over by this time if false hopes had not been instilled into the minds of men by conferences, at one of which President Kruger of the traction company met President Mahon of the carmen's union in the office of Director Earle. The company's representatives say they are constantly increasing the number of cars in operation and that many of the old men would have returned to work today had it not been for the reports that a settlement was in sight.

There has been no disorder for several days and more cars are running today than at any time since the strike began. Numerous accidents, however, caused by inexperienced motormen have occurred, and the company would welcome a return of many of its old men. The company has announced that men with good records can still return and although they will be permitted to retain membership in any union they choose they will not be allowed to wear the big buttons which marked the union men before the present strike.

President Mahon has returned to his

home in Detroit, but is expected to return to this city on Friday.

The influences which secured the meeting between Mahon and Kruger have not abandoned hope of finding some solution which will meet with the approval of both the strikers and the company.

There was very little change in the general situation today. Although some of the sympathetic strikers returned to work, other men joined the strike and the affected trades were not relieved to any extent. Very little progress has been made in the attempt to tie up the grocery, milk and bread business as only a small number of employees in these lines of trade obeyed the order to strike.

GENERAL STRIKE VOTE ORDERED TO BE TAKEN

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—The conferences with George H. Earle have not resulted in any plan or suggestion for the settlement of the carmen's strike, and negotiations are therefore to be considered ended, was the official statement issued last night by the general strike committee of 10.

President Greenwalt of the State Federation of Labor last night issued a call to labor unions in all parts of the state to take a general strike vote and hold themselves in readiness to respond to a call for a state-wide sympathetic strike, which was authorized at the recent convention of the State Federation of Labor held in Newcastle, Pa.

There was no change in the general strike situation yesterday. While there were a number of defections in the strikers' ranks, these were more than counterbalanced by accessions to their ranks.

The Kensington textile district remains practically tied up, and the workers in this district were joined last night by 400 grocery clerks, most

of whom were employed in the syndicate stores in that locality.

The rapid transit company maintains that its service daily is growing better.

An unidentified woman was struck by a car at 5th and Arch streets yesterday and instantly killed. The chauffeurs failed to make a general response to the new call for a sympathetic strike and many of the public taxicabs continued in operation. Officials of the transit company expressed their displeasure at Director Earle for placing President Kruger in a position of treating with the striking motormen and conductors. A representative of the company declared:

"If there was any chance—and there really appeared to be a good one yesterday—of clearing this situation and ending this strike by tomorrow night, it has been totally killed by the action of George H. Earle and Edward Lower Stokes."

William H. Sheldermine, a member of the rapid transit directorate, said: "The members of the board are very much displeased with Mr. Earle's attempting to negotiate a settlement of the strike. Mr. Earle has placed the board in a very embarrassing position. Mr. Kruger attended the conference under a misapprehension. Had he understood the reason for the call to Mr. Earle's office and had he known whom he was to meet there, he would not have gone."

FUNDS FOR STRIKERS

SOLICITED IN BOSTON

BOSTON, March 16.—To the merry music of a hurdy gurdy, representatives of the Philadelphia striking street car men passed through the streets of the North and West Ends last night's soliciting funds for the strikers. They claim to have met with a ready and generous response.

Today the union newsboys of the city will bear placards stating that 25 per cent of their day's receipts will be sent to the Philadelphia strikers.

FIREMEN STIFLED

But They Continued to Fight Blaze in Boston

BOSTON, March 16.—Two alarms were sounded late yesterday afternoon for a fire which destroyed the buildings 74-76 Canal street, occupied by John S. Moser & Co., Maurer Loran, J. M. Mann and the Boston Curtain company, dealers in house furnishings. The smoke was so dense that the fire was fought with difficulty and every few moments firemen were carried to clear air to be revived.

When several of the lines had been withdrawn and one or two engines had ceased pumping, it was discovered that the flames had worked up between the partitions and were burning in the upper part of the building. It was necessary to run in additional lines of hose and fight the fire for at least an hour after it was thought under control. The loss is estimated at \$25,000.

Miss Agnes Sweeney of West Eagle street, East Boston, and Miss Anna Donovan of Dorchester, Roxbury, clerks employed on the fourth floor, were led to the street over the fire escape in front of the building by George Graves of Charlestown, a fellow employee.

Miss Bertha Stewart and Miss Jane Kelly were forced to leave through a window on the first floor without their hats and wraps as the flames, which had started in the basement, quickly filled the forward part of the store and prevented an exit that way. Melvin Carlson, a young man employed about the building, discovered the fire as he was about to go to the basement and ran through the building warning all to run to the street. Box 11, in Haymarket square, was

run in and when District Chief Fox arrived he ordered a second alarm immediately.

The fire was fought from the Chapel street side of the building effectively for a time, but the flames were finally forced from the front to the back, driving the smoke into the tenements in the rear, which were ordered cleared. Mrs. Katherine Hanlon, aged 72, was distressed through inhaling smoke after being led to the street.

John Fleming of engine 26, Charles Fleming of ladder 1, Joseph Bate-man, George West, B. J. Dowd and Henry Kees, all of engine 28, Lieut. Blakey of engine 10 and Deputy Chief Brady were all overcome by the smoke in the rear of the building and were treated by their comrades.

ESTABLISHED 1884

James F. O'Donnell & SONS UNDERTAKERS

Special attention given to the care of bodies from hospitals in Boston, Worcester, Danvers and Lowell. A chapel where services may be held or bodies kept, if desired. Telephone: office 429-8; residence, 429-5. 316-324 Market St., Cor. Northgate

Necessity of House Wiring

Electric wiring has become a necessity because so many ordinary things can't be done without electricity. You deprive yourself of the simplest comforts when you hesitate to wire your house. This becomes more true each year. Don't delay.

The Lowell Electric Light Corporation

50 CENTRAL STREET

6 O'CLOCK "BAR AND BOTTLE"

Bill Will Come Up in the House Tomorrow

BOSTON, March 16.—No attempt was made in the state senate yesterday to reconsider the "bar and bottle" bill, which, if it becomes a law, will prohibit saloons and other places having first-class licenses to sell bottled liquors to be taken away from the premises.

In the ordinary course of procedure the bill, which was passed by a vote of 12 to 10 in the senate Monday without a roll call, should make its appearance in the house calendar tomorrow. If it should go through the house, it could be fought on its enactment stage in the senate. Should the opponents of the measure fail in that effort it will then go to the governor.

In the popular branch of the legislature opinion is divided as to whether the bill will go through or not. At any rate the chances are that the liquor men will get right after their friends in the house and bear down heavily on them to kill the measure. It is one of those bills that make of the members of the legislature do not believe in personally, but will vote for in order to please the temperance element in their districts.

STANDARD OIL CASE

Arguments Heard in the Supreme Court Today

NEW YORK, March 15.—The closing arguments in the contest over the dissolution of the Standard Oil Co. were made this afternoon in the supreme court of the United States. By 4:30 o'clock the last word will have been said by contending counsel, according to arrangements Monday, and the entire case will be before the high tribunal for final decision. Many persons believe that the decision will not be announced earlier than the first or the middle of May.

D. T. Watson of Pittsburgh and John G. Johnson from Philadelphia have been priming for the Standard Oil's battle on the final day, while Attorney General Wickersham has been preparing to make the final argument for the government. The little court room again was crowded.

Mr. Watson had begun his argument late yesterday. He argued that the only act of alleged conspiracy or monopoly before the court was the combining of corporations in 1899.

Mr. Wickersham's first great contest before the court since he became attorney general was in the tobacco case. Today's was his second.

BANKERS OBJECT COL. ROOSEVELT

To Postal Savings Bank Bill

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Hearings on the postal savings bank bill which recently passed the senate and is now in the house began in the house committee on post offices and post roads today. Representatives of the American Bankers Association which organization embodies the principal opposition to the bill stated their objections to the postal savings banks. The hearings, it is expected, will occupy some time. Chairman Weeks of the committee said that the committee desired to hear anybody who could throw light upon this legislation.

Asked if anyone was to appear before the committee in support of postal savings banks Mr. Weeks replied that he believed not. He added that at the hearing held a year ago the "affirmative" side was very fully represented.

SEN. DANIEL SHERIDAN, Ill., DAYTON, Pa., March 16.—Physicians in charge of Senator John W. Daniel of Virginia who is seriously ill with a stroke of paralysis, at 9 o'clock this morning issued the following bulletin:

"There is no change in Senator Daniel's condition since last night. The entire left side is paralyzed. The patient is resting comfortably."

If you want help at home or in your business, try "The Sun-Week" column.

ROME, March 16.—King Victor Emmanuel will give a dinner in honor of former President Roosevelt when the latter visits this city. The guests will include Mrs. Roosevelt, Kermit and Miss Ethel, American Ambassador Lelchman, Mrs. Lelchman, other members of the American embassy and Count Gulechardini, minister of foreign affairs.

TO SEE REGIMENT PARADE KHARTUM, March 16.—The Roosevelt's paid a second visit to Omdurman today. The town is on the left bank of the river Nile just below the junction of the White Nile and Blue Nile and almost opposite Khartum. It contains much of interest to the traveler. The start was made after an early breakfast. Col. Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt, Kermit and Miss Ethel being accompanied by Baron Slatin, the inspector-general of Egypt and other officers and friends. The party made the trip on the steamer yacht Elin. One object of the excursion was to witness the 12th Sudanese regiment on parade.

SUTTON-HOPPE MATCH CHICAGO, March 16.—George Sutton of Chicago, holder of the 181 ball-line championship, and Willie Hoppe of New York, challenger, will meet tonight at Orchestra hall in a 500 point match to decide possession of the title.

Hoppe on the strength of the speed he showed last week against Morning Star is a slight favorite.

Anniversary Sale of NECKWEAR

Tomorrow we shall offer three lots of brand new neckwear ideas at a special price in honor of our first anniversary.

- THE "CHANTECLER," the new Parisian scarf.
- THE "EMERALD," a fashionable green.
- THE "PANELLA," a new tubular scarf, paneled one side, plain the other—including all the good colors.

Special price this week.

D. S. O'Brien Co. 35c
222 MERRIMACK STREET

LOWELL'S WELFARE

Keynote of Addresses at the 23rd Annual Banquet of Board of Trade

JOHN S. SCHUMACKER
OF
BOSTON

WOODWORTH CLUM
OF ROCHESTER N. Y.
SEC. OF THE N. A. OF
C. E.

COL.
S. O.
BIGNET
OF
BOSTON

Mayor Meehan, Rev. Dr. Keleher, Woodworth Clum, of Rochester, N. Y., John S. Schumacker, of Boston, and Col. Bignet, of Attleboro, Made Interesting Addresses, Pointing the Way Toward a Bigger, Better, Busier and More Beautiful Lowell

The 23rd annual banquet of the board of trade, held in Lincoln hall last evening, proved to be anything but a skidoo occasion, for it was the biggest and most successful event of its kind in the history of the organization.

There were 800 members present, including many of Lowell's most prominent citizens. The mill treasurer and merchant prince rubbed elbows with the over-seer and small storekeeper, all imbued with a common spirit of enthusiasm for the advancement of Lowell.

Some of the speakers referred to the fact that it was the 23rd annual banquet and Woodworth Clum of Rochester, N. Y., sounded the watchword of the occasion when he said: "Let 23 be a symbol, let it be 23 for apathy; 23 for disinterestedness, and all get together for the promotion of Lowell."

The members assembled at 6 o'clock, and the guests of the evening stood in receiving line in the balcony. During the reception and at the banquet Hubbard's orchestra gave a pleasing program. At each plate was a "Board of Trade Song" sheet, containing the words of the latest popular songs, a neatly designed roster of the board and a copy of the Board of Trade magazine.

The songs were sung with great gusto by the guests, with John J. Dalton as soloist, and J. A. Hunsnewell of the Lowell Electric Light company "leading the choir." Among the selections were

Continued on page three

THE PEACE COURT

Japan Will Not Object to It

TOKIO, Wednesday, Feb. 23.—Japan will not object to the permanent peace court proposed by Secretary Knox though the foreign office has kept a discreet silence on the subject. Inquiry, however, develops that while there are undoubtedly some difficulties in the way these are not insurmountable. Japan, while giving consent to the plan, will point out that a compulsory court of arbitration must be most carefully organized. In this case fifteen countries are involved, but only a few of the powers are in large permanent judges of the courts. Some difficulty is anticipated in securing harmony among the minor powers in the matter of their representation. Again there is the difficulty of securing positive pledges that the decisions of the courts will be accepted by all the powers concerned. For instance, it is pointed out that while the United States might go into the arrangement in all good faith, nevertheless, a convention based upon the decision of the court would have to be submitted to congress and might be rejected.

BAPIST FOREIGN MISSIONS

BOSTON, March 16.—A commission sent by the American Baptist Foreign Mission society is to start early next month to investigate conditions in the Sudan and the Congo free state with reference to the opportunities for mission work in those two countries. The commission is to be composed of Rev. Johnston Myers, D. D., of Chicago, Rev. J. Franklin of Colorado Springs and Rev. W. C. Ferguson, D. D., of Madison, South India. They will be accompanied by Rev. Joseph Clark, a missionary of the society in Africa.

The commission will first visit the western part of the Sudan to investigate the advisability of establishing a mission there. Then a visit will be made to the present missions of the society along the Congo river. The whole trip will take about five months and great interest attaches to the report which they will bring back.

TOWN OF DRACUT BUILT BONFIRE

Elects Jeremiah O'Sullivan as Counsel

Lawyer Jeremiah O'Sullivan of this city was chosen counsel for the town of Dracut at a meeting of the board of selectmen of that town, held last night. Mr. O'Sullivan is a promising young

NEW YORK, March 15.—Either Kuplan, 17 years old, built a bonfire of newspapers and refuse on the lawn of Tompkins square park on the lower East Side today and deliberately walked into the blazing pile. A moment later she was dragged away and the flames which had communicated to her clothing were beaten out by a policeman before fatal burns had resulted.

The girl's incoherent singing and her cries "I'm purging myself of sin" led the officers to suspect that she was the victim of religious mania.



LAWYER JEREMIAH O'SULLIVAN

AMSTERDAM, March 16.—The first traces of the Dutch liner Prinz Willem II, since she was reported as missing were picked up at sea near Belle-Ile off the coast of France today and leave no doubt regarding the fate of the vessel. A lifebuoy and a boat's oar bearing the ship's name were first found near Belle-Ile. Subsequently a propeller blade and a name board evidently belonging to the mail steamer were washed ashore at a neighboring island.

The Prinz Willem II, of the Royal Dutch West Indian mail line, sailed from Amsterdam for West Indian ports and New York on Jan. 21. The crew and passengers numbered 52.

lawyer of this city and the special training which he received at Boston university and at the Harvard Law school makes him particularly adapted for the work of town counsel.

Dr. William S. Eaton was re-appointed inspector of meat and cattle.

STEAMER LOST

Crew and Passengers Numbered 52

AMSTERDAM, March 16.—The first traces of the Dutch liner Prinz Willem II, since she was reported as missing were picked up at sea near Belle-Ile off the coast of France today and leave no doubt regarding the fate of the vessel. A lifebuoy and a boat's oar bearing the ship's name were first found near Belle-Ile. Subsequently a propeller blade and a name board evidently belonging to the mail steamer were washed ashore at a neighboring island.

The Prinz Willem II, of the Royal Dutch West Indian mail line, sailed from Amsterdam for West Indian ports and New York on Jan. 21. The crew and passengers numbered 52.

There was an unusually large attendance at the business meeting of the Lowell Reform club in the quarters, Central Savings bank building, last night.

There was a class initiation of eighteen members, the result of the good work done at the public meeting addressed by Probation Officer E. R. Slatery, when twenty-two young men signed the pledge last week. Great enthusiasm prevailed among the members at this large increase in membership at one meeting. The success of the public meeting of last week was due largely to the efforts of Vice President McNabb, chairman of the committee, to President Maguire and Ex-President Dodge. E. M. Bowers was treasurer of the committee.

ASKS \$500,000

Suit Entered by Young Mrs. Wells

NEW YORK, March 16.—Learning for the first time on landing today from the Crown Princess Cecelle that his wife had brought suit for \$500,000 against his parents for alleged alienation of his affections, James Raynor Wells, son of a corporation president, angrily refused to discuss the case or to discuss a cable report that he would soon institute separation proceedings. Asked point blank if he was not interested in the suit for half a million dollars which his young wife has instituted, the young Wells cried: "I don't care to hear about it."

His mother, Mrs. W. S. Wells, wife of the president of the Fairbanks company, who accompanied him from Europe, was even less communicative as mother and son entered a carriage and were driven rapidly to the Wells home on East 55th street. The younger Mrs. Wells, formerly Irene Bishop, a chorus girl, in her complaint in the suit, says that she married Wells here on August 8, 1905. To get Wells away from her, she claims, he was induced by his parents to enlist in the navy and has since been kept out of her society. The trial of the suit is expected to be set for an early date.

A rising vote of thanks was tendered the merchants and others who so kindly donated the prizes for the prize drawing and spoke talk last week. A whist tournament in which several teams will engage is to begin next Saturday evening. A special committee reported that the summer camp of the R. C. would be at Mount Pleasant, near Yarmouth Landing, where a cottage recently built and newly furnished has been secured for the club members for the season.

A pleasing feature of last evening's meeting was the presentation to Mr. Chas. Thompson, the club's "musician," of a signed ring. The presentation was made by Ex-President G. H. Dodge, who spoke of the high esteem in which Mr. Thompson was held by every member of the club and wished him God-speed in his new venture. Mr. Thompson was taken completely by surprise, but in well chosen words, expressed his appreciation and thanks to the Reform club for its kind remembrance.

AMBASSADOR'S BODY

IS NOW ON ITS WAY TO BRAZIL

WASHINGTON, March 16.—With military and naval honors the casket containing the body of the late Brazilian ambassador Nabuco was removed today from the vault in Oak Hill cemetery in this city where it has reposed since his death, and placed aboard the presidential yacht Mayflower to be taken to Brazil. Shortly after 1 o'clock the casket, which is of bronze, weighing 1600 pounds, was lifted from the vault by eight body bearers, all non-commissioned officers of the army, and placed upon an artillery caisson, draped with the Brazilian and American colors and escorted by a squadron of cavalry from Fort Myer under command of Captain Garrard, started for the navy yard. There were no religious ceremonies, in view of the fact that elaborate services had been held at the time of the funeral. The state department was represented by Chandler Hale, third assistant secretary of state, while the diplomatic body was presented in the persons of a special committee appointed by the directors of the services. The casket was placed aboard the Mayflower which sailed directly for Hampton Roads, where it will be transhipped tomorrow to the armored cruiser North Carolina and conveyed to Rio Janeiro escorted by the Brazilian battleship Minas Geraes.

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UNIQUE SITUATION

DEVELOPS IN NEWSPAPER DISPUTE IN ST. JOHN

ST. JOHN, N. B., March 16.—A situation unique in the records of Canadian journalism has developed here. Recently the St. John Evening Star was purchased by the Evening Times, a rival newspaper, and the members of the Star staff were notified that beginning this week their services would not be required. The purchaser deciding to publish but one evening paper under the name of the Times-Star.

The staff of the Star, however, declined to be abolished and is continuing the publication of a newspaper at an office under the name of the New Star.

Litigation is probable.

BAN JOHNSON

PLEASED WITH PROSPECTS OF CHICAGO CLUB

CHICAGO, March 16.—President Ban Johnson of the American league, who has been with the Chicago American league team in San Francisco, has returned to this city enthusiastic over the prospects of the Chicago club.

"The report of the national commission shows that President Comiskey spent more money than any other club owner in the major leagues," said Johnson in telling of the youngsters and their training work at San Francisco.

"Any one who sees that team at work on the diamond can readily see where the money lies."

BILLY SULLIVAN

VETERAN CATCHER IS THREATENED WITH LOCKJAW

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 15.—Billy Sullivan, veteran catcher of the Chicago, Americans, is undergoing treatment today to prevent lockjaw. Sullivan stepped on a rusty nail Saturday and was stricken with blood poisoning. An operation was performed, but there is still danger of tetanus developing. The player's physicians say they hope to have him in condition to don a uniform in ten days or two weeks.

MATCH FOR KETCHELL

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 16.—Stanley Ketchell who arrived last night from Hot Springs on his way to Pittsburgh, signed to meet Jimmy Howard, undefeated southern middleweight, before the Memphis A. C. April 6.

SECY BALLINGER SPOKE

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 16.—Secretary of the Interior Ballinger was the principal speaker on the program of the afternoon session of the first Minnesota conservation and agricultural congress which began here today.

MITCHELL A CANDIDATE

MARIETTA, March 16.—John J. Mitchell of this city announced today that he would be a candidate for the democratic congressional nomination from the fourth district. Mr. Mitchell has served in the house of representatives four years and for two years has been a state senator.

HOW TO CURE ECZEMA

A New Idea That Upsets the Old Method

The old method of treating eczema and similar skin diseases as blood disorders is being rapidly superseded by the new compound called Cadum. This remedy is applied direct to the affected parts, thus excluding the air and starting the healing process at once. The itching ceases the moment Cadum is applied, and the most stubborn cases yield to its wonderful curative powers in a remarkably short time. Other skin troubles, such as eczema, psoriasis, acne, herpes, tetter, itching piles, blackheads, pimples, eruptions, etc., are also cured quickly by Cadum, which is sold by all druggists at 10c and 25c a box.

MORSE PARDON PETITION

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 16.—Petitions for the pardon of Charles W. Morse, the New York banker, now in the federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., were circulated throughout Kansas City yesterday.

CHARITY THANKS

We desire to thank friends and neighbors for the gifts of kindness and sympathy to us in our recent bereavement and those who sent flowers.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS

To be Installed in North Chelmsford

North Chelmsford is about to have a great white way for this morning the selectmen signed a contract changing the electric lights in the North village from 25 to 40 candle power and adding eight lights on the Groton road from the junction to the turn-out. The selectmen also signed a contract for electric lights in West Chelmsford.

BOARD OF TRADE

Continued

"America," "Put on Your Old Gray Bonnet," "Gee, I Wish I Had a Girl," and "Rings on My Fingers."

At the head table were seated President Harvey B. Greene, Mayor John F. Meehan, Col. Sidney O. Bigney, Rev. C. E. Fisher, John S. Schumaker, A. G. Cumstock, Wm. F. Hills, Alderman Arthur L. Gray, Col. A. M. Chadwick, Woodworth Clum, Rev. D. J. Keeler, D. D. Alonzo G. Walsh, Jesse H. Shepard, Henry A. Smith, Edward B. Carney, Charles H. Conant and Ellisha J. Neale.

The divine blessing was invoked by Rev. Mr. Fisher.

PRESIDENT H. B. GREENE

The most praiseworthy exercises were opened by President Greene, who spoke briefly and in congratulatory vein.

President Greene spoke, in part, as follows: "For many years the board of trade had a membership of about 177. This year we appointed a five membership committee which gathered in 250 names in six weeks. Our ambition is to have a membership roll of 750. Tonight we have 697. There is a growing civic spirit and pride that augurs well for the future."

With an increased membership there is an increased responsibility resting on all of us. We have but one axe to grind and that is the common good of the whole city. While talking with a

resident of Dracut a few days ago, a good republican, I was good-naturedly commiserating with him on the fact that the democrats had won about everything in the town. "But," I added, "you have at least one thing to be proud of, the fact that the town went for no license. 'Yes,' he replied, 'we're proud of that and do you know whom we have to thank for it? The Catholic priest at Collinsville. He did noble work.' And there's the spirit of the board of trade. We forget our material positions, our religious and political affiliations and come together as common citizens for a better, better and more beautiful city."

The toastmaster in graceful remarks then introduced Mayor Meehan.

MAYOR MEEHAN

His Honor was warmly welcomed and he spoke, in part as follows:

"Some time in the future, when men begin to think and appreciate public work tinged with no selfishness but that which home pride exacts, this board of trade will occupy that niche in the affections of the people to which it has long been entitled."

"An organization purely civic in character, with no benefits, endowments or preferences for its members but what all the people share in, is the best insurance and protection for the home any municipality can have. Nearest and dearest to every man's heart is the health, contentment and prosperity of home. Eliminate any of those elements from the family shelter, and by just so much you rob a man of the power, inclination and ambition to perform his best work."

"What is true of the individual is true of a community, and an organiza-

tion that is striving to give us better streets, better sewers, numerous and beautiful breathing spots, clean avenues and ways, efficient fire protection, ample police service, a public hall for public purposes, new and diversified industries, and without striving to inculcate the wisdom of reasonable economy in the administration of city affairs, is performing a work deserving of the thanks of every man, woman and child in our midst, for it is a work designed for the benefit, the betterment of that sacred place called home."

"Now and then questions of great national importance come nearer to that home and affect us more than we imagine, and the proposed amendment to the constitution to permit a federal tax now agitating the different states is of immense importance to all of us and should enlist the close attention and study of our board of trade. Without desiring to express an opinion for or against it on this occasion, it perhaps will not be out of place to say that if the amendment should be adopted it will probably be operative as long as the Union endures."

"About \$78,000,000 represents the real and personal property valuation of the city of Lowell, the product of the brain and sinew, the brain and morality, the industry and economy, the discipline and law-abiding conduct of all our people. To guard that treasure and add to it, if possible, is your plain duty and



HARVEY B. GREENE
President

mine, whether clothed with the temporary power or office or arrayed in the more substantial raiment of private citizenship.

"The neighborhood, too, of 40 different races touching elbows with us as we go in and come out of church, school, factory, shop and office is in our keeping for good or evil, and no shortsighted policy, no system of management or control that dwells the brain, shrivels the body, stunts the independence of thought, word or deed, and estranges neighbors, will long preserve the hitherto admirable reputation of our city, or add one iota of strength to the foundation upon which our commonwealth rests. In our mad rush for the alluring gain of the hour, we should hearken to those solemn words of Whittier:

"The riches of the commonwealth
Are free, strong minds and hearts of
health;
And more to her than gold or grain
The cunning hand and cultured brain."

WOODWORTH CLUM

The next speaker was Woodworth Clum, secretary of the Rochester (N. Y.) chamber of commerce, whose remarks aroused the enthusiasm of the gathering. Mr. Clum spoke, in part, as follows:

"In riding through the streets of Lowell this afternoon, one might well think it a time of peace, but as a fact we are on the threshold of the greatest conflict of the world. The competition between cities is keen. Chicago is engaged in a rivalry with New York and Boston, and Lowell can find a foe man worthy of her steel in this country. There is an opportunity for Lowell to make itself a greater city. The American cities spent \$3,000,000 in city proper last year. How much did Lowell spend? Rochester spent \$5 or \$10 cents per capita. If Lowell could subscribe to a fund of 50 or 25 cents per capita for promotional work, how much it could do. Emerson once said that if a man preaches a better sermon or builds a better mousetrap than his fellowman, though he may establish him-

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self in a wilderness, the world will beat a pathway to his door. I take issue with Emerson on one point. The world will beat a pathway to his door, provided he advertises. No matter what your advantages may be, unless you go out and preach the gospel of Lowell, you cannot gain your end. Unless you get a publicity fund you must take the back seat.

"I have not studied the 23 years of this board's history, but let that 23 be a symbol. Let it be 23 for apathy, 23 for indifference and all get together for the promotion of Lowell."

"In the light of some experience let me say just a word about civic pride and dues in an organization. Depersonalize the organization. There is not an organization that meets with success unless it is impersonal. Its membership, which would then be 'do it for Lowell.' If you don't think enough of your city to put aside personalities, you don't think much of your city. The matter of dues places civic pride on a pedestal. You can do so much with your \$5 a year membership. You can well consider increasing your fee here."

"The city is a business corporation and it should be right for all taxpayers to pay their share of the cost of advertising the city. It has tremendous to be heard and merchants to be patronized. St. Paul and Norfolk are using the city's money to help pay for a promotional campaign. The time may not be ripe now, but soon it should be put before the city council to expend some money in advertising Lowell."

"The post of trade is not an organization apart from the members thereof. You men here tonight control absolutely the commercial future of Lowell. Resolutions are fine, but don't let it stop there. If you gentlemen of Lowell will consider the responsibility and will give your president and secretary loyal support, you will do that which makes your city prosperous."

The next speaker, an expert on combustion and smoke nuisance, John S. Schumaker of Boston, made an important address of great interest to the business interests of the city. He dealt with fuel economy and told of the uses of peat and how coal, by being combined with a proper amount of air, could be made practically smokeless.

The Fuel Question

Mr. Schumaker spoke as follows:

It was with great pleasure that I received the invitation from your committee to speak here tonight, and for two reasons, first, Lowell is a great textile center and the textile industry is the great back bone of New England's manufacturing industries and so, presenting to the Lowell board of trade conclusions or opinions on a subject of general interest such as the fuel question, means presenting them to those men most deeply concerned in the industrial welfare of New England. Second, the Lowell board of trade is not essentially an engineering association, although it must number some able engineers in its membership. When, therefore, such an association submits to a half hour of discourse on a subject distinctly engineering and not too on the order of an annual festivity, it bespeaks a more than casual interest in the subject.

You gentlemen are particularly interested in three phases of the fuel question. First, the cost of fuel delivered to your boiler house. This is a phase of the question which must be solved by you in a large measure by acting collectively.

The fuel committee of the Boston chamber of commerce has recently compiled, and is able to furnish data and a map showing freight charges by various routes to points in New England. This is an excellent beginning, and this side of the fuel question and further benefit along this line rests rather with the business man than with the engineer in obtaining a reduction in freight rates, if possible.

The engineer is frequently called upon to pass judgment as to the relative merits of several different coals. Trials of samples of these which consist simply of using each kind of coal for a short period and noting the coal used as against the work done are often grossly misleading. Each kind of coal may require a different furnace condition as regards air supply and distribution and it frequently happens that a better coal is rejected because it is not burned properly during the trial. Low grades of buckwheat coal have frequently replaced high grade bituminous coal because, upon such trials, they have shown a saving of fuel costs. In such cases the use of buckwheat coal had caused a radical change in furnace conditions which resulted in a higher furnace efficiency

while the bituminous coal had not been properly burned.

If the bituminous coal had been properly burned, it would probably have made a greater saving than the change to buckwheat and that without any added charge for change in equipment. There are other factors, however, that may affect the value of the various grades of coal, too complex to go into at this time. The safest rule to follow is to try that coal which contains the greatest number of B. T. U. per dollar paid, and, if it fails to give the expected economy in practice, and without any assistance to discover the reason why.

There is another direction in which we may look for a lower fuel cost in New England than the average New Englander is not at all familiar with. I refer here to the vast deposits of peat very widely distributed throughout New England. With the constantly increasing cost of coal, New England will find it more and more difficult to compete with other manufacturing centers more fortunately provided with a nearby fuel supply and it will find its salvation in these convenient deposits of peat. The United States Geological Survey has begun to investigate these peat deposits not only in New England, but throughout the country, as a possible future source of fuel. In New England, its greater need will bring its use more quickly. It is not generally known that a vast extent peat is present in large deposits in New England, nor is it generally known what high fuel value it represents.

Proper Burning of Fuel

The second phase of the question which is interesting to you is the proper burning of the fuel so that the maximum benefit may be derived from its use. And third, to burn the fuel smokelessly to the end that we may have a City Beautiful. Even this last deserves the attention of our distinctively commercial natures, for it cannot be denied that a beautiful city helps in some measure to pay dividends. These two phases of the subject I will speak of to some extent collectively.

In starting out to apply in a large commercial way the knowledge developed by two years of experimenting with fuel, it was found that the average fuel user was so reluctant to consider the reduction of his fuel bill, when this was to be accomplished without the use of some special device, as he would be to consider an offer of five dollar gold pieces for one dollar. This was due to the vast amount of misinformation that was and is extant both in print and from the lecture platform.

It has been the general contention that the economic use of fuel is a question of firemen and that smokeless combustion is a question of special furnace design. How deeply the conviction is fixed, that with the fireman rests the solution of the economic use of fuel, is evidenced by the recent report of the fuel committee of the Boston chamber of commerce. This committee recommended the establishment of some form of training school for firemen, so that they might become "skilled firemen," and advocated some form of agreement among employers whereby they would give the preference to these specially trained men. This idea is not undesirable, but it falls far short of meeting the needs of the situation.

The economic use and smokeless combustion of fuel rest entirely upon the conditions under which the combustion is carried on, and the average fireman's lack of "skill," so called, does not affect these conditions in any measurable degree. His wilful neglect may defeat the attempt at economic use and smokeless combustion of fuel, but his lack of so-called "skill as a fireman," never.

Smokeless combustion is dependent upon a sufficient supply of properly distributed air and a certain relative thickness of fuel bed. This definition of the requirements for smokeless combustion, you will please note, makes it unnecessary to have any special or novel form of furnace. It may or may not consist of a fire brick structure, it may or may not consist of boiler heating surface, as in the locomotive type of boilers. Nor does this definition make it necessary to practice any so-called skillful method of introducing the fuel into the furnace. It follows, therefore, that any furnace may burn coal smokelessly insofar as the nature of its construction is concerned, and it is only necessary to provide a sufficient supply of properly distributed air to a proportioned thickness of fuel bed.

Economic Use of Fuel

Economic use of fuel is another matter, and does not necessarily follow when smokeless combustion is established. It is dependent upon the boiler as well as the furnace and either the boiler or the furnace may be the cause of the fuel waste, even though the fuel is being burned smokelessly. The maximum boiler and furnace economy is obtained when the fuel is completely oxidized with the minimum amount of air and the boiler is delivering the gases to the uptake at a minimum temperature. It will be evident then that both the economic use and smokeless combustion of fuel is dependent upon certain fixed conditions in the boiler plant relative to the supply and distribution of air to the furnace and upon a certain thickness of fuel bed.

The burning of fuel is essentially a chemical process and must be treated as such whether it is carried on in a

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furnace requiring that the fuel be supplied from time to time by hand, or in a furnace to which the fuel is being automatically supplied in constant small quantities. It follows, therefore, that a stoking device or a hand fired furnace will fail to burn fuel properly unless the proper supply and distribution of air is effected.

Continued to page seven

THE LOWELL NEST OF OWLS

Is the Largest in New England

Outside of Boston, and is still growing. Our members know that we have a good thing, and are hustling all the time. Another big initiation tomorrow (Thursday) evening in ELKS HALL, at 7:45 o'clock. Come early to this big meeting. Our quarters are cramped already. Every chair occupied. Must have a bigger hall if we keep on like this.

The Owls say "That no person is good and no one is bad. We are all GOOD and BAD. The Owls teach the tenets of no faith. They interfere with no church. They advocate no creed. The Owls are bound to help each other in every way possible. Are you in trouble? Does danger threaten you? An Owl must be your friend, not your JUDGE."

THE BENEFITS

\$7.00 per week for thirteen weeks.
\$3.50 a week for thirteen weeks.
A death claim of \$100.
Free doctor. Free medicine.
Charter Fee \$5.00.

ELKS HALL, TOMORROW NIGHT
HECTOR TURNBULL, Rec. Sec. ED. M. BOWERS, Pres.

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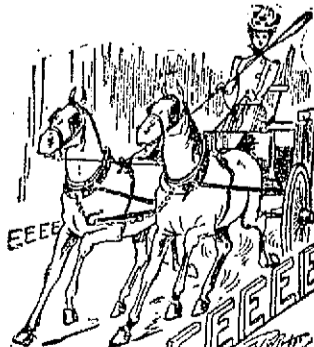
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shall rest on no more solid a foundation than the convention system, halved as both have been by generations of satisfactory results. Isn't it best to stick to the tried and true, rather than tangle into troubles we know not of, the behest of political dreamers or vain and artful enemies?"

"The direct nomination of United States senators in some of the States adopting this method has become a byword of reproach through an inordinant use of money, so that no man may avail who happens to be poor in the lands of this world. Does the old Bay desire to lower her ancient standards to such a grade? Adopt the legislation now pending and it will open the door to all the rest. An ad interim committee of the Empire State has studied the problem for a whole year, and after a most exhaustive study of effects as applied in other states hereby condemn the system. This ought to be a danger signal to the legislature of Massachusetts."

Mrs. Mary L. Roark, formerly at 423 Fifth street, will be pleased to meet at friends at Room Jordan Hartford's, Merrimack street.

ST. PATRICK'S NIGHT

Dance at Associate Hall St. Patrick's Hall, Music, Phinnsaan's orchestra.

SMOKE NUISANCE BOARD OF CHARITY

Alderman Brennen's Resolution Passed by Aldermen
Elected Martin F. Conley as Superintendent

The clock in the steeple struck ten before Chairman Gray of the board of aldermen rapped that body to order last night. The members, numbering three times three, were all present, some of them in their best bib and tucker and fresh from the banquet hall of the board of trade where philanthropy and estates went hand in hand. The board of trade banquet was responsible for the belated meeting of the aldermen, but they were all right and one could tell at a glance that they had been in good company. It was a late hour for the aldermen to get together but none of them shied at the mountain of business piled on the chairman's desk.

Among the important papers in that pile was Alderman Brennen's resolution for the abatement of the smoke nuisance in Lowell and the boys took kindly to it because they knew it was a good thing and that it means a whole lot for the "city beautiful" movement. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

A communication from the water board in which \$75,000 was shily requested for a new pump for the Centralville pumping station was referred to the committee on appropriations. The present pump is inadequate and a new pump of the Holly pattern, it is stated, will mean a great saving on coal, a fact that has been demonstrated by the Holly pump at the boulevard.

The appointment by the mayor of John A. Osgood to the board of health was tabled.

A petition asking an increase in pay for city laborers, making it \$2 instead of \$1.75 a day, was referred to the superintendent of streets. The democratic members of the board wanted the matter to go to the superintendent of streets with the board's approval of the increase but the republican members didn't seem inclined to do anything but refer it. The three democrats, Messrs. Brennen, Carmichael and Connors allowed that the aldermen, if they believed in the increase, should go on record and they expressed themselves as being heartily in favor of it.

Chairman Gray called to order at 10 o'clock. A petition for a pole location in Bartlett street was read and a hearing held. There were no remonstrants.

Assessments for sewer construction in Bennett, Bridge, Cornell, E. Hill-dreth, Marsh, Moore and State streets and Sixth avenue were approved. Some minor petitions were referred to the proper committees.

An ordinance amending the present ordinance and making the term of the city messenger three years instead of one year, was referred to the committee on ordinances and legislation. The ordinance was introduced by Alderman Qua.

Rep. Conley Will Resign From Legislature to Accept Position —Dr. McCarty Declared Mr. Conley as Experienced in This Department and Well Qualified to Fill It Acceptably

At a meeting of the board of charities held yesterday afternoon, Rep. Martin F. Conley was elected superintendent of the board of charities department to succeed Solomon S. Mayberry. Mr. Conley will take office within a week or ten days. He will resign his position as representative. The year is so far advanced that a special election to fill Mr. Conley's place at the state house will not, it is said, be held.

Rep. Conley was a former member of the legislature, having served for two terms of two years each, and because of this fact he is familiar with the work in which he was always interested.

Yesterday's meeting of the board was called to order at 4.30, half an hour behind scheduled time. The question of a night nurse at the city hospital was laid over to the next meeting, as was the question of ambulance surgeons. The renewal of the ambulance contract with Dr. Sparas was signed.

The bill of \$4288.92 from the Massachusetts home for the feeble minded, a copy of the original bill received since the last meeting of the board, was in evidence and the board voted to send it back to the home and request the authorities there to send it to the mayor and the city court. The board does not feel that the bill should be paid out of the ordinary appropriation.

Election of Superintendent
 Mr. Conley moved that the board proceed to the election of a superintendent of the board of charities department.

Before the motion was put Mr. Howe asked time for a few words. In part he said:

"This is one of the most important departments of the city and the work that may be accomplished depends largely upon the efficiency and competency of its chief officer, who is the superintendent. He should not be hampered politically or otherwise. I think the present superintendent, Mr. Mayberry, has done the best he could under the circumstances. I believe that he did all he was asked to do by any board."

"I am not in favor of a change unless the man to be elected is a thoroughly competent man. If a man so qualified cannot be found in Lowell I would not hesitate to go to the state board of charities for such a man. I believe the superintendent should be a resident physician; he should live at the farm and be there at all times. I think that is the only way to do justice to the people there."

Dr. McCarty said, speaking in regard to a competent man, "I can say that we have a competent man and to go out of Lowell for a competent, capable man."

When a vote was taken Commissioners McCarty, Curran, Connors and Ricard favored Representative Conley. Commissioner Howe not voting. When the vote was announced Commissioner Howe offered a motion that the selection be made unanimous and it was so voted.

On vote of the board it was decided to have three representatives go over the stock on hand in the department, one representing Mr. Mayberry, another Rep. Conley, and the third the board. On the part of the board Chairman McCarty was chosen its representative in the work.

Adjourned.

hearing was ordered for the next meeting.

The appointment by the mayor of John A. Osgood to be a member of the board of health, was read and tabled under the rules.

A petition of John H. Cogger for compensation for injury to horse was read and referred to the claims committee.

Petitions of C. S. Liller, David Dickson, A. W. Greeley, Mrs. Elizabeth Green, asking for street improvements were read and referred to the street committee.

Auditor's sidewalk assessments, 21 in all, were confirmed in concurrence.

A petition of the Boston & Northern Street Railway Co. for permission to place a new turnout on Lawrence street, was read and an order for a hearing at a future meeting was adopted.

A joint order appropriating \$225 for printing 500 copies of the municipal register was adopted.

The usual preliminary joint order requesting the street committee to arrange for watering of streets was read.

The joint order closing city hall Saturdays afternoons in the summer, already adopted by the city council, was read.

Alderman Connors offered as an amendment that the closing start in June instead of April and that it include the city laborers without loss of pay.

The amendment was carried with Alderman Gray, Qua and Byam in opposition, and the order as amended was then adopted.

Alderman Brennen's resolution for the abatement of the smoke nuisance was read and referred to the state supervisors of elections for last year be paid \$5 for each day's work was adopted.

Reports of the electric wires committee on various petitions were read and accepted.

The chairman named as the committee on convenience station Alderman Adams and Byam and on the public convenience committee Alderman Dexter and Qua.

The petition of John H. Donnelly and others asking increase in pay for city laborers was taken up again, and Alderman Carmichael moved that the petition be referred to the superintendent of streets with the recommendation that it be granted.

The chair ruled the motion out of order on the ground that it would be violating the charter.

On an appeal from the chair's decision taken by Alderman Carmichael, the chair was furnished by a party vote.

Alderman Carmichael called attention to the fact that notwithstanding the eight-hour law many city labor-

ers, according to a list he had received, were working many more hours per day. He believed the law is there to be obeyed, and couldn't see the necessity of its violation by any head of a department.

The Donnelly petition was then referred to the superintendent of streets without recommendation.

Alderman Brennen believed the laborers should receive \$2 a day regardless of how it should be brought about.

Alderman Dexter believed in a \$2 wage, providing it could be given without violating the city charter.

Adjourned.

The committee on printing, Ald. Gray, chairman; Ald. Wainwright and Councilmen Chapman, W. T. Davis and Gargan, met in the public reception room at city hall last night and voted to recommend the printing of 600 copies of the red books, so-called; 500 copies with leather and 100 with paper binding. The committee recommended bond paper and uniform type, and that the books be lettered as usual.

Holland shades laundered at Scrip-ture's laundry, 25c. Tel. 1510.

MISS WHITTIER
 Delivered Address at Whistler House

Miss Helen A. Whittier, formerly of this city, but now of Boston, spoke on "The Educational Work of the Boston Museum of Fine Arts" at the Whistler House last night. The lecture was illustrated and those who were fortunate enough to be present were given a rare treat. The affair was under the auspices of the Lowell Art association.

Miss Whittier said what was both significant and true, that people within reach of Boston do not yet seem to fully realize that the new museum is unique of its kind, and destined to become one of the famous buildings of its kind in the world. It represents an outlay of three million dollars up to date, and it has for years carried on a work that, while being of the greatest educational value, has received grants of money neither from city nor state, but has maintained itself through private gifts and endowments. It is now rich in a magnificent new building and priceless art treasures, but as half a million dollars of its invested funds have been expended, it is poor in visible financial resources, and looks to a generous public support in the future to carry on its program of development.

In her talk, which was illustrated by slides loaned by the museum, Miss Whittier gave a general idea of the plan that has been followed in creating what is virtually a series of museums under one roof, and spoke particularly of the manner in which the ornamentation of the interior had been subordinated to creating a restful background for a proper setting of the many exhibits. The suggestions given were just what were needed to prepare one for a profitable visit to the museum.

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Spring 1910

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Saturday, March 19

Soliciting the favor of a call from you, and assuring you of a hearty welcome. We are very truly yours

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169 MERRIMACK STREET

MISS OCKINGTON

Tendered a Reception to Her Pupils

Miss Ockington tendered a reception to her pupils at Associate hall last night. The affair was well attended and proved to be one of the social events of the year.

Fancy dancing was the feature of the affair and the costumes worn were in keeping with the graceful dancing of the participants.

Those who took part in the fancy dancing, were as follows: "Skirt Dance," Collie Crowe; "Will o' the Wisp," Mildred Tinker; "Polish Dance," Hazel Chamberlain; "Maid o' the Mill," Esther Mulgrave; and, in the Swiss dance, Master Alexander Grulshank and Miss Mildred Tinker; Master Daniel Potter and Miss Dorothy Pratt; Master Frederick Mulgrave and Miss Dorothy Coburn; Master Donald Adams and Miss Beryl Blair.

The grand march was led by Master Ronald Stevens and Miss Margaret Stevens, with Master Allan Adams and Miss Doris Wilson following.

The music was by the American orchestra. At the close of the dancing for the little people, refreshments were served upstairs. Then followed general dancing. Mr. Clifford Bronson Carey was

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 STAMPING A SPECIALTY
ALICE H. SMITH
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 Friday, March 18th
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Rose Jordan Hartford
 198 Merrimack Street OPPOSITE KIRK

MISS WHITTIER
 Delivered Address at Whistler House

MISS OCKINGTON
 Tendered a Reception to Her Pupils

MISS WHITTIER
 Delivered Address at Whistler House

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1909 was

16,828

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1910. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

This is by far the largest average circulation of any newspaper in Lowell.

SPEAKER CANNON AGAIN.

Speaker Cannon is again to attack the insurgents in congress, and it is quite likely that he will not squelch them so easily as he supposes, although he has or else assumes the power to do a great many things. There will be no peace in congress until Cannon shall have been superseded by some honest and fair-minded man.

CHICAGO SPECULATOR MOBBED IN ENGLAND.

The fact that James A. Patten, the Chicago wheat and cotton operator, was mobbed and driven from the cotton exchange at Manchester, indicates the feeling that exists in England in regard to such speculators. In this country it is considered a legitimate business to corner cotton, wheat and the general necessities of life, but it would not be tolerated in England or Germany. Neither would the monopolistic trusts be tolerated, but here under the constitution that exists to protect the people in their rights it is quite allowable. It is a striking contrast between the laws of European monarchies and those of the great American republic.

THE REFORM OF THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

Lord Rosebery has brought to the attention of the British public a scheme for the self-reform of the house of lords of which he is a member. His plan will fall far short of what the people of England want, and while his views may receive careful consideration by his colleagues in the upper house, they will not be taken seriously by the commons when the test comes upon curtailing the powers of the lords over legislation demanded by the people and enacted by the lower chamber. The lords will veto any bill intended to deprive them of the veto power, and in that case the only means of carrying the measure over their veto is to have the king create a sufficient number of liberal peers to carry the measure.

Formerly under such circumstances a money bill was attached to the bill rejected by the peers, but this method is regarded as an irregular ruse to enable the commons to overrule the upper chamber. Hence if the king refuses to come to the aid of the ministry in case of a deadlock on the veto then a general election would follow and both sides would again appeal to the people for a decision.

CHANCE FOR DEMOCRATIC VICTORY.

In view of the discontent prevailing all over this country on account of the high cost of living, the unrestrained operation of the oppressive trusts despite the attempts at prosecution, it seems that the time is ripe for a change in the political power that controls the country.

The people, it seems, are tired of the republican party; tired of its alliance with predatory wealth; tired of its disregard of the rights and interests of the plain people; tired of its arbitrary sway and its trust breeding tariff policy; tired of its manipulation of the government machinery for party ascendancy; tired of its defective currency, its panics, and the far reaching labor trouble resulting from its policies.

There is now an opportunity for the democratic party to assert its strength and to advance its policies by scoring victories in the elections to congress next fall.

The special election to be held to fill the vacancy in the Fourteenth district will be a test of political sentiment, and in the candidacy of Eugene N. Foss the democrats have a splendid opportunity to win a signal victory, one that will be as a beacon light to other districts that have their elections later.

The republican party, through the standpat element, is still firmly wedded to the worst features of the high tariff. Indeed the higher the tariff and the worse it is for the people, the more pleasing will it be for the standpaters. But there is a revolt in the republican ranks and the insurgents have already emphasized the serious character of the opposition to the policies now in force.

It is already conceded by republicans that the democrats are likely to win enough seats in the fall elections to give them control of the next national house. That would be an important step towards the election of a president in 1912. The democratic leaders of this country are in a state of confusion at the present time in regard to a presidential candidate. Many of them feel that it is absolutely useless to take up Bryan again; they would like to side-track him but they have nobody at all approaching him either in ability or popularity to substitute. This, then, is one of the great problems before the leaders during the next year. They must find a man whose ability, democracy and general standing will commend him to the people. He must be a man who can command a wide following from the start. Had Governor Johnson lived nothing could stop him. As yet the right kind of candidate has not appeared. It is quite likely, however, that the emergency will produce a man whose reputation surpassing state bounds will command party unity and win such support as will enable him to defeat his republican opponent. The same old republican tactics will be employed of course, the trusts will precipitate a temporary panic to scare the people into supporting their party and will threaten the shutting down of their vast line of industries. It is thus they have on former occasions bulldozed and coerced the people into believing that a democratic victory meant starvation. But the people have had ample proof of the hollowness of republican promises and the falsity of republican statements at election time. They have heard the republicans pledge a revision of the tariff downward and saw them revise it upward. That and many other things of a similar kind have convinced the masses of the deceit and dishonesty of the republican party and prepared the way for republican defeat. All that is necessary to accomplish it is, that the democratic party shall prove itself able to make the most of the opportunity.

When Roosevelt returns he will find that the republican party has fallen into the hands of Aldrich and Cannon, and that the president is only their tool. He will find that his long line of policies have been relegated to the rear, that the trusts are again in the saddle and the republican party is well pleased to carry what it considers the precious burden.

PEOPLE OF NOTE.

Among recent engagements is that of Miss Ernestine P. Atwood and Charles Bartlett, both of Melrose. Miss Atwood is the recipient of \$500 of the Carnegie hero fund money for the daring rescue of a drowning man. She is an artist and is active in athletics.

Word has been received by the officials of the Germanistic Society of America that Professor Wilhelm Passowsky, of the University of Berlin, is to visit this country in the spring of 1911. He has been granted a leave of absence from his duties in Berlin and is arranging his plans for coming to America. During a stay here of some months he will lecture on "The Spirit of German Institutions."

Mrs. Anna Sturges Duryea has been appointed by the International School of Peace as its official representative on the platform.

William M. McCrane has had forty-two years' service as caretaker of the Essex Institute in Salem, and is to retire from this service. He has been the guide of thousands of strangers who have visited that interesting place in the old "Witch City." The trustees of the institute have regrettably accepted his resignation and have taken formal action to show their appreciation of Mr. McCrane's long service. He is now 65 years of age.

Mrs. Maud Ballington Booth has instituted at New Orleans a movement which may end in the establishment of a Hope hall for the convicts of Louisiana. One year ago, Mrs. Booth offered to furnish the proposed hall if 12 members of the Louisiana Prison Reform association subscribed \$200 apiece. At a lecture which she gave recently, she renewed this offer. In a few moments, five persons had subscribed the sum asked and 150 members of the Reform association pledging themselves to raise the rest.

Chicago's clergymen swept, dusted, made beds, and cooked the other day, that their wives might devote the day to the fight against saloons. The agreement of the clergymen to do the housework for one day was the result of an appeal made by Miss Lucy Fane Gaslon of the Anti-Cigarette League, and Mrs. Emily Hill, president of Cook County Women's Christian Temperance union. These women formed a committee, which attended meetings of all the Protestant denominations, and asked the clergymen to enlist the aid of their wives against the liquor traffic.

Wallace C. Borden, head master of the girls' Normal school of Boston, believes that the teachers of the future should be perfect physically. He advocates the establishment of rules requiring physical examination of future young women are admitted as students. "A school teacher," says Mr. Borden, "should be a model of good health, of grace and freedom of bearing, such as can result only from regular exercise. Here at the Normal school I have observed cases of anemic, weak heart, defective eyesight, and hearing, and nervous prostration. I know that such afflictions necessarily unfit the teachers for appointment to the teachers' schools of the public schools, since the strain of teaching is certain to aggravate the trouble. Of course the pupils in this

condition are excused from the physical exercises we carry on here, although it is necessary for them to present a physician's certificate as to their unfitness."

Smith college students have organized a branch of the Consumers' league and will refuse to buy shirt-waists or other goods made under sweatshop conditions.

SUPREME COURT

Has Three Big Cases Under Consideration

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Three cases of far-reaching importance—those affecting the rights of the Standard Oil company and the American Tobacco company, to do business and the third questioning the right of the



CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER

government to impose the corporation income tax—have been engaging the attention of the United States supreme court. The court has heard much argument on these matters. It is understood that on March 21, after handing down what decisions are then ready, the court will take a recess for two weeks until April 4. It is possible that when it convenes again the decision in the government suit for the dissolution of the American Tobacco company, the "tobacco trust," will be ready for delivery.

MAYOR BROOKS

WAS RE-ELECTED CHIEF EXECUTIVE OF CAMBRIDGE

CAMBRIDGE, March 16.—Mayor Brooks was re-elected mayor of Cambridge yesterday, by a largely increased plurality, defeating former Rep. George W. Long (non-partisan) by 1633 votes. The vote was: Brooks 6905; Long 521. The vote on license was strongly in favor of the majority being 3222.

CANADIAN RUNNER WON

NEW YORK, March 16.—John Tait, the crack middle distance runner of Toronto, Canada, jumped away from George Bonhag of the Irish-American Athletic club in a special one and a half mile match race at the annual games of the New York A. C. at Madison Square Garden last night. Tait won by 30 yards in the record time of 6:52. The former American indoor amateur record for the distance was 6:57, held by Bonhag.

Bonhag seemed to give up toward the latter part of the race and the Canadian sped ahead to his record breaking finish.

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

THE STORE FOR QUALITY AND STYLE

A NEW CORSET

WE DESIRE TO INTRODUCE

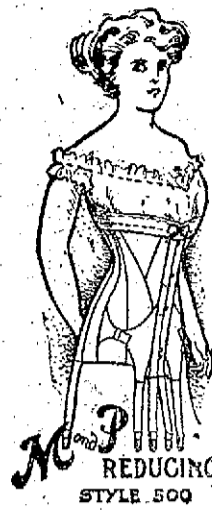
Will Be Offered As a Special Thursday Bargain

The M and P

Abdominal Reducing Corset

An every day \$2.00 model. For a Special Introductory Thursday Bargain Sale

\$1.00 a Pair



Made from a good quality coutil—boned throughout with steel—medium bust, long over abdomen; hips and back, 6 hose supporters, abdominal reducing strap, lace and ribbon trimmed. Sizes 19 to 36. Price special for Thursday

\$1.00 a Pair

The Semi-Annual Style Show

Displaying the Spring and Summer Fashions in Women's and Children's Wear is scheduled to occur at our store

Friday Afternoon and Evening

A rare musical treat will be provided by

The Hallet & Davis Concert Company OF BOSTON

FULL PROGRAM PUBLISHED IN TOMORROW'S PAPERS

Everybody Will Be Welcome to the Style Show Friday

O'Donnell Dry Goods Co.

MEN BREAK JAIL

Two of Them Made Their Escape

BRATTLEBORO, Vt., March 16.—Another daring attempt at escape from the county jail in Newfane came to light yesterday when it was learned that two of the prisoners awaiting trial for the April term of the Windham county court were taken to Windsor for safe keeping, as the result of the attempt made last Friday night.

The police and the authorities have been trying to keep it secret, on account of the numerous breaks which have been made from the jail during the past two years. Archie St. Peter, one of the men concerned in Friday's

CRAZED PATIENT

LEAPED FROM WINDOW OF HOSPITAL IN PORTLAND

PORTLAND, Me., March 16.—Partially blind and fearful that an operation which was about to be performed would result in saving his sight, Michael Pelletier, a 19-year-old patient at the Maine eye and ear infirmary, last night jumped from a window of the hospital to the brick sidewalk, four stories below, sustaining injuries which are expected to cause his death.

Young Pelletier had been sent here from Madanaska, Arizook county, as a charity patient. When preparations were made to operate on his eyes from which he barely could see, he became violent. He was then removed to the insane ward, but becoming quiet was again taken to the hospital. The nurses in charge left him for a few moments and he made his probably fatal jump.

The WALK-OVER Man

Announces that on March 18th, 1910, he will open at 54 Central and 53 Prescott streets an exclusive WALK-OVER store carrying a complete selection of WALK-OVER shoes for men and women at \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.50.

You are cordially invited to visit this, Lowell's newest retail store, between 2 and 10 p. m. Friday, March 18th, 1910.

No goods sold on opening day.

MUSIC

SOUVENIRS



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A Slight Cold, A Hacking Cough

Then pneumonia, la grippe or consumption. That is what happens if you do not doctor the cold or cough as soon as you feel it coming on.

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

the world's greatest medicine, is prescribed by doctors everywhere. It is an absolutely pure, gentle and invigorating stimulant and tonic. It overcomes all weakness, wasting and rundown conditions of the body, brain and muscle, giving the system power to throw off and resist coughs, colds, la grippe, catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and lung troubles. It is a wonderful remedy in the prevention and cure of consumption, pneumonia, malaria, low fevers, and all weakening and wasting conditions, if taken as directed. It is recognized as a family medicine everywhere. It is invaluable for overworked men, delicate women and silly children, and is a promoter of health and longevity.

All druggists, grocers and dealers, or direct, \$1.00 a large bottle. Refuse substitutes and imitations; they are injurious. Send for medical booklet, containing testimonials and rare common sense rules for health, and doctor's advice, both sent free.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Dwyer & Co.

PAINTERS, DECORATORS AND PAPER HANGERS

Estimates on all kinds of jobs, large or small at 47 Amherst street.

PAT KEEGAN

Boat and Shoe Repairing MODERATE PRICES FOR BEST WORK. Latest and best improved machines. Work done while you wait. Best leather used. Give us a trial. Joseph Therrian, repair man. 232 to 235 No. 4th Street

ST. THOMAS' SALVE

FOR Files, Old Sores and Skin Diseases

FOR SALE—At All Up-to-Date Drug Stores

THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

Fresh Clams Every Day

At the Lowell Inn. Fresh fish direct from the Boston wharves. Lobsters fresh from the traps. Meats fresh and wholesome. Call and see us. LOWELL INN, busiest place in Central street.

FURNITURE MOVING

You may be thinking about moving. If so, just call or telephone to the honest and reliable WILLIAM LUTZ at 30 Prescott st. All orders promptly attended to and handled with the greatest care. The best is the cheapest and there is none better than Lutz's packers. Our specialty is piano moving.

HAVERHILL'S CHARTER

Hearing in Legislature on Bill to Amend It

BOSTON, March 16.—City Solicitor Nichols and Mayor Moulton of Haverhill appeared before the committee on cities yesterday morning in favor of a bill which virtually amends the new city charter of Haverhill by providing that the school committee of that city in its annual appropriation shall not appropriate or expend in any one year a sum in excess of \$50 on each thousand of taxable property. This is the mayor's bill and he had ex-Mayor Roswell C. Wood of Haverhill, his immediate predecessor, hot foot after him opposed to any change in the city charter for five years. Mr. Wood told some strange things that are happening in Denmark and warned the committee.

City Solicitor Nichols opened for the bill, explaining that the city council has now no restriction upon the expenditures of the school committee since it has the power to decide what is necessary and to spend money for it even in excess of its appropriation.

Thursday Bargain Day

Corset Covers of good main-sock, deep lace yokes with ribbon, regular 25c styles, but most of them are sizes 36 and 42. Thursday bargain day,

15c

Lawn Skirt Aprons, 38 inches wide and 31 inches long. Thursday bargain day,

3 for 25c

Messaline Waists, in black, wistaria and reseda, yoke of graduated tucks. Thursday bargain day,

\$1.97

A small lot of 69c and 98c lingerie waists. Thursday bargain day,

39c

Discontinued styles of 97c lingerie and tailored waists, Thursday bargain day,

69c

The White Store

116 Merrimack St.

Under the old charter there were 31 members; now the number is reduced to four. The school committee makes its layout for appropriations in July, while the city council makes its annual appropriations in January. The school year begins Sept. 1, after the long vacation, and the school committee has four months before the city council comes in to make its expenditures.

Ex-Mayor Roswell C. Wood of Haverhill said he was a believer in trusting the people, "but I believe that there is such a thing as carrying that thing too far. They come here and tell you that they have saved some money on the schools, but they don't tell you that under this new form of government they have eliminated the vacation schools that we used to have; they don't tell you that they have reduced the number of night schools; that they have eliminated six out of nine of the kindergartens under this new form of government, although the most business at their end of affairs. What has the city council done? It has cut out 21 highway districts, gentlemen, from the appropriation for streets. All the money that they have saved under this new form of government has been taken from the street department.

Now we have got our new charter. The mayor wanted it; now he wants to change it. I was opposed to it. The city solicitor gets \$1000 more, when he only asked for \$800. But they said, 'You're a good fellow, and they gave him \$200 more. The only fair thing is to say to the mayor and to say to the city solicitor, 'You have got your charter; keep it in vogue for at least five years and see what it will do; make no amendment to it. We have got what the best class of our citizens in Haverhill wanted; what I didn't want, gentlemen, but let it stand.'

Representative Priest of Haverhill also opposed the bill. His objection was to the form of the measure, and he stated that he would submit a new draft of the bill to the committee; he thought the bill should be perfected. The hearing closed.

POLICE CHIEF

HAS BEEN SUSPENDED FROM DUTY

ST. LOUIS, March 16.—Chief Greney was suspended by the police commissioners yesterday on charges of divulging to John M. Healy, secretary of the investigation into an alleged shortage in the police relief fund. Healy was indicted last week on the charge of embezzlement. Lieutenant Thomas J. McCormack, president of the relief association, was also suspended. The charges against him were not made public.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

AUTO WRECKED

Machine Collided With a Pole

J. Munn Andrews, secretary of the O'Sullivan Rubber Heel Co., had a narrow escape from being killed in Rogers street about 6:30 o'clock last night, when his automobile collided with a pole near the corner of Boylston street. The machine was wrecked, but fortunately Mr. Andrews and the other occupant of the car escaped serious injury.

Mr. Andrews was driving the car at the time, and was accompanied by a friend of the family. Neither of the occupants was thrown from the car, and Mr. Andrews was removed to his home, 256 Andover street, where a physician was called. It was said late last night that he was resting comfortably and that he would probably be out within a few days. His companion was said to have sustained only flesh wounds which, while painful, were considered trivial in character.

MISS MABEL HILL

ADDRESSED MOLLY VARNUM CHAPTER, D. A. R.

Miss Mabel Hill gave a delightful talk at a social meeting of the Molly Varnum chapter, D. A. R., yesterday. Her subject was "Current Ideas and Topics of Conversation in the Home of Our Colonial Ancestors."

As indicating how far we have advanced scientifically, she cited the fact that a comet is no longer regarded as a messenger from God—a forerunner of disaster, as Cotton Mather believed and taught.

Speaking of the advance in the science of medicine, Miss Hill quoted from an old book of recipes kept by Governor Winthrop, proving conclusively that that distinguished Colonial aristocrat believed in such nonsense as hard boiled eggs on the back of your neck to cure insomnia, and dried and powdered toads for smallpox; also cod-livers for people who have "melted their grease."

Miss Hill also said that our Colonial ancestors were not, as we so frequently hear, democratic, but that they brought with them into New England the idea of aristocracy, which they manifested even in the assignment of the pews in the church.

An idea of the religious thought of the Colonial days was given by quoting some of the favorite hymns of

TALBOT'S CHEMICAL STORE

Sulphur 5c lb.
Epsom Salts 5c lb.
Syrup Hypophosphites 50c
Sanitary Fluid 15c pt.
Chloride Lime 10c lb.
Hydrogen Peroxide
4 oz. 12c; 8 oz. 18c; lb. 30c
Glycerine 35c pt.
Borax (Pure) 10c lb.
Saleratus 5c lb.
Creosote 10c pt.

40 Middle Street

DO YOU WANT A FINE NEW \$375 PIANO FREE

1st PRIZE

Consolidated Manufacturers'

2nd Prize — \$150 Credit Certificate.

3rd Prize — \$125 Credit Certificate.



Limerick Contest

And Over \$12,500 Worth of Additional Prizes

Do You Want a Fine, New \$375 Kimball Piano? Just think of a good line to complete the Limerick (verse) shown on the coupon below. You have the same opportunity as anyone to win the piano or one of the other prizes. It costs nothing to try, and is the greatest offer ever made to those desiring a piano.

All you have to do is to write the line. There is no catch. Prominent men will act as judges. This great contest is put on through the co-operation with the W. W. Kimball Co., the largest piano manufacturers in the world, to advertise the Kimball piano and to acquaint everyone in New England with the fact that the Hallet & Davis Piano Co. are the sole factory distributors for the Kimball in New England. Instead of spending this large sum in expensive magazine advertising, the company intends to put it where it will do piano buyers the most good, believing that a Kimball piano in the home is the best advertisement, and it is for piano buyers that this contest is run. We also intend to use the good Limericks for advertising cards, etc.

THE PRIZES

First prize—A fine new Kimball piano, valued at \$375.
Second prize—A credit certificate for \$150. Third prize—A credit certificate for \$125. The next 6 best answers will be given a credit certificate for \$50. Following these in groups of 6 or more, each contestant sending in the next best answers will be given a credit certificate for \$1 less than those previous—that is, six at \$50, next six at \$49, etc.—until the \$12,500 has been awarded.

Special Advertising Appropriation—In addition to the above prizes the company will voluntarily issue to each of the remaining contestants a special certificate of credit, of \$25, as an award for their effort in this contest.

These certificates are good on the purchase of any New Kimball, Hallet & Davis or Conway piano or player-piano in our warerooms at regular retail price. Time of certificate is limited.

SIMPLE CONDITIONS The Limerick shown on coupon below needs one more line. Fill this out. This last line should rhyme with the first line in coupon filled out, or exact written copy, as no answer will be accepted unless this is done, and address all answers to managers of contest. The best answer will be awarded first prize; others in accordance to their value. Here is a partial list of words that rhyme for the verse below: Flown, prone, thrown, lone, loan, sown, grown; alone, cone, lone, atone, bone, dethrone, own, disown, etc.

COUPON

Fill out last line of verse below, answer questions, sign Name and Address.

Low. 0.

The Kimball name is well known,
True worth it always has shown,
A letter to buy,
The easiest to try,

Write Your Line Here I submit herewith by Limerick and agree to abide by the decision of the judges.

Name City
Street State
Have you an upright or square piano or organ? State which

BEEF PACKERS

ARE ACCUSED BY THE GRAND JURY

that day; and the advance in civilized thought was indicated by reference to some of the favorite forms of punishment for offenders against the law.

Mrs. Warner E. L. Ward, a former member of the chapter, was present and sang exquisitely "The Land of Nod," by Gilbert; "The Year's at the Spring," Mrs. Beach and "Carissima," by Arthur A. Penn. Miss Helen Savage accompanied.

Following the entertainment, tea was served by the hospitality committee. Mrs. G. C. Brock and Mrs. H. A. Lambert poured.

MORSE SEEKS PARDON

BALTIMORE, Md., March 16.—Benjamin W. Morse, son of Charles W. Morse, the New York banker, who is undergoing sentence in the federal prison in Atlanta, is in this city, securing signatures to a petition for a pardon of his father by President Taft. He announced last night that 4000 residents of this city, including many prominent bankers, brokers and professional men, had signed the petition.

are entered and providing a penalty of fine and imprisonment for any person selling cold storage eggs as fresh.

THE GOVERNOR

HAS REFUSED TO INTRODUCE COMMANDER PEARY

ATLANTA, Ga., March 16.—Governor Brown and Mayor Maddox of Atlanta yesterday declined an invitation to introduce Commander Peary when he lectures here tonight. Governor Brown said he did not believe that Peary discovered the North pole.

Mayor Maddox, in declining, gave as his reason that Peary was coming as a private citizen to lecture for money and was in no sense a guest of Atlanta.

THE KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 16.—The 60 day session of the Kentucky legislature ended last night. Few important measures were passed during the session. Among those which failed, the most important was the federal income tax amendment which lapsed through non-action by the senate.

DEMOCRATIC CONFERENCE

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 16.—

Chairman Norman E. Mack of the national democratic committee last night denied reports that the councils of democratic party leaders held here are to "freeze some fellows out of party affairs."

Mr. Mack explained that Mr. Bryan had made it so plain that he would not again attempt party leadership that any attempt to throttle Mr. Bryan's influence would be unnecessary.

Mr. Mack said he believed that the democrats were a unit in wanting only the strongest man for leadership and that when it became apparent who was the best man, the democrats would unite in his support.

JORDAN DEFEATED

CLEVELAND, O., March 16.—Henry Gohring of Cleveland won the middle-weight wrestling championship of the world here last night from Chris Jordan of Boston, in two straight falls. The first was obtained in one hour and 43 minutes, and the second in five minutes. In each case he obtained a hammerlock hold over the Greek.

CHALIFOUX'S BARGAINLAND BASEMENT

Gingham or Chambray Shirt Waists, assorted stripes and colors, 49c

Black and White Percale Waists, in stripes only.....49c

Ladies' Medium Weight Lisle Hose, in black or tan, high spliced heel and toe24c

Ladies' Medium Weight Hose, in black only, lisle thread, full fashioned, double heel and toe, 25c value.....15c Pair

Children's Ribbed Wool or Heavy Cotton Black Hose, in fine or coarse rib19c Pair

Children's Mercerized Lisle Hose, in tan.....15c Pair

Child's Fine Rib Cotton Hose, 6 to 9 1-2.....15c Pair

Ladies' Medium Weight Vests and Pants.....19c

Ladies' Heavy Weight Vests and Pants, short sleeves, knee pants, 39c

Ladies' Linen Embroidered Stocks, assorted patterns.....10c Each

Ladies' Linen Stock with Jabots attached, in white or colors.....10c

Swiss Embroidered Collars, in eyelet work, pretty design, all new, 24c Each

Dutch Collars, in lace, large or medium sizes, extra heavy lace.....49c

Hemstitching, in boxes, 3 neck lengths, blue, pink, black, white or lavender.....10c Box

Elastic Belts, all colors. Gilt Buckles.....10c

Fancy Belts, in regular belting, fancy cut buckles, assorted colors, 50c value.....24c

Extra Specials for Thursday

Sash Curtains

In assorted striped muslin, 36 inches wide, 27 inches long. Regular value 15c

Thursday Only

10c PAIR

Dutch Collars

Trimmed with heavy lace insertions and lace edge. Regular value 50c.

Thursday Only

24 CENTS

Children's Dresses

In black and white check, with red trimmings, 6 to 12 years. Regular value 75c.

Thursday Only

39 CENTS

Ladies' Handkerchiefs

Hemstitched, in plain muslin, lace edge, fancy corners. Regular value 10c.

Thursday Only

3 CENTS

P. N. Corsels 69c and 98c

Long Waist Corset, 4 hose supporters attached, good quality batiste49c Pair

Persiana, in colors2 Spools 5c

Embroidery Silk2 Skeins 5c

D. M. C. and No.2 Skeins 5c

"Brainard & Armstrong's" Embroidery Silks, a full line of colors, 5c Skein

Jet Buttons15c to 45c Dozen

Gilt Buttons15c Dozen

Pearl Buttons5c to 35c Dozen

Ono Dress Shields24c Pair

Dress Shields8c and 10c Pair

Broom Brushes10c

Barrettes "the latest"10c Each

Turban Pins10c Pair

O. N. T. Crochet Cotton5c Ball

Hooks and Eyes2c Card

Peel's Hooks and Eyes8c Package

Peel's Hooks and Eyes5c Package

Pins1c Paper

Needles1c and 5c Paper

Sampson Thread3c Spool

Dragon Thread, any number, black or white.....2c Spool

THE POLICE BOARD

Granted a Number of Minor Licenses

The board of police met in regular session last night and transacted nothing but routine business during the regular opening meeting. There was considerable business to be gone through, however, and the session of the board proved to be a long one.

Action was taken on the following licenses:

Licenses granted to sell ice cream, confectionery, soda, etc.—Sarah S. V. Hunt, 49 Coburn street; Geo. H. Miller, 369 Bridge street; Chas. H. Smith, 268 Thorndike street.

Common victualler licenses granted—Kyrillos Katsorhis, 599 Market street; Emerson N. Robarge, 483 Merrimack street.

Hawkers and peddlers' licenses granted—Peter Spanias, 5 Fenwick street; Theodore Pepin, 11 Hanover street; Mereneas Georgiades, 153 Market street; John P. Quinn (three li-

censes), 927 Gorham street; Isaac Seniors, Dracut, Mass.; License to operate a job wagon—Wm. Pringle, 1282 Lawrence street. Theatre license—Harpoat & Topjian (The Jewel), 488 Merrimack street. On petition of Dr. Samuel Patenaude, Paul Daignault was appointed special police officer, without pay from the city, for Litchfield terrace, Walker street. Billiards and pool license—Kyrillos Katsorhis, 599 Market street. License to operate a fish cart—W. H. Lantry, 46 Victoria street. Leave to withdraw was voted in the cases of the following applicants: To sell ice cream, etc.—Annie L. Dillion, 125 Andrews street; Cordelia Boisvert, 94 Adams street; Jos. A. Lemont, 9 Marion street; Chas. T. Snowman, 335 Memorial street; Adele Trester, 25 Coolidge street; Lizzie Moriarty, 599 Lawrence street; August Pearson, 553 Gorham street; Dominick Savara, 7 Thorndike street; Thos. W. Blair, 54 Floyd street; Kevork Surabian, 81 Bridge street; Felaniso Gaudette, 167 Perkins street; Mrs. M. W. Mailloux, 62 Chabot street. Billiards and pool—John P. Coulakos, 599 Market street. Surrendered and cancelled: Common victualler—James T. Wallwork, 483 Merrimack street; John O'Donnell, 900 Gorham street; Diakounis Koumoundouras, 599 Market street. A sixth class liquor license was granted to Wm. A. Burton, of the firm of Hall & Lyon company, 67 and 69 Merrimack street.

ROADS COMMITTEE

WILL COME TO LOWELL TOMORROW MORNING

Senator Joseph H. Hibbard will escort the committee on roads and bridges of the legislature to Lowell via Dracut, from Lawrence tomorrow, to look over the proposed highway between the two cities and some state highway in North Chelmsford. The committee went to Lawrence today to look over a bridge proposition there, and will leave for Lowell at 8:10 o'clock Thursday morning, arriving here a little after 9 o'clock. The trip in the electric will give the members a chance to look over the proposed river route in good style.

Arriving in Lowell, they will enter automobiles and go back to First street to look over the river route, which may make trouble for the river route plans. Then they will go to Dracut to look at the Black North route, hurrying from there up the Princeton boulevard to North Chelmsford to investigate the uncompleted piece of state highway which it is hoped will be built between that town and Tyngsboro some day in the near future.

Coming down on this side of the river, they will take lunch at the Country club at 11 o'clock, going from there back to Lawrence in the early afternoon by automobile, by way of the Navy Yard, the "Yellow Meetinghouse" and the Black North route.

From Lawrence the committee will return to Boston by train in time to be on Beacon hill for the afternoon session.

O'SULLIVAN TROPHY FOR MILITARY HIKE FROM BOSTON TO LOWELL

Humphrey O'Sullivan has the militia boys at the armory going over the offer of a costly and beautiful trophy to the military company making the best time on the road from Boston to Lowell, in heavy marching order. The contest is open to every company in the state, each company to be represented by not more than eight men. The contestants are not bound down to any rules, except that they must be in heavy marching order, and must not ride at any stage of the journey. Both running and walking are permitted. A date has not been set as yet, but the contest will come off just as soon as the condition of the roads makes it possible.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Court Mid-Down, Foresters of America, was held Monday night, Chief Ranger James J. Dunn presiding. The class initiation

C. B. COBURN CO.,

DRAHNAF AUTO OIL

It is thin, pale, smooth running oil that does not carbonize, clog or gum, but keeps your car perfectly lubricated.

Chauffeurs of long experience say, "It is the best Auto Oil I have used."

Gallons 50c
5 Gallons 40c Gal.
Barrels 30c Gal.

GASOLINE

Our Motor Gasoline is thoroughly strained and gives a powerful, clean explosion.

63 Market Street

which comes on the last meeting of April was discussed at considerable length and there is every indication that the event will be a grand success. Fifteen candidates are now on the waiting list. The court voted to send its full delegation to the grand court convention, which will be held in Haverhill in May. Charles J. Martin, John H. Condon and James J. Dunn were appointed a committee to look into the matter of holding a series of entertainments within a short time. Mr. Dunn gave an interesting talk on the court's progress and prosperity during the past year. At the close of the meeting a social hour was in order.

Odd Fellows

The regular meeting of Pilgrim Encampment, No. 4, I. O. O. F., was held Monday evening at the Centralville Odd Fellows hall. The regular business was transacted, a proclamation from the grand patriarch relative to the observance of the ninety-first anniversary of the order was read and interesting remarks were made by several visiting patriarchs.

Good Templars

Mr. Zion Lodge, I. O. G. T., observed the 29th anniversary of its organization, last night, at Good Templar hall in Gorham street. Supper was served during the early part of the evening and among the guests present were Grand Chief Templar H. E. Phinney of Brighton; Grand Counsellor James M. Cray of North Adams; Assistant Grand Secretary Mrs. Ida A. Tilton of Lowell; Mr. and Mrs. Allan Buchanan of Norwich, Conn., who are still members of the lodge; Deputy Grand Chief Templar Robert Johnson of Reading, and several of the chief templars of the local lodges. The program which followed the business meeting later in the evening, was an informal one and consisted of musical numbers and speeches by the visiting officers.

The committee in charge consisted of Robert V. Mountford, chairman; Mrs. Belle Edwards, Mrs. Elizabeth Brooks, Mrs. Ina Mountford and Mrs. Kate Higginbottom.

Ladies of the G. A. R.

Betsy Ross circle, 24 Ladies of the G. A. R., held its regular meeting last night at 233 Central street. Considerable business was disposed of, after which a supper and entertainment were given. It is proposed to run a whist party in the near future.

Knights of Pythias

The regular meeting of S. H. Hines lodge, No. 56, K. of P., was held last evening. Brother Carhan of Highland lodge, Bridgton, Me., was reported sick at the Lowell General hospital and the relief committee of ward 7 was instructed to attend to him. The rank staff took the floor and gave an exhibition drill, after which the rank

Is Your Life Worth Living?

When the liver refuses to perform its functions of secreting bile, and the bowels become inactive and loaded with foul waste materials, the effect on the mind is most distressing. Gloomy forebodings drive out the sunshine. You are nervous and fretful. Life is not worth living. What ails you? It's your liver on a strike. Congested, torpid, sulky, it refuses to perform its functions.

What's to be done? Take one or two Smith's Pineapple and Butternut Pills after dinner and again at night. In the morning you will feel different. The sun will shine. What's the reason? Your liver has resumed business, that's all. These wonderful little pills have set it going. With clear brain, keen appetite, you will enjoy life again. Take one occasionally for a week or so and your blood will be purged of impurities and its bright red flow will carry health to your finger tips. Physicians use and recommend. They form no habit. You should always keep them on hand. These little Vegetable Pills will ward off many ills.

To Cure Constipation Bilioussness and Sick Headache in a Night, use

SMITH'S PINEAPPLE AND BUTTERNUT PILLS

50 Pills in Glass Vial 25c.—All Dealers.

SMITH'S For Sick Kidneys

BUCHU LITHIA KIDNEY PILLS

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

The Most Important Bargains From the Lowney Stock

WILL BE READY TOMORROW MORNING

Miss Lowney's infants' and children's wear stock was the largest and best selected in the city of Lawrence. It was the shopping place of particular mothers whose tender thoughts of their little ones' clothing prompted them to go where they were sure of a broad assortment of the best and prettiest things.

We bought this stock at much under 50c on the dollar and have marked it in such a manner that we shall offer you the

Greatest Values Ever Seen in Lowell and Vicinity For Infants' Wear

Every mother who reads the following items will be interested. The whole of our Infants' wear section will be given over to the selling with plenty of extra salesladies to attend you.

DRESSES

Made from Lawns, Muslins, Silks, etc. Trimmed with ham-burgs, lace insertion and ribbons, etc. Long and short dresses in every style.

FOR 15c We offer the 25c, 29c and 35c grades.
FOR 25c-33c We offer all 50c grades.
FOR 49c We offer \$1.00 and \$1.50 Dresses.
FOR 75c We offer Dresses worth \$1.25 to \$1.50.
FOR 98c We offer Dresses worth \$1.62 to \$2.50.
FOR \$1.25 We offer Dresses worth \$2.25 to \$2.98.
FOR \$1.49 We offer Dresses worth \$2.75 to \$4.00.
FOR \$1.98 We offer Dresses worth \$3.25 to \$5.00.

CLOAKS and COATS

Mostly of white materials, including Cashmere, Bedford Cords, Silk Coats, Serges, etc., in long and short styles. Plain and trimmed.

FOR 49c We offer the 98c grades.
FOR 75c We offer the \$1.50 grades.
FOR 98c We offer Coats which were from \$2.50 to \$6.98.
FOR \$1.49 We offer Coats which were from \$2.50 to \$4.00.
FOR \$1.98 We offer Coats which were from \$3.50 to \$7.00.
FOR \$2.49 We offer Coats which were \$4.50.
FOR \$3.98 We offer \$6.50 and \$6.98 Coats.

Don't Miss This Selling, You Who Buy for Little Folks, and Remember That in a Stock of This Kind Those Who Are First to Buy Get the Best Selection.

MERRIMACK STREET

BRIDGE

Infants' Wear Department



BONNETS

Several hundred to select from. Made of Silk Muslin, Bear Skin, Corduroy, Bedford Cord, etc. Trimmed and embroidered. At the following ridiculous prices:

FOR 10c We offer Bonnets which sold from 25c to \$1.75.
FOR 15c We offer 25c and 50c Bonnets.
FOR 29c We offer 50c, \$1.37 and \$1.75 Bonnets.
FOR 49c We offer 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50 Bonnets.
FOR 75c We offer \$1.50 Bonnets.
FOR 98c We offer \$1.98 Bonnets.

PETTICOATS

To go with long or short clothes. Lawn, Flannel and Flannel-cottons.

FOR 15c We offer the regular 25c Petticoats.
FOR 37c We offer Petticoats worth 50c, 59c and 69c.
FOR 49c We offer the \$1.00 Petticoats.
FOR 75c We offer the \$1.25 and \$1.50 grades.

Underwear and Knit Goods

Which includes Shirts, Bands, Booties, Sweaters, etc., are offered At About 1-3 of the Regular Prices

STAR THEATRE

Beautiful souvenirs of St. Patrick's day will be given to the first 300 people to enter the Star theatre Thursday afternoon. On that day there will be a complete change of motion pictures, illustrated songs and vaudeville. The show is "The Biggest and Best in Lowell" and the admission of five cents includes a seat.

COUNTESS LEARY

TO FOUND MEMORIAL TO CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS

NEW YORK, March 16.—Announcement was made last night that Countess Leary of New York, created a countess by the pope, and universally known for her benevolence, has made plans to found a great memorial to Christopher Columbus. It is said that lands have already been donated for the purpose.

GET DRUNK ON "CANDY"

CHICAGO, March 16.—Getting drunk on "candy" has become such a widespread practice among men, women and children in the stock yards quarter that the state food department yesterday announced its purpose to stop the sale of the intoxicating bonbons.

"One particular 'candy' excels the vilest whiskey for intoxicating results," said Assistant Commissioner John B. Newman.

PACKING CO'S DEBT

MEXICO CITY, March 16.—The debt of the Mexican National Packing Co., to the United States Banking Co., is 1,145,757 pesos (\$2,072,378 gold) according to an itemized statement filed yesterday by the receiver of the bank. Both were placed in the hands of receivers several weeks ago. The statement of the packing company's indebtedness shows that between January 8 and January 11, exchange to the amount \$92,937 was protested in London.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

F. H. PEARSON CO.

Footwear Merchants

SHAPELY STYLES for women's dainty dress or rough-and-ready wear—in lots of leathers and finishes—are waiting for you to come and take a look.

DOROTHY DODD de-luxe Pumps and Oxfords—fashionably made—all good lookers, good fitters and good wearers—high and low ankle straps, with tips or plain tips, light band finished soles, flexible welted soles and properly balanced graceful heels.

\$2.50, \$3, and \$3.50

120-122 MERRIMACK ST.

SPECIAL

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 17th, 18th, 19th



144 Steel Folding Go-Carts

Better than the illustration. Made of the best St. Louis steel construction in leather top, rubber tired wheels—folds with one motion. Retailed from Calais, Maine, to the Pacific at \$7—our price while they last.

\$3.49

Your \$1.00 will go as far as \$2.00 later.

25 Five Drawer Chiffonieres

Good finish, size 27 inches wide. Just the size for use in bath room or for extra clothes room, priced at \$5. They are yours for

\$3.45

241 1 1/2 Yd. Tapestry Rugs

Fringed on both ends for

95c

See the Window Display: Prescott Street Prices. Just Out of the High Rent District.

The Robertson Co.

THE STAGE AND THOSE WHO BELONG TO IT

By CARLTON HOLT.

SOME one who has a taste for such things has been making up a list of present day stellar attractions in the operatic and musical comedy industries who began their public career in the chorus. The compiler of this interesting collection—a woman, of course—declares that before she had completed her self appointed task she was ready to ask, "Is there a single one among them all who didn't start in the ranks?"

Beginning with grand opera favorites, there's Bessie Abbott. Since 1901 she has been ranked both at home and abroad as one of the most successful of American prima donnas. "Was not ever thus," Miss Abbott is an alumna of the University of Hard Knocks. Although reared in luxury, she was reduced to a pithy periphrasis near poverty, and she and her sister were glad to become members of the chorus in one of the late Augustin Daly's musical comedy productions. It was thus she earned the money to have her voice cultivated.

Alice Nielson and Gertrude Hoffmann, both salary absorbers of the highest magnitude, were humble little chorus maidens once upon a time. The time defying and still peerless Lillian Russell made her primary venture in the chorus of "Pinafore." It was not long until she was "discovered" and that chorus became the "salient feature" of the fetching little opera. Eva Tanguay won't admit that she is a chorus graduate, but she doesn't deny that she made her first appearance on an amateur night and that all the American Beauties incident to that evening went elsewhere. Anna Held, who has been depleting American pocketbooks for more than a decade, admits freely that she did her first turn in a Parisian cafe chantant and for a long time afterward sang in a chorus. Adrienne Augarde, who is one of the superlatives in "The Dollar Princess," was a chorus girl for several years and was so poorly paid that she was glad to add an honest trifle to her income by acting as "dresser" to the principals.

Although the inimitable Fritz Scheff never sang and danced in the chorus, her mother—an estimable woman—did that very stunt and managed to educate her charming daughter all at the same time. Sweet Frances Cameron, the brightest of all the Merry Widows, began by being a Maxim girl in one of the early companies of that popular operetta. Billie Hume, yes, charming Billie—now a delineator of legitimate dramatic character of the most up to date and accepted sort, made her beginning in the ranks of musical comedy. Nor did she make the shift from chorus girl to her present eminence with the hon. skip and jump which characterized the metamorphosis of Elizabeth Brice, who plumped into Grace Van Studdford's role and subsequent prominence in a single night, while the latter lady was "having it out" with her manager. The show went on. Miss Brice literally jumped into the late Grace's shoes and costume and achieved fame in less than thirty minutes.

Near the end of the list? Not at all. Only just beginning. How about Lulu Glaser, who left her home in Pittsburgh one fine day and went to New York in quest of dramatic honors? Did she begin at once to scintillate as a luminary of the first magnitude? What she actually did, and she was exceedingly fortunate to accomplish it in view of the congestion in the prima donna lumber market, was to secure a position in the chorus of "The Lion Tamer" at the Broadway, and it was

five long months before she was able to make it clear to the powers that she was entitled to have her home on the program. It is not an easy matter to look at dainty Marguerite Clark, miniature embodiment of all the arts and graces, and remember that she, too, has borne the glided spear in the fairy queen's bodyguard. Edna May? That bewitching instance of femininity

putted success as a star in "The Mocking Bird," made her first appearance as a member of the chorus in "The Gelsa," an Augustin Daly production, and Edna Goodrich, the wife of Nat C. Goodwin, was a member of the "Flordora" sextet, which was not the original sextet either. Trixie Friganza, who can make Broadway laugh without twitching a

muscle, the Augustin Daly organization, and a school of later date was the Castle Square Opera company of Boston, which fell into the hands of Henry W. Savage, who up to this time had led the simple life of a real estate speculator. Many a successful musical comedy star has placed her beginning with the old Castle Square organization, and even after Savage expanded his the-

was a member of the "Pilsen" chorus and created the role of the New York girl in the "Song of the Cities" in that production. Eva Fallon, who made a hit as a soubrette in Raymond Hitchcock's production of "A Yankee Tourist," began as a wee bit of a brother in the Blossom-Robyn musical comedy, "A Yankee Consul," and Emma Carus, who makes vaudeville audiences howl

for a scene in the drama in which a crowd of youngsters figured. One wide eyed girl, a long braid of blond hair hanging down a shapely back, and a pair of very trim black stockings legs peeping from beneath a short skirt, caught Mr. Paulding's eye. She seemed a bit large for his purpose.

"My child," smiled the producer as he approached the youngster, "are you wearing high or low heels?"

The little girl stammered confusedly and stuttered out, "Why, low heels, sir."

"Then I'm sorry, miss, but I fear we can't use you," replied Mr. Paulding.

The little girl's mother, Mrs. J. H. Ring, took the child's hand and said consolingly: "Come along, Blanche. If you still think you can sing and want to act we'll try some other managers."

When Blanche Ring's present vehicle, "The Yankee Girl," was being cast last August, Frederick Paulding, then filling an engagement in St. Louis, was engaged by telegraph. When he reported at Lew Fields' offices it chanced that the merry star of "The Yankee Girl" was present in consultation with Mr. Fields. Excusing himself to Miss Ring, Mr. Fields proceeded to draw up a contract with Mr. Paulding.

"Just a moment, Mr. Fields," exclaimed Miss Ring from her chair. "Before signing any contract with Mr. Paulding please let me ask him one question." Going toward the astonished actor, Miss Ring said sternly, "Sir, are you wearing high or low heels?"

"Why," stammered Mr. Paulding in surprise, "I'm wearing high heels."

"Then you're engaged," smiled Miss Ring.

It took Mr. Paulding some moments to recognize in the blossoming young woman before him the little girl who was so eager to support him in "The Struggle of Life."

A New Mrs. Malaprop.

Miss Alice Fischer, whose delightful role of Mrs. Michael Nolan in "The Fourth Estate" has made her famous, is Mrs. William Harcourt in private life. She made her first appearance in a company headed by the veteran Frank Mayo in 1888. She came originally from Terre Haute, Ind., and in her early years had an ambition to become an elocutionist.

"I was studying elocution," she said the other day, "and a clergyman, a friend of the family, said I should be an actress. I told him my people would never hear of it, but he said that if I was a born actress I should be sinning if I did not take up my calling. So, you see, I did."

Being a westerner herself, Miss Fischer is extremely frank about criticizing her present role, that of a Pacific coast parvenu, and she doesn't care whether the authors like it or not.

"You know," she said, "western women aren't like that at all. I have known any number of them, rich and poor, and I have always found them witty and well bred. But the playwrights when they have a westerner who has made a 'strike' seem to insist on making his family loud, angular and awkward. It is a lovely part, though, of course, and I enjoy it thoroughly."

"The time I took tea with Dr. and Mrs. Oliver Wendell Holmes? Why, where did you hear that? Yes, I did, and I had the most delightful time. Mrs. Holmes, you see, invited me to visit her and wanted to invite some friends to meet me. I insisted that I just wanted to have tea with her and the doctor alone, so she let me have my way. And she gave me a piece of glass from a broken window in the

doctor's study. A windstorm, she said, had blown the window in, and she was giving the pieces to the people who visited her as souvenirs. I suppose I have that glass somewhere."

A Many Sided Actor.

There is no use of denying the fact that Francis Wilson has proved himself to be a great surprise even to his friends and probably, if the truth were known, to himself as well. In the good old "Erminie" days he achieved a remarkable publicity by means of a pair of the most versatile and absolutely marvelous legs ever attached to a human anatomy. After the popular interest in "Erminie" began to show signs of collapse—a condition which at one time seemed to be most unlikely ever to arise—Wilson proceeded to make it perfectly plain to the world that his legs did not represent him at his very best; that his resources were not exhausted when "Erminie" ceased to tickle the public fancy.

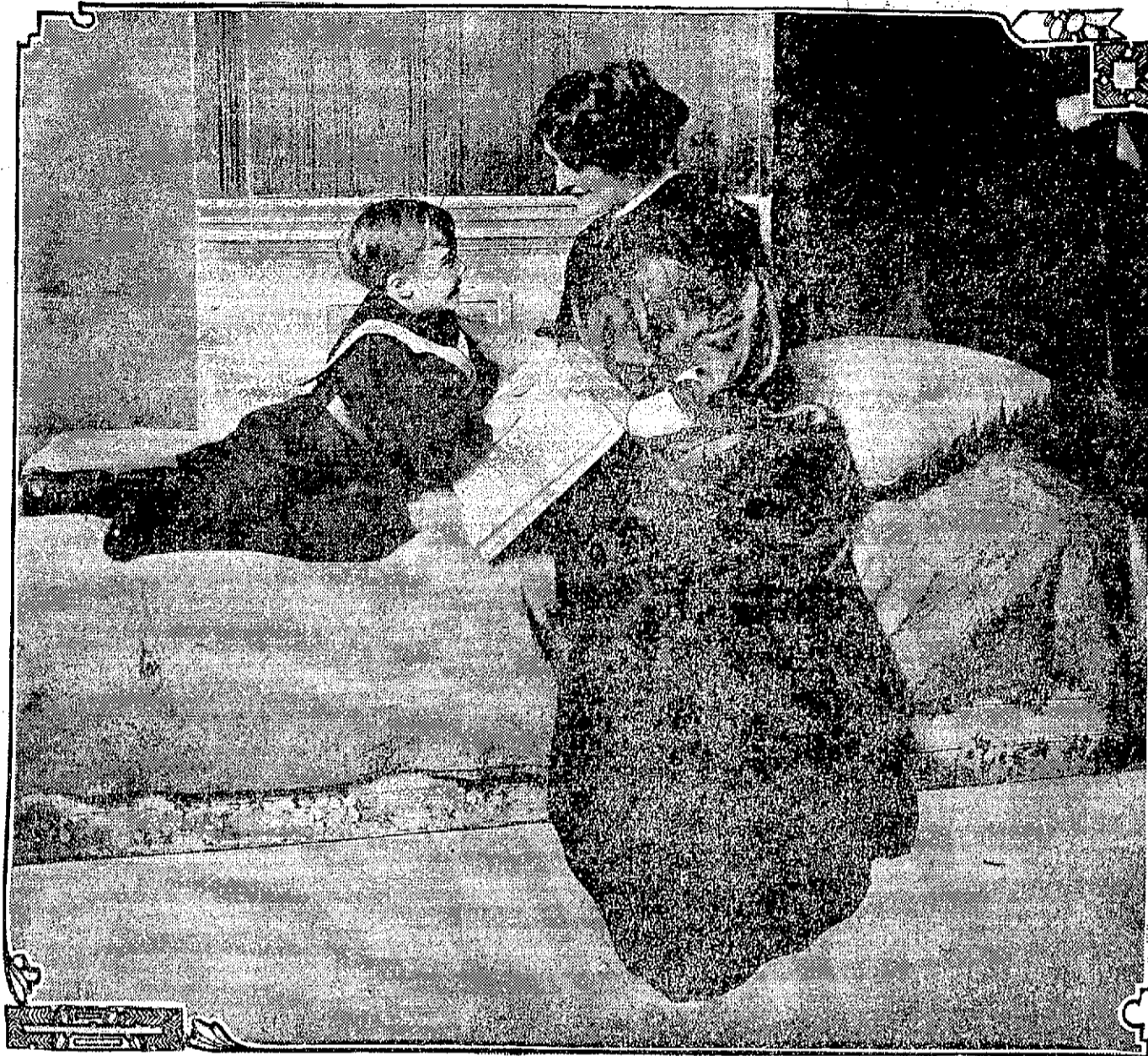
When the absurdities of musical comedy began to pall, even before the reaction had become too violent, Wilson forsook it and revealed himself as a capable exponent of legitimate comedy. Then, having satisfied himself and mankind in general that he was in possession of the true dramatic instinct, he proceeded to divulge the fact that he had a creative facility of the first class. His triumph with his own play, "The Bachelor's Baby," has made that evident.

Latest of all, Wilson has blossomed forth as an orator. In a recent speech of an hour and a half against the new Massachusetts child labor law he drew the bungling philanthropists who are behind the measure with such vigorous eloquence as the following:

"Emotional women and inexperienced clergymen (and who are so poorly equipped to face life's problem as the average clergyman?), knowing absolutely nothing of the stage, and, for the most part, unreasonably and by church law bitterly opposed to it, feel that the stage child of all others needs the most protection! But how different is the fact! It is unreasonably, stupidly ignorant to make a parallel between the miserable factory child, his pittance of pay and his long hours of physical drudgery in doing a man's work and the joyous child of the theater, whose pay is royal and whose mental task is counted in minutes."

"What is the reason of this sudden wave of sympathy for the stage child? Why should the law be invoked at this particular time in its behalf? Is it really because it is felt that the child of the stage is being injured mentally and physically, or is it a question of politics? And if it can be shown—as it can be—that the child of the stage is in no way injured and that it is a loss to the child, its profession and the world at large to discriminate against it, why may not the child, within reasonable limitations, be given an opportunity to acquire the thing that it can do best? If these well meaning but unsophisticated people who are using so much fervor and so little discretion in this child labor matter could only know of the people who, turning humbly to the services of a gifted child, have been spared or rescued from the martyrdom of icy charity or from becoming charges upon the city or state, they might perhaps hesitate before proceeding to such extremes."

"Most of the men and women who adorn the stage today and are in fine health were the infant saviors of their families. And they are snickering at the heroic philanthropy of those who passed this child labor law."



MARY MANNERLING AND MARK SHORT IN "A MAN'S WORLD."

began her public career in the chorus of Hoyt's "A Contented Woman" and also served a Broadway apprenticeship in "The Belle of New York" before she found her opportunity as a Salvation lassie to capture the hearts of all the playgoers of the present generation.

The Way Others Went.

Mabelle Gilman (Mrs. W. L. Corey), who won great success as a lead in "A Runaway Girl" in support of James T. Powers and who further advanced her standing when she made an undis-

covered success as a star in "The Mocking Bird," made her first appearance as a member of the chorus in "The Gelsa," an Augustin Daly production, and Edna Goodrich, the wife of Nat C. Goodwin, was a member of the "Flordora" sextet, which was not the original sextet either. Trixie Friganza, who can make Broadway laugh without twitching a

muscle, the Augustin Daly organization, and a school of later date was the Castle Square Opera company of Boston, which fell into the hands of Henry W. Savage, who up to this time had led the simple life of a real estate speculator. Many a successful musical comedy star has placed her beginning with the old Castle Square organization, and even after Savage expanded his the-

with delight, worked in the chorus before she grew so robust.

Blanche Ring's Little Joke.

When preparations were under way in September, 1891, for the production at the old Standard theater of William Irving Paulding's play, "The Struggle of Life," Frederick Paulding, the author's cousin and producer and star of the production, was giving audience one afternoon to a group of children who, led by doting parents and guardians, were being considered as eligible

Youth Won Lightweight Championship For Wolgast—Jeffries, Fortune Maker. New Football Plans to Be Proposed

By TOMMY CLARK.

ALL hail the new king of the lightweights, Ad Wolgast of Milwaukee, who defeated that sturdy warrior, Bat Nelson, in California on Washington's birthday! The recent battle was only another case of the inevitable. It was a battle of youth against age, and youth won. It was a battle of giant reserve power and gameness against more reserve power and gameness; but, above all, one of the gladiators had youth. It won the lightweight championship for Wolgast.

The Dane fought the battle that has always won for him heretofore, always boring in to wear down his opponent, only to have enough reserve power to knock the other man out when he was all in. He fought that way against Wolgast and lost the title.

And all this because Wolgast had youth and all the stamina that goes with it. The Milwaukee boy stood all that the nifty Dane could give. Leading all the time, Nelson bored in only to find that when he was exhausted the young opponent before him was almost as fresh as when he entered the ring.

Wolgast is a fighter like Nelson. He relies on his strength to win for him, not being overburdened with cleverness. The Battler underestimated this asset of his opponent as well as his own reserve power. He was matching his former great physical powers, worn and torn by thirteen years' experience in the ring, against all the vigor of youth and the added stamina of a chance to win a championship.

His reserve power did not respond to the summons. The Dane, weak, battered and torn, was unable to withstand the onslaught of his younger opponent. He was beaten at his own style of fighting, and he lost the lightweight championship of the world.

With the passing of Nelson pugilism loses one of her shining lights. Never in the history of fistiana has a man won for himself so many personal friends as the Dane, and this principally because he was game and had the physical power to stand the gaff.

Never in any battle did the brave old Dane take a backward step until the fight with Wolgast. And then only when both eyes were closed, his face

that they could not hear, all his reserve power gone, did the mighty lion of Denmark stumble blindly backward under the onslaught of the dancing, jabbing championship seeking Wolgast.

His face almost unrecognizable after the terrible beating he had taken, as helpless as a baby, carried to his dressing room after referee Smith had stopped the fight, Nelson pleaded to be allowed to continue fighting, with the plea that "he did not drop me." That was Nelson.

It was this trait, the fact that he never acknowledged defeat and that he was always game to the finish, that made Battling Nelson one of the most wonderful fighters that ever donned the gloves.

The brave old Dane knew no fear. He was unbeatable in his prime. He was always on the level. He personified the manly art of self defense.

Jeff's Big Fortune.

When one stops to consider that Jim Jeffries just picked up \$2,000 for showing the people that he was in condition to fight Johnson and is sure of \$50,000 more even if he loses the big battle and possibly \$500,000 if he wins, one is bound to be envious. That is what one would call making money quick.

But the immense sums of money which both Jeffries and Johnson have already pulled down and are going to receive in the future are good examples of the increasing popularity of sports. Why, there are people who would go to see Jeff in a vaudeville turn one night, take in Johnson's show the next, later on see them fight, then view the moving pictures of the battle and finally pay an exorbitant figure to see the winner go on the stage and how to a vaudeville audience and gather in \$5,000 a week. Such is life in America today.

The average college professor who spends years in preparing himself for his honorable career is fortunate if he receives as much money salary for one year as Jeffries and Johnson get for a single week. And just think of the many high positions of trust held by citizens who govern this great country of ours which pay less per annum than Johnson and Jeffries will receive for a single night's work next July. Truly, one would say it is a funny world, and some of us will labor on for years while

the Jeffs and the Johnsons will spring up and grab the money which we will give out of our hard earned wage.

New Plans For Football.

The three plans upon which the subcommittee of the intercollegiate football rules committee, which meets in New York March 25 and 26, will report

provide in substance for the following changes of alignment and play:

Plan 1.

First.—Seven men on the scrimmage line.

Second.—No pushing or pulling of the men with the ball.

Third.—Prohibition of diving tactics.

Fourth.—Ends going down the field not to be body checked.

Fifth.—Players going down the field under a punt not to approach nearer than five yards to catcher or punter until he has touched the ball and then coming to tackle him or charge forward unless he starts to run with the ball.



MOTOR SLEDGE WHICH HAS ATTAINED A SPEED OF THIRTY MILES AN HOUR.

This is the newly invented motor sledge with which A. L. Hillman of Moorestown, N. J., has been astonishing residents of that locality. He says he has attained a speed of thirty miles an hour with it. He also claims that it can be used as a means of reaching the antartide as a substitute for dogs. He has never been to the polar regions and therefore cannot be considered to speak with authority when he makes this claim for his new machine, but it certainly is a winner in the matter of making speed. The device is a sled of the foot steering variety, equipped with a four horsepower single cylinder engine having a speed of 1,500 revolutions a minute. In a steel frame projecting from the rear of the sled Hillman has rigged the wheel of a motorcycle, over the rubber tire of which he has clamped a steel band about two inches wide, containing eighteen teeth four inches apart and two inches high. These teeth are cut to a sharp edge and when the machine is in action dig down into the snow.

Sixth.—Eliminate inside kick.

Seventh.—First man receiving the ball to be allowed to carry it anywhere.

Eighth.—Forward pass allowed over any part of the line to men on ends of the line or behind the line when the ball is put in play.

Plan 2.

First.—Divide the halves into two periods, play to be resumed by the side in possession of the ball when the preceding period closed.

Second.—Seven men on the line of offense and three of the backs to be at least four yards in the rear of the line. (This would eliminate the tandem play perfected by Harvard.)

Third.—Forward pass to be made and caught only by players standing behind the line when the ball is put in play.

Fourth.—In offensive plays between the two twenty-five yard lines the team with the ball must advance it ten yards in consecutive downs or forfeit possession. (This article the committee states itself open to further advice.)

Plan 3.

First.—Seven men on the line of scrimmage, with the back field of offense limited to four men, center rush always in the center and no interchange of players permitted.

Second.—Eliminate neutral zone and inside kick.

Third.—No runner with the ball to receive any help until he has reached the line of scrimmage. (This would reduce the weight of the attack.)

Fourth.—Distance to be gained, seven yards in four downs.

College Aeronautics.

Intercollegiate aeronautics is far from a mere dream if the promoters of the sport are to be believed. The Aero Club of the University of Pennsylvania is endeavoring to form an intercollegiate aeronautic association. The first convention, including representatives from every college, with an enrollment of more than 500, will be held in Philadelphia during Easter week.

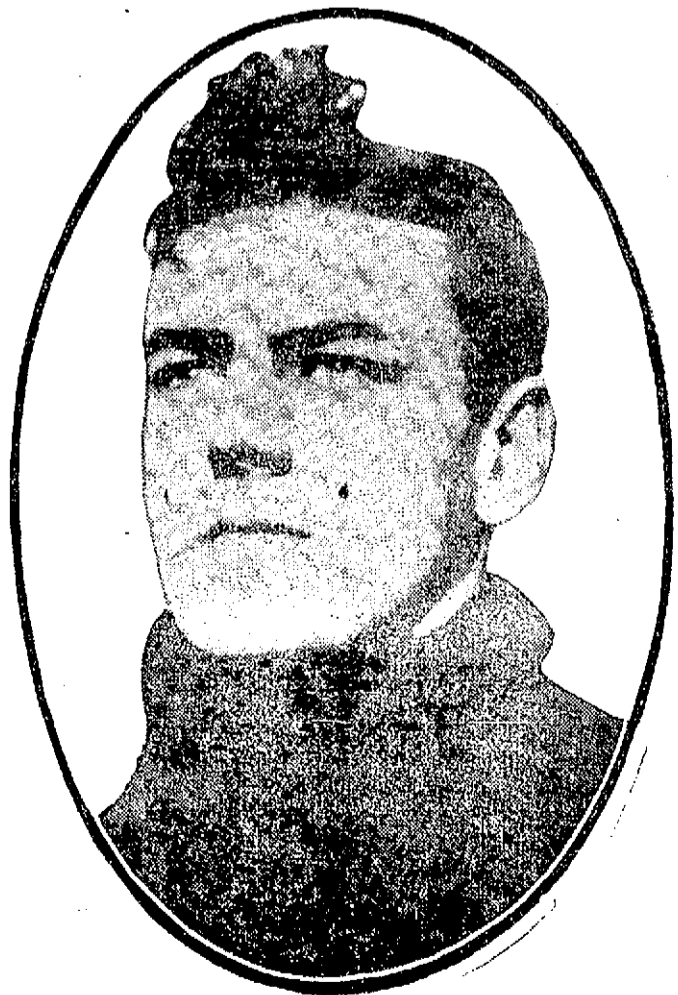
Ban Johnson's Big Salary.

An evidence of the increasing popularity of baseball is the \$25,000 salary the American League magnates recently voted to Ban Johnson for twenty years. While it might be that Johnson's salary is, as Charles Murphy expressed it, "good press agent work," it is pretty certain that the large gentleman who once worked as a newspaper man is getting enough money each year to keep the wolf from the door.

More power to Johnson! He led the American League through wartime

which threatened to end organized baseball. And he has, since the declaration of peace, always worked with

the aim of keeping his league in mind first and always. All things considered, \$25,000 a year is scarcely too much.



HAM FISH, JR., FAMOUS FOOTBALL PLAYER, WHO HAS BEEN DECLARED STRONGEST MAN IN HARVARD.

The tests and examinations of the athletes of Harvard have resulted in Hamilton Fish, Jr., being officially declared the strongest man of the student body of the university. Young Fish made 1,300 points in his examination by Dr. Dudley Sargent in the Heminway gymnasium. Fish, who is now on a leave of absence, is twenty-one years old, is six feet three inches and weighs 206 pounds. He is considered one of the most splendidly developed men physically that have ever matriculated at Harvard. He is a star soccer and basketball player and has been an All American tackle for three years.

SOUTHERN DIV. || WESTERN DIV.

SUNDAY TRAIN

References

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